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*Washington, Wednesday, April 5, 1944*

## *Regulations*

### **TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE**

#### **Chapter XI—War Food Administration (Distribution Orders)**

[FDO 2. Amdt. 2]

#### **PART 1401—DAIRY PRODUCTS**

##### **REQUIREMENTS FOR PRODUCERS AND AUTHORIZED RECEIVERS TO SET ASIDE BUTTER**

Food Distribution Order No. 2, issued by the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States on January 5, 1943, as amended (8 F.R. 253, 5696), is further amended to read as follows:

**§ 1401.11 Butter required to be set aside—(a) Definitions.** When used in this order, unless otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent hereof:

(1) The term "butter" means the food product usually known as butter and which is made exclusively from milk or cream, or both, with or without common salt, and with or without additional coloring matter, and containing not less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat, all tolerances having been allowed. Unless otherwise specified by the Director, it shall include butter made from milk or cream containing whey cream and shall exclude butter made entirely from whey cream.

(2) The terms "U. S. 90 score" and "U. S. 89 score," respectively, mean U. S. Grade B, or 90 score, butter, and U. S. Grade C, or 89 score, butter, respectively, determined in accordance with the Official United States Standards for Grades of Creamery Butter, issued by the Secretary of Agriculture on January 30, 1943 (8 F.R. 1327).

(3) The term "person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or any other business entity or organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(4) The term "authorized receiver" means any person who holds a letter of authority, issued to him by the Director,

to receive butter set aside pursuant to the provisions hereof.

(5) The term "set aside" means to set aside and hold for sale and delivery to any designated agency.

(6) The term "designated agency" means (i) Office of Distribution (including, but not being limited to, the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation); (ii) Dairy Products Marketing Association, Inc.; (iii) the Armed Services of the United States (excluding, for the purposes of this order, the United States Army post exchanges, the United States Navy ship service departments, and the United States Marine Corps post exchanges); (iv) War Shipping Administration; (v) Veterans' Administration; (vi) any other agencies designated by the Director; and (vii) any person who, pursuant to a food distribution regulation, is entitled to purchase butter subject to this order.

(7) The term "Armed Services of the United States" means the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard of the United States.

(8) The term "producer" means a person who produces butter subject to the provisions of this order.

(9) The term "Director" means the Director of Distribution, War Food Administration.

(b) *Restrictions on producers and authorized receivers of butter.* (1) Each person who produced more than 12,000 pounds of butter in any calendar month from April 1943 to March 1944, inclusive, shall set aside in April 1944, and in each subsequent calendar month, a quantity of butter equal to such percentage as the Director may order of all butter produced by such person during each such calendar month, regardless of the quantity of butter produced by him during or after April 1944.

(2) Each person who did not produce more than 12,000 pounds of butter in any calendar month from April 1943 to March 1944, inclusive, but who produces more than 12,000 pounds of butter in April 1944 or in any subsequent calendar month shall, during each calendar

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Book 2: Titles 4-9, with index.

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month thereafter, set aside a quantity of butter equal to such percentage as the Director may order of all butter produced by such person during each such subsequent calendar month, regardless of the quantity of butter produced by such person in each such subsequent calendar month.

(3) In the event of a change in ownership with respect to a creamery, the production record of the former owner with respect to such creamery shall be the basis for reporting and setting aside butter by the new owner; and the purchaser of the creamery shall so report and set aside butter if (i) the person from whom he purchased the creamery was obligated to report and set aside butter or (ii) such purchaser is required by other provisions hereof to report and set aside butter.

(4) Notwithstanding the restrictions in paragraphs (b) (1), (2), and (3) hereof, any person required by the provisions of such paragraphs to set aside butter may, at his option, sell and deliver all or part of the butter set aside pursuant to the provisions hereof to any authorized receiver who agrees to set aside, upon receipt of such set-aside butter, out of butter owned by him, a quantity of butter equal to the quantity of such set-aside butter so sold and delivered to him, and such authorized receiver shall so set aside such quantity of such butter. An authorized receiver may sell and deliver set-aside butter to another authorized receiver who agrees to set aside, upon receipt of such set-aside butter, out of butter owned by him and in addition to all other butter required to be set aside by

him, a quantity of butter equal to the quantity of set-aside butter so sold and delivered to him. Each person who sells and delivers set-aside butter to an authorized receiver shall deliver, with each such delivery, a certificate, in duplicate, in substantially the following language (with the appropriate information inserted in the blank spaces):

This is to certify that of the \_\_\_\_\_ pounds of butter sold and delivered by me on \_\_\_\_\_ pounds are butter set aside pursuant to the provisions of Food Distribution Order No. 2, issued by the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States on January 5, 1943, as amended, and you are required, pursuant to the provisions of said order, as amended, to set aside, upon receipt of such set-aside butter, out of butter owned by you, a quantity of butter equal to the aforesaid quantity of set-aside butter. The balance of \_\_\_\_\_ pounds is butter free from the restrictions of said order, as amended. I \_\_\_\_\_

(am)

an authorized receiver.

(am not)

(Signature)

This will acknowledge receipt of the above indicated quantity of set-aside butter.

(Signature of authorized receiver)

The aforesaid certificate, in duplicate, shall be signed (i) by the person selling and delivering set-aside butter, and (ii) by the authorized receiver accepting such set-aside butter; and such authorized receiver shall retain, for two years, one copy of such certificate and return the other to the person who sold and delivered such set-aside butter.

(5) All butter set aside pursuant to the provisions hereof shall be salted and shall be U. S. 90 score, or better, and shall be packed as bulk in domestic packages, unless

(i) Otherwise specified by the Director; or

(ii) The producer arranges with an authorized receiver to sell and deliver to such authorized receiver unsalted butter, butter below U. S. 90 score, or butter packaged other than as specified herein and such authorized receiver agrees to set aside, upon receipt of such set-aside butter, an equal quantity of butter which is salted, is U. S. 90 score, or better, and is packaged as specified herein; or

(iii) The producer or authorized receiver has previously arranged with a designated agency to sell and deliver to such agency unsalted butter, butter below U. S. 90 score, or butter packaged other than as specified herein; or

(iv) the producer manifests by butter grading certificates issued by the Office of Distribution, War Food Administration, or by other written evidence satisfactory to the Director, that the quantity of U. S. 90 score, and better, produced by such producer in the calendar month in which such butter is required to be set aside, is less than the quantity required to be set aside by such producer in such month, in which event the producer shall set aside all of the U. S. 90 score, and better, produced by him in such month and an additional quantity of U. S. 89 score produced by him in such month to the extent necessary to fulfill such producer's total set-aside requirements un-

der the provisions hereof: *Provided*, That if a producer does not produce, during such month, an additional quantity, as aforesaid, of U. S. 89 score sufficient to fulfill such producer's total set-aside requirements, as aforesaid, he shall set aside all of the U. S. 89 score, and better, so produced by him, and thereupon he shall be deemed to have fulfilled the set-aside requirements, as aforesaid. Any authorized receiver who purchases and accepts delivery of any butter set aside in accordance with (iv) of this paragraph shall set aside, upon receipt of such butter, an equal quantity of butter which shall contain, at least, the same number of pounds of U. S. 90 score, or better, as that of U. S. 90 score, and better, contained in the quantity of butter so accepted by him, and the remainder, if any, thus set aside shall be U. S. 89 score. The Director may require any person who is required to set aside butter pursuant to the provisions hereof to submit butter grading certificates issued by the Office of Distribution or other evidences satisfactory to the Director relative to the grade of all butter produced or owned by such person.

(6) All butter set aside pursuant to the provisions hereof shall be stored under the same conditions of storage customarily observed to maintain the quality of butter.

(7) No person may serve as an authorized receiver unless he has received from the Director a letter of authority to serve as an authorized receiver. Any such letter of authority issued to become effective prior to April 1, 1944, shall not entitle the person to whom it was issued to serve as an authorized receiver on or after April 1, 1944: *Provided*, That any set-aside obligations incumbent on any such authorized receiver, with respect to butter acquired or butter produced by him on or prior to March 31, 1944, shall continue subsequent to March 31, 1944. Any person who desires to serve as an authorized receiver on or after April 1, 1944, shall file with the Director an application upon a form approved by the Director setting forth information requested in said form of application. Thereupon, the Director shall consider such application and issue a letter of authority if, in the opinion of the Director, the issuance of such letter of authority is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense. Any letter of authority, issued as aforesaid, may be revoked at any time by the Director and all letters of authority issued to become effective on or after April 1, 1944, shall expire on March 31, 1945, or on such other date as the Director may specify by order. No person shall represent himself to be an authorized receiver unless he holds a letter of authority issued by the Director pursuant hereto. No person other than an authorized receiver shall purchase and receive or, after purchase and receipt thereof, deal in butter set aside pursuant to the provisions hereof.

(c) *Inventory restrictions.* (1) No authorized receiver shall, during any calendar month, unless authorized in writing by the Director, buy, or contract to buy, and accept delivery of any quan-

ty of set-aside butter which will cause the total quantity of set-aside butter owned by such authorized receiver on the last day of such calendar month to exceed an amount equal to the total quantity of butter required to be set aside by such authorized receiver during such calendar month and the immediately preceding calendar month.

(2) Each producer and each authorized receiver, respectively, shall retain in his possession at all times a quantity of set-aside butter which is equal to the total quantity of butter required to be set aside by each such person minus the quantity of set-aside butter (i) sold and delivered by each such person to authorized receivers or designated agencies, and (ii) released from the set-aside provisions hereof.

(d) *Releases by Director.* The Director may release any butter from the restrictions of this order if he determines that no designated agency has contracted for, or declared its intention or desire to contract for, such butter within such period as may be specified by the Director, or that such butter is not required for such agencies. The Director may issue such administrative rulings, regulations, interpretations, and exemptions, as he deems necessary to facilitate, expedite, and accomplish the purposes of this order.

(e) *Existing contracts.* The provisions of this order and of any regulation or order issued in pursuance hereof shall be observed without regard to contracts heretofore or hereafter entered into or any rights accrued or payments made thereunder. This order shall not, however, be construed as reducing the amount of butter which any person is required to offer or deliver, under existing contracts or contracts subsequently entered into with any designated agency, to any such agency.

(f) *Records and reports.* (1) The Director shall be entitled to obtain such information from and require such reports and the keeping of such records by any person, as may be necessary or appropriate, in the discretion of the Director, for the enforcement or administration of the provisions of this order.

(2) Every person subject to this order shall maintain, for at least two years, or for such period of time as the Director may designate, an accurate record of his transactions in butter.

(3) The record-keeping and reporting requirements of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942. Subsequent record-keeping or reporting requirements will be subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(g) *Audits and inspections.* The Director shall be entitled to make such audit or inspection of the books, records, and other writings, premises or stocks of butter of any person and to make such investigations as may be necessary or appropriate, in the discretion of the Director, for the enforcement or administration of the provisions of this order.

(h) *Petition for relief from hardship.* Any person affected by this order who

considers that compliance herewith would work an exceptional or unreasonable hardship on him may file a petition for relief with the administrator of this order. Such petition shall be addressed to Order Administrator, Food Distribution Order No. 2, Dairy and Poultry Branch, Office of Distribution, War Food Administration, Washington 25, D. C. Petition for such relief shall be in writing and shall set forth all pertinent facts and the nature of the relief sought. The Order Administrator may take any action with reference to such petition which is consistent with the authority delegated to him by the Director. If the petitioner is dissatisfied with the action taken by the Order Administrator on the petition, he shall, by requesting the Order Administrator therefor, obtain a review of such action by the Director. The Director may, after said review, take such action as he deems appropriate, and such action shall be final. The provisions of this paragraph (h) shall not be construed to deprive the Director of authority to consider originally any petition for relief from hardship submitted in accordance herewith. The Director may consider any such petition and take such action with reference thereto that he deems appropriate, and such action shall be final.

(i) *Violations.* The War Food Administrator may, by suspension order, prohibit any person who violates any provision of this order from receiving, making any deliveries of, or using, butter, or any other material subject to priority or allocation control by the War Food Administrator, and may recommend that any such person be prohibited from receiving, making any deliveries of, or using materials subject to the priority or allocation control of other governmental agencies. In addition, any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order is guilty of a crime and may be prosecuted under any and all applicable laws. Further, civil action may be instituted to enforce any liability or duty created by, or to enjoin any violation of, any provision of this order.

(j) *Delegation of authority.* The administration of this order and the powers vested in the War Food Administrator, insofar as such powers relate to the administration of this order, are hereby delegated to the Director. The Director is authorized to redelegate to any employee of the United States Department of Agriculture any or all of the authority vested in him by this order.

(k) *Communications.* All reports to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, except as provided herein or unless instructions to the contrary are issued by the Director, be addressed to the Order Administrator, Food Distribution Order No. 2, Dairy and Poultry Branch, Office of Distribution, War Food Administration, Washington 25, D. C.

(l) *Territorial scope.* This order shall apply only in the area included in the 48 States of the United States and the District of Columbia.

(m) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., April 1, 1944. With respect to violations,

rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under said Food Distribution Order No. 2, as amended, prior to the effective time of the provisions hereof, all provisions of Food Distribution Order No. 2, as amended, in effect prior to the issuance of this order shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783)

Issued this 31st day of March 1944.

ASHLEY SELLERS,  
Assistant War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4654; Filed, April 1, 1944;  
4:12 p. m.]

[FDO 79-7, Amdt. 3]

#### PART 1401—DAIRY PRODUCTS

##### FLUID MILK AND CREAM IN CHICAGO, ILL., METROPOLITAN SALES AREA

Pursuant to Food Distribution Order No. 79 (8 F.R. 12426), dated September 7, 1943, as amended, and to effectuate the purposes thereof, Food Distribution Order No. 79-7 (8 F.R. 13371), relative to the conservation and distribution of fluid milk, milk byproducts, and cream in the Chicago, Illinois, metropolitan milk sales area, issued by the Director of Food Distribution on September 30, 1943, as amended, is further amended so as to read as follows:

§ 1401.40 *Quota restrictions—(a) Definitions.* When used in this order, unless otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent hereof:

(1) Each term defined in Food Distribution Order No. 79, as amended, shall, when used herein, have the same meaning as is set forth for such term in Food Distribution Order No. 79, as amended.

(2) The term "FDO 79" means Food Distribution Order No. 79, issued on September 7, 1943, as amended.

(3) The term "sub-handler" means any handler, such as a peddler, vendor, sub-dealer, or secondary dealer, who purchases in a previously packaged and processed form milk, milk byproducts other than cottage, pot, or baker's cheese, or cream for delivery, and does not operate facilities for the processing and bottling of fluid milk.

(b) *Milk sales area.* The following area is hereby designated as a "milk sales area" to be known as the Chicago, Illinois, metropolitan milk area, and is referred to hereinafter as the "sales area":

The city of Chicago and the entire area included in:

The townships of Waukegan, Shields, Deerfield, and West Deerfield in Lake County, Illinois; the counties of Cook and DuPage in Illinois; the townships of Aurora, Batavia, Dundee, Elgin, Geneva, and St. Charles in Kane County, Illinois; the townships of Calumet, Hobart, and North in Lake County, Indiana.

(c) *Base period.* The calendar month of June 1943 is hereby designated as the base period for the sales area.

(d) *Quota period.* Each calendar month subsequent to the effective date of this order is hereby designated as a quota period for the sales area.

(e) *Handler quotas.* Quotas for each handler in the sales area in each quota period shall be determined as follows:

(1) Divide the total deliveries of each of milk, milk byproducts, cream and butterfat in cream made in the sales area by such handler during the base period, after excluding the base period deliveries of the character described in (h) hereof, and after adjusting such deliveries for transfers made pursuant to (j) and for relief as granted pursuant to (k), by the number of days in the base period;

(2) Multiply the result of the foregoing calculation by the number of days in the quota period; and

(3) Multiply the aforesaid resulting amount by the following applicable percentage: (i) Milk, 100 percent of pounds of milk; (ii) Cream, 75 percent of pounds of cream and 75 percent of pounds of butterfat; and (iii) Milk byproducts, 75 percent of pounds of milk byproducts other than cottage, pot, or baker's cheese and of the pounds of skim milk equivalent of cottage, pot, or baker's cheese. (For the purpose of this order, one pound of cottage, pot, or baker's cheese shall be considered as the equivalent of 7 pounds of skim milk.)

(f) *Quotas for handlers who are also producers.* Quotas for handlers who are also producers and who purchase no milk shall be 100 percent of the total production of such handlers in the base period.

(g) *Handler exemptions.* Quotas shall not apply to any handler who delivers in a quota period a daily average of less than 400 units of milk, cream, and milk byproducts: *Provided*, That not more than 200 units of such total consist of cream or of any one milk byproduct. For the purpose of this order, a unit shall be the equivalent in volume of the following:

(1) One quart of milk;

(2) One-half pint of cream; and

(3) One quart of fluid byproduct, or one-half pound of cottage, pot, or baker's cheese.

(h) *Quota exclusions and exemptions.* The following deliveries of milk, milk byproducts, or cream shall be excluded from the computation of deliveries in the base period and exempt from charges to quotas:

(1) To other handlers, except for such deliveries to sub-handlers.

(2) To plants engaged in the handling or processing of milk, milk byproducts, or cream from which no milk, milk byproducts, or cream is delivered in the sales area.

(3) To the agencies or groups specified in (d) of FDO 79.

(4) To industrial users in their capacity as such users and as determined by the market agent to be manufacturing products which require as an ingredient, milk, cream or milk byproducts, which are disposed of primarily for resale to consumers off the premises where made, and

(5) To schools determined by the market agent to be at high-school level or below.

(1) *Quota adjustments.* Within each quota period, a handler may at his discretion:

(1) Increase the pounds of cream in his cream quota to the extent that the substitution of the figure 100 for the figure 75 set out in (e) (3) (ii) will permit as follows:

(i) By reducing the average butterfat test of his cream deliveries below the average butterfat test of his cream quota, with the result that for each such reduction of 1 percent, the pounds of cream he may deliver may be increased by 4.5 percent of the pounds of cream in his cream quota computed pursuant to (e);

(ii) By transferring byproducts quota to cream quota, with the result that for each reduction of one pound in byproducts quota, the pounds of cream he may deliver may be increased at the following rates:

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .34 lbs. of 20% cream quota.

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .36 lbs. of 19% cream quota.

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .37 lbs. of 18% cream quota.

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .38 lbs. of 17% cream quota.

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .40 lbs. of 16% cream quota.

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .41 lbs. of 15% cream quota.

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .43 lbs. of 14% cream quota.

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .45 lbs. of 13% cream quota.

1 lb. of byproducts quota = .47 lbs. of 12% cream quota.

or, (iii) by reducing the butterfat content of cream deliveries and transferring byproducts quota to cream quota through the use of a combination of (i) and (ii).

(2) Increase the pounds of milk byproducts in milk byproducts quota by transferring cream quota at the following rates:

1 lb. of 20% cream quota = 2.91 lbs. of byproducts quota.

1 lb. of 19% cream quota = 2.81 lbs. of byproducts quota.

1 lb. of 18% cream quota = 2.72 lbs. of byproducts quota.

1 lb. of 17% cream quota = 2.62 lbs. of byproducts quota.

1 lb. of 16% cream quota = 2.52 lbs. of byproducts quota.

1 lb. of 15% cream quota = 2.43 lbs. of byproducts quota.

1 lb. of 14% cream quota = 2.33 lbs. of byproducts quota.

1 lb. of 13% cream quota = 2.24 lbs. of byproducts quota.

1 lb. of 12% cream quota = 2.14 lbs. of byproducts quota.

(3) Increase the pounds of milk in milk quota by:

(i) Transferring milk byproducts quota to milk quota at the rate of one pound of milk byproducts quota for each 0.75 pound of milk quota;

(ii) Transferring cream quota to milk quota at the following rates:

1 lb. of 20% cream quota = 2.19 lbs. of milk quota.

1 lb. of 19% cream quota = 2.12 lbs. of milk quota.

1 lb. of 18% cream quota = 2.05 lbs. of milk quota.

1 lb. of 17% cream quota = 1.97 lbs. of milk quota.

1 lb. of 16% cream quota = 1.90 lbs. of milk quota.

1 lb. of 15% cream quota = 1.83 lbs. of milk quota.

1 lb. of 14% cream quota = 1.76 lbs. of milk quota.

1 lb. of 13% cream quota = 1.69 lbs. of milk quota.

1 lb. of 12% cream quota = 1.61 lbs. of milk quota.

(j) *Transfers of quotas between handlers.* The market agent is empowered to transfer quota between handlers as follows:

(1) Upon application and after written notice to the director and to each handler involved to:

(i) Reflect transfers of accounts occurring between the base period and October 4, 1943;

(ii) Permit deliveries to purchasers whose handlers have denied them service;

(iii) Permit a handler to serve an account which customarily rotates among handlers, inclusive of any account with a public agency or institution which is let on a bid basis: *Provided*, That the amounts of quota transferred to serve such accounts shall not exceed deliveries to such accounts in the base period or in the quota period next preceding the transfer, whichever is less; and

(2) Upon receipt of a request in writing from each handler involved to permit an exchange of quota between such handlers, except that a transfer of quota made up of deliveries to sub-handlers shall require proof of prior written notice of such request to each sub-handler affected and shall be subject for a period of seven days, from the date of filing of request and proof of notice, to a further transfer, to be made upon application by the sub-handler and the prospective supplying handler and notice to the other handlers affected.

(k) *Petition for relief from hardships.* (1) Any person affected by FDO 79 or the provisions hereof who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship on him may file with the market agent a petition addressed to the Director. The petition shall contain the correct name, address and principal place of business of the petitioner, a full statement of the facts upon which the petition is based, and the hardship involved and the nature of the relief desired.

(2) Upon receiving such petition, the market agent shall immediately investigate the representations and facts stated therein.

(3) After investigation, the petition shall be certified to the Director, but prior to certification the market agent may (i) deny the petition; or (ii) grant temporary relief for a total period not to exceed 60 days.

(4) Denials or grants of relief by the market agent shall be reviewed by the Director and may be affirmed, modified, or reversed by the Director.

(l) *Reports.* Each handler shall transmit to the market agent on forms prescribed by the market agent the following reports:

(1) Within 20 days following the effective date of this order, reports which show the information required by the

market agent to establish handler's quotas;

(2) Within 10 days following the close of each quota period, the information required by the market agent to establish volumes of deliveries of milk, cream, and milk byproducts during the preceding quota period; and

(3) Handlers exempt from quotas pursuant to (g) hereof shall, upon the request of the market agent, submit the information required by the market agent to establish volumes of deliveries of milk, cream, and milk byproducts.

(m) *Records.* Handlers shall keep and shall make available to the market agent such records of receipts, sales, deliveries, and production as the market agent shall require for the purpose of obtaining information which the Director may require for the establishment of quotas as prescribed in (b) of FDO 79.

(n) *Expense of administration.* Each handler shall pay to the market agent within 10 days after the close of each calendar month, an assessment of \$0.005 per hundredweight of each of milk, cream, fluid milk byproducts, and skim milk equivalent of cottage, pot, or baker's cheese delivered during the preceding quota period and subject to quota regulations under the provisions hereof.

(o) *Violations.* The market agent shall report all violations to the Director together with the information required for the prosecution of such violations, except in a case where a handler has made deliveries in a quota period (other than a quota period during which offsetting deliveries below quota are to be made under this provision) in excess of a quota in an amount not to exceed 5 percent of such quota, and in the succeeding quota period makes deliveries below that quota by at least the same percent.

(p) *Bureau of the Budget approval.* The record-keeping and reporting requirements of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942. Subsequent record-keeping or reporting requirements will be subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(q) *Effective date.* This amendment shall become effective at 11:59 p. m., e. w. t., March 31, 1944. With respect to violations of said Food Distribution Order No. 79.7, as amended, rights accrued, or liabilities incurred prior to the effective time of this amendment, said Food Distribution Order No. 79-7, as amended, shall be deemed to be in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, or liability.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807 E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423 E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; FDO 79, 8 F.R. 12426, 13283)

Issued this 31st day of March 1944.

C. W. KIRCHEN,  
Acting Director of Food Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4648; Filed, April 1, 1944;  
12:39 p. m.]

[FDO 79-75, Amdt. 3]

## PART 1401—DAIRY PRODUCTS

FLUID MILK AND CREAM IN LOS ANGELES,  
CALIF., METROPOLITAN SALES AREA

Pursuant to Food Distribution Order No. 79 (8 F.R. 12426), dated September 7, 1943, as amended, and to effectuate the purposes thereof, Food Distribution Order No. 79-75 (8 F.R. 14370), relative to the conservation and distribution of fluid milk, milk byproducts, and cream in the Los Angeles, California, metropolitan milk sales area, issued by the Director of Food Distribution on October 22, 1943, as amended, is hereby further amended by deleting therefrom the description of the sales area in § 1401.87 (b) and inserting, in lieu thereof, the following:

The entire area within Los Angeles County, excluding the communities of Little Rock, Palmdale, Denis, Lancaster, Roosevelt, Oban and Hi Vista; the entire area within Orange County; that portion of San Bernardino County south of the township line between Townships Three and Four, north of the San Bernardino base meridian and west of 117 west longitude; and that portion of Riverside County north of the township line between Townships Four and Five, south of the San Bernardino base meridian and west of 117 west longitude, all within the State of California.

The provisions of this amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., April 1, 1944. With respect to violations of said Food Distribution Order No. 79-75, as amended, rights accrued, or liabilities incurred prior to the effective time of this amendment, said Food Distribution Order No. 79-75, as amended, shall be deemed to be in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, or liability.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; FDO 79, 8 F.R. 12426, 13283)

Issued this 31st day of March 1944.

C. W. KITCHEN,  
Acting Director of Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4647; Filed, April 1, 1944;  
12:39 p. m.]

[FDO 91, Termination]

## PART 1414—POULTRY

## RESTRICTIONS ON POULTRY IN STORAGE

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Executive Order No. 9280, dated December 5, 1942, and Executive Order No. 9322, dated March 26, 1943, as amended by Executive Order No. 9334, dated April 19, 1943, and Executive Order No. 9392, dated October 28, 1943, it is hereby ordered, as follows:

That Food Distribution Order No. 91, issued by the War Food Administrator on December 29, 1943 (8 F.R. 17502), placing restrictions on poultry in storage, be, and the same is, hereby terminated at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t. April 3, 1944.

With respect to violations of said Food Distribution Order No. 91, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under said order, prior to the effective

time of the termination thereof, said Food Distribution Order No. 91 shall be deemed to be in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, or liability.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783)

Issued this 1st day of April 1944.

ASHLEY SELLERS,  
Assistant War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4753; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
4:43 p. m.]

[FDO 96-1]

## PART 1468—GRAIN

## PERCENTAGE OF CORN REQUIRED TO BE SET ASIDE

Pursuant to the provisions of Food Distribution Order No. 96 (9 F.R. 2939), and to effectuate the purposes thereof, it is hereby ordered as follows:

§ 1468.7 Percentage of corn required to be set aside. The amount of corn required to be set aside under the provisions of (b) (1) and (b) (2) of Food Distribution Order No. 96 shall be 60 percent.

This order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., April 1, 1944.

With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under Food Distribution Order No. 96, prior to the effective date of this order, all provisions of said Food Distribution Order No. 96 in effect prior to this order shall be deemed to remain in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; FDO No. 96, 9 F.R. 2939)

Issued this 31st day of March 1944.

C. W. KITCHEN,  
Acting Director of Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4646; Filed, April 1, 1944;  
12:39 p. m.]

[FDO 45, Amdt. 3]

## PART 1491—BEANS

## RESTRICTIONS ON DELIVERIES OF BEANS

Food Distribution Order 45, as amended (8 F.R. 14880), is further amended as follows:

1. By amending (a) (3) thereof to read as follows:

(3) "Country shipper" means any person whose total deliveries of beans, exclusive of his deliveries thereof to another country shipper, during any calendar month subsequent to July 1, 1943, has exceeded or exceeds 20,000 pounds, and who (i) owns beans, in whole or in part, which he has caused to be screened, sorted, hand-picked, polished, or otherwise cleaned for delivery in the dry, un-

cooked state, whether for his own account or the joint account of himself and another; or (ii) purchases, for his own account or for the joint account of himself and another, beans from a grower who caused such beans to be screened, sorted, hand-picked, polished, or otherwise cleaned for delivery in the dry, uncooked state. Any person who once qualifies as a country shipper within this definition shall thereafter be deemed to be a country shipper and subject to the terms and conditions of this order, regardless of the volume of his deliveries in succeeding months, unless he obtains a release from the Director.

2. By amending (a) (7) thereof to read as follows:

(7) "Governmental agency" means (i) the Armed Services of the United States (however, for the purposes of this order, United States Army post exchanges, United States Navy ships' service departments, United States Marine Corps post exchanges, and similar organizations shall not be deemed a part of the Armed Services of the United States); (ii) The Office of Distribution, War Food Administration (including, but not restricted to, the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation); and (iii) any other instrumentality or agency designated by the War Food Administration.

3. By adding at the end of (a) thereof the following new provision:

(9) "Deliveries into civilian channels" means the delivery of beans to persons other than governmental agencies, country shippers, and authorized purchasers in accordance with the provisions of (b) (4), or to any person for use as feed or seed, in accordance with the provisions of (b) (7).

4. By amending (b) (1) thereof to read as follows:

(1) Every country shipper shall during each calendar month set aside and thereafter hold for delivery to governmental agencies or authorized purchasers a quantity of Pea beans, Great Northern beans, Flat Small White beans, Cranberry beans, Small Red beans or Pinto beans equal to at least 25 percent of his total deliveries of such classes of beans into civilian channels during such calendar month, and a quantity of Small White beans, Light Red Kidney beans, Dark Red Kidney beans, Western Red Kidney beans, Pink beans or Baby Lima beans equal to at least 100 percent of his total deliveries of such classes of beans into civilian channels during such calendar month.

5. By amending (b) (7) thereof to read as follows:

(7) Nothing herein shall be applicable to beans sold and delivered exclusively for use as seed, in compliance with State and Federal seed laws, or for use as feed for poultry or livestock, provided that the person purchasing or accepting delivery of beans for such purposes shall execute and deliver to the country shipper a certificate in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit B. Such certificate shall be retained by the country

shipper for inspection by and, upon request, delivery to the Director. The representations made in such certificates shall constitute representations to the War Food Administrator. A certificate shall be given for each specific delivery of beans exempted from the provisions of the order under the terms of this paragraph. One copy should be delivered to the country shipper and one retained by the purchaser. No country shipper shall, however, be entitled to rely on any certificate if he knows or has reasonable cause to believe it to be false.

6. By amending (h) thereof to read as follows:

(h) *Releases.* (1) The Director may, notwithstanding any of the provisions hereof, release any or all of the beans set aside pursuant to the provisions of this order.

(2) Upon application, the Director may release any person from the classification of a "country shipper" if the person seeking removal from such classification shows to the satisfaction of the Director (i) that his total deliveries of beans during each of the two calendar months next preceding the date of his application, exclusive of his deliveries to any country shipper, have not exceeded 20,000 pounds; (ii) that he is currently in compliance with the provisions of the order; (iii) that he has delivered or contracted to deliver to governmental agencies or authorized purchasers all of the beans required to be set aside except a quantity of less than a carlot; and (iv) that he does not intend to operate as a country shipper.

This amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., April 1, 1944.

With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under Food Distribution Order 45, as amended, prior to the effective date of this amendment, all the provisions of said Food Distribution Order 45, as amended, in effect prior to this amendment shall be deemed to remain in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, or liability.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783)

Issued this 31st day of March 1944.  
ASHLEY SELLERS,  
Assistant War Food Administrator.

EXHIBIT B—PURCHASER'S CERTIFICATE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (b) (7) OF FOOD DISTRIBUTION ORDER 45, AS AMENDED, COVERING BEANS PURCHASED FOR SEED OR FEED PURPOSES

| Commodity and class                            | Quantity                  |
|--|---------------------------|
| Use (insert whether for feed or seed purposes) | Purchaser's name          |
| Grade  | Purchaser's address       |
| Country shipper                                | Country shipper's address |

In accordance with paragraph (b) (7) of Food Distribution Order 45, as amended, the undersigned hereby certifies to the War Food Administrator that the undersigned purchaser is familiar with the terms of Food Distribution Order 45 (as originally issued or subsequently amended), that this certificate is issued to obtain the beans herein described under exemption from the set aside requirements of Food Distribution Order 45, as amended, and that the undersigned will use the beans purchased exclusively for the use specified in this certificate.

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of purchaser  
[F. R. Doc. 44-4733; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
2:57 p. m.]

save in exceptional and unusual cases. A certificate, however, will not necessarily be issued at a rate as low as 75 percent of the minimum. In each case the rate will be set at a figure designed adequately to reflect the individual trainee's earning capacity.

In establishments where nonhandicapped workers in the same occupation are employed on a piece-rate basis, the trainee shall be paid on the same piece-rate basis and in no case less than the hourly wage rate set forth in the certificate. If the wage rate established by a temporary certificate differs from that established by an applicable Federal or State law, or municipal ordinance, or order, or certificate, or license issued thereunder, the higher wage rate shall prevail.

(c) A temporary certificate shall be valid under the terms and conditions prescribed therein for a period of not longer than three months.

(d) Within 10 days after issuance of a temporary certificate, a copy thereof shall be forwarded by the authorized representative of the Veterans' Administration to the appropriate regional director of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, together with his recommendation covering the agreed subminimum rate or rates for the balance of the veteran's training period. The regional director may then issue a special certificate, prior to the expiration of the temporary certificate, authorizing the employment-training of the named trainee by the named employer at the subminimum wage rate or rates and for the length of time specified in the training agreement entered into by the Veterans' Administration and the employer. A special certificate, effective upon the expiration of the temporary certificate, shall be valid for such length of time as the regional director determines to be necessary to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, but in no case for a period in excess of nine months from the date of expiration of the temporary certificate.

(e) Where unusual conditions necessitate a period of employment-training at a subminimum wage rate in excess of one year, a renewal certificate may be issued by the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, upon the application and recommendation of the authorized representative of the Veterans' Administration.

(f) No employer shall employ any trainee under a temporary or special certificate at a wage rate lower than the rate applicable in such certificate. Each certificate issued under this section shall specify the wage rate or rates at which a trainee may be employed and the length of time for which such rate or rates shall be applicable.

(g) A temporary or special certificate may be revoked, in accordance with the procedure prescribed in § 524.9 of these regulations, by the authorized regional representative of the Administrator for cause at any time.

(h) Each employer to whom a certificate may be issued under this section shall preserve such certificate in accord-

TITLE 29—LABOR  
Chapter V—Wage and Hour Division  
PART 524—EMPLOYMENT OF HANDICAPPED PERSONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 14 OF THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT OF 1938  
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION BY VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

The following amendment to regulations, Part 524 (Employment of Handicapped Persons Pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938) is hereby issued. This amendment shall become effective upon my signing the original and upon publication thereof in the *FEDERAL REGISTER*.

§ 524.14 *Vocational rehabilitation by Veterans' Administration.* The following provisions, notwithstanding any other section of these regulations, shall govern the issuance of temporary and special certificates to veterans handicapped by a service-incurred disability (as determined by the Veterans' Administration) employed under any vocational rehabilitation program administered by the Veterans' Administration:

(a) Temporary certificates authorizing the employment of veterans handicapped by a service-incurred disability (as determined by the Veterans' Administration) under any vocational rehabilitation program administered by the Veterans' Administration at wages lower than the minimum wage applicable under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act may be issued by such representatives of the Veterans' Administration as shall have been duly designated by the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, as his authorized representatives for that purpose, whenever employment at such lower rate is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment. Requests for temporary certificates will not be favorably considered unless:

(1) Other opportunities for the desired training neither exist nor are available in the veterans' community and

(2) The trainees' disabilities preclude initial entrance into training at the minimum wage otherwise applicable.

(b) No wage rate shall be fixed in any temporary certificate authorizing the employment-training of a disabled veteran at less than 75 percent of the minimum wage applicable under section 6

ance with the requirements of § 524.5 of these regulations.

(i) The provisions of §§ 524.12 and 524.13 of these regulations are hereby incorporated in and made a part of this section.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 25th day of March 1944.

L. METCALFE WALLING,  
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4750; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
2:57 p. m.]

## TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

### Chapter IX—War Production Board

#### Subchapter B—Executive Vice-Chairman

**AUTHORITY:** Regulations in this subchapter issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 176; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; W.P.B. Reg. 1 as amended March 24, 1943, 8 F.R. 3666, 3696; Pri. Reg. 1 as amended May 15, 1943, 8 F.R. 6727.

#### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

[Suspension Order S-478, Reinstatement]

JAMES A. GAVIN & SONS, INC.

James A. Gavin & Sons, Inc., a New Jersey corporation located at 310 Main Street, Paterson, New Jersey, was suspended on January 15, 1944, by Suspension Order No. S-478. It appealed from the provisions of the suspension order and, pending determination of that appeal, the suspension order was stayed by letter directed to the corporation on February 2, 1944. The appeal has been considered by the Deputy Chief Compliance Commissioner who has found that there were violations of Limitation Order L-219 of the War Production Board and that they were wilful, and he has recommended that the appeal be dismissed, the stay terminated, and the suspension order reinstated. The suspension order, which limited total receipts of consumers' goods during the first quarter, was in effect for eighteen days. Although there is no evidence that the corporation actually curtailed its total first quarter receipts as a result of the suspension order, in order to reinstate the suspension order and have it equitably apply for a full quarter, the Deputy Chief Compliance Commissioner has directed that the allowable percentage of receipts of consumers' goods be increased to eighty per cent., in accordance with the order, and that the order be reinstated for the whole of the second quarter for 1944. In view of the foregoing,

*It is hereby ordered, That: § 1010.478, Suspension Order No. S-478 issued January 8, 1944, to take effect January 15, 1944, be and hereby is reinstated; the stay of execution issued by letter to the corporation on February 2, 1944, and confirmed by official stay issued February 9, 1944, be and hereby is revoked; and paragraphs (a) and (c) be and hereby are amended to read as follows:*

(a) James A. Gavin & Sons, Inc., its successors or assigns, during the second quarterly period of 1944 (April 1 to July 1) shall compute its allowable receipts

of consumers' goods in accordance with paragraph (d) (1) of Consumers' Goods Inventory Limitation Order L-219 as a controlled merchant whose mercantile inventory is greater than its inventory limit at the beginning of any quarterly period under and shall conform to paragraph (d) (1), (d) (2) and (e) of Consumers' Goods Inventory Limitation Order L-219; it shall not during the second quarter of 1944 receive consumers' goods in excess of 80% of the amount thus computed under paragraph (d) (1) of Consumers' Goods Inventory Limitation Order L-219, unless hereafter specifically authorized by the War Production Board.

(c) This order shall take effect on April 1, 1944, and shall expire on July 1, 1944.

Issued this 1st day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4661; Filed, April 1, 1944;  
4:52 p. m.]

#### PART 933—COPPER

[Conservation Order M-9-c, as Amended  
Apr. 4, 1944]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of copper for defense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

**§ 933.4 Conservation Order M-9-c—**  
(a) *Restrictions on manufacture of articles appearing on combined list.* No manufacturer of any article on the combined list attached, or of parts (including repair parts<sup>1</sup>) for any such article, may, if such article or parts contain copper products, or copper base alloy products, continue their manufacture by means of processing, assembling or finishing.

(b) *Restrictions on manufacture of articles not appearing on combined list out of inventory on hand on June 30, 1942.* (1) A manufacturer of any article omitted from the combined list or excepted from that list, or of parts (including repair parts<sup>1</sup>) for such an article, may not continue the manufacture thereof by means of processing, assembling or finishing:

(i) Unless all copper products or copper base alloy products contained in such articles or parts were acquired by the manufacturer after June 30, 1942; or

(ii) Unless such articles or parts are being manufactured to fill a purchase order, existing or prospective,<sup>2</sup> bearing a preference rating of AA-5 or higher or, in the case of a controlled materials producer under the Controlled Materials Plan, to fill an authorized controlled ma-

<sup>1</sup> See also paragraph (f) (3) permitting the manufacture of repair parts to make specific repairs of used articles under certain conditions.

<sup>2</sup> Priorities Regulation No. 1, § 944.14, prohibits the manufacture of more than a practicable minimum working inventory of articles or parts to fill prospective orders.

terial order; and no such article or part so manufactured shall be delivered except to fill such an order; or

(iii) Unless the manufacturer has been specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board, pursuant to an application on Form WPB-940 (formerly Form PD-426), or otherwise, to manufacture the article or parts in question with the copper products or copper base alloy products being used.

(2) The provisions of paragraph (b) (1) shall not apply to a manufacturer assembling a completed fractional horsepower electric motor into machinery of any kind omitted from the combined list or excepted from that list. The provisions of paragraph (b) (1) shall also not apply to the manufacturing of any machinery omitted from the Combined List or excepted from that list, or of parts (including repair parts) for such machinery, if the only copper products or copper base alloy products used which were in the inventory of the manufacturer on June 30, 1942 are bushings, bearings, nuts, bolts, screws, washers, and wire weighing in the aggregate less than 5% of the total weight of the article or part.

(c) *General restrictions on manufacture and plating.* (1) No manufacturer may continue the manufacture of any article or parts (including repair parts) if such article or parts are to contain copper products or copper base alloy products where the use of any less scarce material<sup>3</sup> is practicable. Furthermore, no manufacturer may continue the manufacture of any article or parts (including repair parts) if they are to contain more copper products or copper base alloy products than is necessary for the article's proper operation or a higher type or grade of copper or copper base alloy than is necessary for the article's proper operation.

(2) (i) The use of copper products or copper base alloy products for plating any article on the combined list or for plating any parts (including repair parts) of such an article, is prohibited unless such plating is expressly stated in the list to be permissible.

(ii) The use of copper products or copper base alloy products for plating any article omitted from the combined list or excepted from that list, and the plating of parts (including repair parts) for such an article, is permitted provided that:

(a) Such plating is not for decorative purposes, or part of a decoration, or an undercoating for lead or silver plating (however, a copper strike may be used as an undercoating for silver when silver is used as a substitute for cadmium in electroplating); and

(b) The use of, or the normal wear on, such article or parts would make impracticable any other form of coating.

(d) *Restrictions on deliveries to manufacturers.* No person shall hereafter deliver copper products or copper base alloy products to any manufacturer, directly or indirectly, if he knows or has reason to believe that such products are

<sup>3</sup> The Conservation Division of the War Production Board issues, periodically, a publication showing the relative scarcity of materials entitled "Materials Substitutions and Supply."

to be used in violation of the terms of this order.

(e) *General restrictions on deliveries.* The disposition of frozen and excessive inventories containing certain copper products or copper base alloy products shall be subject to the applicable provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 13 (§ 944.34), as amended from time to time.

(f) *Exceptions—(1) Applicability of order to certain Governmental agencies.* The provisions of this order shall not apply to the use of copper products or copper base alloy products in the manufacture of any article on the "Military Exemption List", or part therefor, which is being produced for purchase by, or for the account of, or for use by, the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, or the Coast Guard, where the use of copper products or copper base alloy products to the extent employed is required by the specifications (including performance specifications) of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, or the Coast Guard applicable to the contract, subcontract or purchase order.

(2) *Installation.* The provisions of this order shall not apply to the installation of any article or part (including a repair part) for the ultimate consumer on his premises when any manufacturing of such article or part is incidental to the installation and is done on the consumer's premises. This exception does not, however, in any way affect or modify the provisions of Supplementary Conservation Order M-9-c-4 (restricting the installation of certain types of copper and copper base alloy pipe, tube, fittings, plumbing fixture fittings and trim, and building materials) or of any other order restricting installation.

(3) *Repair.* The restrictions of this order (other than those contained in paragraph (c)) shall not apply to the manufacture of repair parts to make a specific repair of a used article, or to a person repairing a used article, on or off the premises of the owner, if the manufacturer of the parts or the person making the repair does not use copper products or copper base alloy products weighing in the aggregate more than two pounds and when all manufacturing done by him is with knowledge of the particular used article to be repaired. The restrictions of this order (other than those contained in paragraph (c)) shall also not apply to the manufacture of repair parts to make a specific repair of a used article, or to a person repairing a used article, on or off the premises of the owner, even if the manufacturer of the parts or the person making the repair uses copper products or copper base alloy products weighing in the aggregate more than two pounds, when (i) the copper scrap or copper base alloy scrap derived from the article being repaired weighs within one pound of the copper product or copper base alloy product used, (ii) all such scrap is delivered to a scrap dealer or to any other person to whom such delivery may be made under the provisions of Supplementary Order

M-9-b and (iii) all manufacturing done is with knowledge of the particular used article to be repaired.

(g) *Special products; restrictions and exceptions—(1) Printing and publishing industries.* After October 3, 1943, the provisions of this order shall not apply to the use of copper products and copper base alloy products in typography, engraving, photo-engraving, gravure plate making, electrotyping, stereotyping, and printing in the printing and publishing industries. In those processes, the use of bronze powder, bronze ink, bronze paste, and bronze leaf is controlled by Supplementary Conservation Order M-9-c-3. All other uses in those industries of copper products, copper base alloy products, copper scrap, and copper base alloy scrap are governed by Conservation Order M-339. Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) (1) shall affect the prohibition against the manufacture of powder containing copper products or copper base alloy products under paragraph (a) and the Combined List of this order.

(2) *Insect screening.* This order does not restrict the delivery, installation, or cutting of (i) used or second hand insect screening, (ii) insect screening in any roll which was initially cut before April 10, 1942, or (iii) insect screening in rolls which have been rejected by Copper Recovery Corporation or Metals Reserve Company, or their agent, before February 12, 1944 for any reason, or on or after that date for the reason stated in writing that the screening does not meet the specifications of the government buying program. However, no person shall deliver, install, or cut any other copper or copper base alloy insect screening (i) unless such screening is to be delivered to, installed for or cut on the order of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, the Panama Canal, the Coast Guard, any foreign country pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941 entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act), or Defense Supplies Corporation, Metals Reserve Corporation or any other corporation organized under section 5 (d) of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act as amended (except Defense Plant Corporation) or any person acting as agent of any such corporation (except Defense Plant Corporation); or (ii) unless such delivery, installation, or cutting shall be with the specific authorization of the War Production Board. Applications for specific authorizations shall be made by letter addressed to the War Production Board, Copper Division, Washington 25, D. C. Reference: M-9-c. Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) (2) affects the prohibitions on the manufacture, processing, assembling and finishing of insect screening with copper products or copper base alloy products under paragraph (a) and the Combined List. (See the item "insect screening" under the heading "Miscellaneous" on the combined list).

(3) *Copper products not controlled by order.* The provisions of this order shall

not apply to the manufacture of the following articles and parts (including repair parts) even though they contain copper products, or copper base alloy products, since these articles are specifically governed by the following orders:

Shoe findings and footwear of all kinds governed by Supplementary Conservation Order M-9-c-1.

Fire protective equipment governed by General Limitation Order L-39.

Motorized fire apparatus governed by General Limitation Order L-43.

Bronze paste, bronze ink, and bronze leaf, and products made with bronze paste, bronze ink, bronze leaf and bronze powder (other than decalcomanias and ship bottom paint), governed by Supplementary Conservation Order M-9-c-3.

Jewelry governed by Supplementary Conservation Order M-9-c-2.

Musical instruments governed by Supplementary Limitation Order L-37-a.

Water meters governed by Schedule I of Limitation Order L-154.

(4) *Attachment and assembly work.*

(i) The provisions of this order do not apply to attaching finished slide fasteners, hook and eyes, brassiere hooks, sew-on, machine attached or riveted snap fasteners, buckles, buttons, corset clasps, eyelets (other than eyelets usable as shoe eyelets), garter trimmings, hose supporters, insignia, jewelry, loops, mattress cottons, pin fasteners, pins, staples, slides, and trouser trimmings. The order does apply to the manufacture, processing, assembling and finishing of the closures and associated items listed above where the provisions of this order are more restrictive than other orders of the War Production Board.

(ii) The provisions of this order do not apply to the assembling of watch or clock movements finished prior to June 15, 1942, into cases not made of copper or copper base alloy. The provisions of this order do, however, apply to the manufacture, processing and finishing of watch and clock cases and of all other parts of watches and clocks and to assembling watches and clocks except as specifically exempted in this paragraph.

(h) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Copper" means unalloyed copper metal. It shall include unalloyed copper metal produced from scrap.

(2) "Copper base alloy" means any alloy metal in the composition of which the percentage of copper metal by weight equals or exceeds 40% of the total weight of the alloy. It shall include alloy metal produced from scrap.

(3) "Copper products" means products made of copper fabricated to the extent that they are plate, sheet, strip, rolls, coils, wire, rod, bar, tube, tubing, pipe, extrusions, ingot, powder, anodes, castings, or forgings, or fabricated to any greater extent.

(4) "Copper base alloy products" means products made of copper base alloy, fabricated to the extent that they are plate, sheet, strip, rolls, coils, wire, rod, bar, tube, tubing, pipe, extrusions, ingot, powder, anodes, castings, or forgings, or fabricated to any greater extent.

(5) "Manufacturer" means a person who manufactures, processes, assembles,

or finishes. "Manufacture" includes processing, assembling, and finishing.

(i) *Miscellaneous provisions*—(1) *Applicability of regulations*. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(2) *Appeal*. Any appeal from the provisions of paragraphs (a) or (c) of this order shall be made by filing Form WPB-1477 (formerly PD-500 revised) with the War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-9-c. Relief granted pursuant to an appeal under this order shall remain in effect despite any amendment to this order, unless the grant of relief is specifically revoked or modified by the War Production Board.

(3) *Communications*. Any reports required to be filed under this order and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Copper Division, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-9-c.

(4) *Applicability of order*. The prohibitions and restrictions contained in this order shall apply irrespective of whether the articles or parts whose manufacture is governed hereby are being manufactured pursuant to a contract made prior or subsequent to the effective date of this order. Insofar as any other order of the War Production Board may have the effect of limiting or curtailing to a greater extent than herein provided the manufacture of any articles or parts, the limitation of such other order shall be observed.

(5) *Violations*. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and, upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

Issued this 4th day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

#### COMBINED LIST

The manufacture, processing, assembling or finishing of the items listed below and of all parts (including repair parts) thereon is prohibited if such article or part contains copper products or copper base alloy products, except to the extent permitted by the exceptions noted on the list. Where this list excepts an item if the use of copper products or copper base alloy products in making the item is limited or if the item is being produced for a particular end use, the manufacture, processing, assembling and finishing of the item made under the terms of such an exception is governed by paragraphs (b) and (c) of this order.

#### AUTOMOTIVE, TRAILER<sup>4</sup> AND TRACTOR EQUIPMENT AND FARM MACHINERY

See also Order L-106 governing the use of copper and copper base alloy in the manu-

<sup>4</sup> See also under "Passenger Transportation Equipment" on this List.

facture of automotive parts entering into the production of, or as replacement parts for, passenger automobiles, motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers and off-the-highway motor vehicles and Order L-170—a governing the use of copper and copper base alloy in the manufacture of certain farm tractors and engine power units for farm machinery.

Ambulance hardware (for locks, see under the heading "Miscellaneous" on this list). Automotive maintenance equipment (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-270).

Defrosters (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity).

Heaters (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are (i) for parts necessary for conducting electricity or (ii) for water courses and tanks of radiators if made of copper base alloy containing not more than 71% of copper).

Hearse hardware (for locks see under the heading "Miscellaneous" on this list).

Horns (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity).

Hub and gas-tank caps.

Lights, lamps, headlamps and accessories (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity and for plating reflectors as provided by the item "Reflectors \* \* \*" on this list under the heading "Miscellaneous").

Miscellaneous fittings and trim.

Motorcycles (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity).

Motor-driven power cycles as defined in Order L-301 (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for generating and conducting electricity, or for carburetors, clutch facings or repair parts).

Mouldings.

Rear-view mirrors and hardware.

#### BUILDING SUPPLIES AND HARDWARE

(Excluding supplies and hardware for ships, boats and aircraft)

Air conditioning equipment and refrigeration equipment (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-126 and the schedules thereto and when the production of the equipment is permitted under the terms of Order L-38, either because the order therefor is an "authorized order" under L-38 or otherwise).

Blinds, including fixture fittings and trimmings.

Builders' finishing hardware, including hinges (except in those parts of plants where the use of non-sparking metal is necessary to prevent a hazard in the production, use or storage of explosives and except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of paragraph (g) of Schedule I of Order L-236). For locks see under the heading "Miscellaneous" on this list.

Cement flooring and composition flooring (except that crude arsenical copper precipitate may be used for flooring for hospital operating and anesthesia rooms, for places where explosives are handled or stored and for places where explosive vapors may be present).

Conduits.

Decorative hardware—including house numbers.

Door knockers, checks, pulls, and stops.

Doors, door and window frames, sills and parts, including door handles and knobs.

Elevators and escalators (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for bearings, worm gears and parts necessary for conducting electricity).

Expansion bolts and caulking anchors.

Gravel stops and snow-guards.

Grilles.

Gutters, leaders, downspouts, expansion joints, and accessories thereto.

Hangers and tracks for private garages.

Incinerator hardware and fittings.

Letter boxes and mail chutes.

Lighting fixtures (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conduction of electricity).

Linoleum stripping.

Ornamental metal work.

Pile butt protection.

Pipe, tube, tubing and fittings for water supply or water distribution systems and installations or for any gas supply or gas distribution system (except corporation stops and couplings therefor, curb stops and couplings therefor, adapters, unions, solder nipples and ferrules and except for all such pipe, tube, tubing and fittings for use in chlorine gas equipment).

Plumbing and heating supplies:

Bands on pipe covering.

Cistern and low-water floats.

Hot water heaters, tanks, and coils (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Orders L-185 and L-65).

Pipe, tube, tubing and fittings for piping systems (except solder nipples and ferrules).

Plumbing fixture fittings and trim (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Schedules V and XII of Order L-42 or any schedules or orders taking their place, or are permitted by a specific authorization of the War Production Board granted pursuant to such a schedule or order).

Push, kick, switch, floor and all other device plates.

Roof, roofing, roofing nails, flashing valleys, and other roofing items.

Sash balances.

Sheet, roll, and strip for building construction.

Shelves.

Stair and threshold treads.

Termite shields.

Terazzo strips, reglets, and mouldings.

Unit heaters, unit ventilators, and convectors, space or local heaters, and blast heating coils, or any apparatus using such coils as part of its construction (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for valves, controls and parts necessary for conducting electricity).

Ventilators and skylights.

Water containers for humidification.

Weatherstripping and insulation.

#### BURIAL EQUIPMENT

Burial urns.

Burial vaults.

Caskets and casket hardware. See also Order L-64.

Memorial tablets.

Morticians' supplies.

(See also the item "Boxes, \* \* \*" under the heading "Miscellaneous" on this list.)

#### CLOTHING AND DRESS ACCESSORIES

(See also Order L-68)

Dress ornaments.

Handbag fittings.

Insignia.

Metal cloths.

(See also the item "Slide fasteners \* \* \*" under the heading "Miscellaneous" on this list.)

## FURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT

Andirons, screens, and fireplace fittings.  
Candlesticks.  
Cooking and table utensils.  
Counters.  
Curtain fasteners, rods and rings.  
Cupidors.  
Fans (See the item "Fans \* \* \*" under the heading "Miscellaneous" on this list).  
Furniture.  
Furniture hardware (for locks, see under the heading "Miscellaneous" on this list).  
Gas heater and stove installation connections.  
Hollow-ware.  
Mud scrapers.  
Portable heaters (except repair parts for electric portable heaters when the only copper product or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-65).  
Shower curtains.  
Stoves and ranges for household cooking use, gas (except when each valve contains not more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. of copper base alloy and each control contains not more than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  oz. of copper base alloy and the stove or range contains no other copper or copper base alloy whatever; or except when the stove contains no copper or copper base alloy whatever other than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  oz. of copper base alloy in each control and the copper base alloy contained in any valves which either were finished prior to August 7, 1942, or which were or will be finished subsequent to that date pursuant to the granting of an appeal to a valve manufacturer).  
Stoves and ranges other than gas stoves and ranges for household cooking use (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for valves, ferrules for compression fittings, controls other than timers, and parts necessary for conducting electricity).  
Timers, for stoves and ranges.  
Trays.  
Upholsterers' supplies, including nails and tacks.  
Vases, pitchers, bowls, and airtcraft.  
Washing tubs and washing boilers.  
Waste baskets, hat trees, humidors and similar items.

## INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY

Pulp and paper manufacturing:  
Beater bars and beaters.  
Head boxes for jordans, paper machines or any other use for regulating stock flow.  
Bars and fillings for jordans, refiners or any similar equipment used in the preparation of paper stock.  
Savealls, filters, washers, deckers or any similar equipment (except for screens).  
Stock and water lines, including shower pipes.

## JEWELRY, GIFTS AND NOVELTIES

All jewelry, gifts and novelties including, but not limited to:  
Advertising specialties.  
Atomizers (see also this list under "Miscellaneous").  
Bar fittings.  
Book ends.  
Cosmetic containers.  
Lighters.  
Napkin rings.  
Picture frames.  
Smokers' accessories, including ash trays.  
Souvenirs.

## PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

(Including railroad cars, street and interurban cars, busses, and trailers, but excluding locomotives)

\* All items under the heading "Furnishings and equipment".

Air conditioning equipment and refrigeration equipment (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-126 and the schedules thereto and when the production of the equipment is permitted under the terms of Order L-38, either because the order therefor is an "authorized order" under Order L-38 or otherwise).

## Bands on pipe covering.

Decorative, general, and finish hardware, and ornamental metal work (for locks, see under the heading "Miscellaneous" on this list).

## Door knockers, checks, pulls and stops.

Doors and windows, door and window frames and window sills.

## Drinking water reservoirs.

Lighting fixtures (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity).

Pipe, tube, tubing, and fitting for plumbing and heating (except for essential repairs).

## Shower rods, heads and pans.

## Sinks and drainboards.

## Screening.

## Towel and luggage racks.

Trolley frog bodies, trolley wire crossover bodies, trolley clamps used for supporting Fig. 8 or grooved trolley wire (unless used for carrying current), and miscellaneous items such as machine screws, bolts and studs used with overhead trolley line material.

## Water containers for humidification.

## Weatherstripping and insulation.

## MISCELLANEOUS

Alarm and protective systems, other than fire protective systems covered by Order L-39 (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity or where the use of such products is essential to the proper functioning of the parts).

## Arch supports.

Atomizers (except for medicinal purposes and for use in the preparation of dried milk and dried eggs).

## Barrel hoops.

## Badges.

## Bar and counter equipment and fittings.

## Barber shop equipment and supplies.

## Barrel hooks.

## Bathroom accessories.

Beauty parlor equipment and supplies (except for repair and replacement parts of commercial permanent wave equipment and commercial hair dryers, when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-65).

Beverage dispensing units and parts thereof (except for self-contained drinking water coolers as defined in Schedule I of Order L-126 or under any schedule of Order L-38).

Bicycles, and similar vehicles (See also Order L-52).

Binoculars, including opera glasses.

Bird and pet cages and stands.

Blow torches, gasoline, kerosene and alcohol (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for the pump barrel, pump check valve assembly, pump cylinder cap, brazing material, pack nut, valve stem, valve body and jet block).

## Bottle coolers.

Boxes, cans, jars and other containers.

Branding, marking, and labeling devices and stock for same (except where the devices and the stock are for affixing governmental, notarial and corporate seals). See also the item "Stencils \* \* \*" on this list.

Brushes (except for the types used in electric motors and generators; and except for industrial brushes used for (a) applications requiring non-sparking characteristics, (b) burring of needles, (c) the manufacture of precision gauges, or (d) the manufacture of combat end-products complete for tactical operations (including, but not limited to, aircraft, ammunition, armament and weapons, ships, tanks, and vehicles), when prescribed for field or combat use by the Army or Navy of the United States, or when prescribed for field or combat use by the Army or Navy of any foreign country, and (e) except for drawing, spacing, or binding wire for other industrial brushes where copper or copper base alloy wire is essential to the efficient performance of the brush). The term "drawing, spacing, or binding wire" does not include "stapling wire."

## Cabinets.

## Canes.

## Carpet rods.

## Cash registers.

Change making, and coin handling machines and devices (except for machines and devices, the production of which has been authorized under Order L-54-c).

Chimes and bells (except for any bells when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity, and except for bells for use on board ship when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity or where the use of such products is essential to the proper functioning of the parts).

## Clips.

Cleaning and polishing accessories, such as brooms, carpet sweepers, crumbing sets, dust pans, mops, pot scourers, whisk brooms and floor and furniture polishers.

## Clock and watch cases.

Clothes line pulleys and reels and scrubbing boards.

Cooking utensils (except for commercial processing machinery when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-292 or by a specific authorization of the War Production Board granted pursuant to such order).

Cooling towers (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity, heat exchangers, bearings, and worm gears for speed reducers).

## Cutlery, including pocket knives.

## Daubers for shoe polish.

Dishwashing machines (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-248 or by a specific authorization of the War Production Board granted pursuant to such order) and domestic garbage grinders.

Dispensers, hand, for hand lotions, paper products, soap and straws.

Dog collars and other similar harness and equipment for pets.

Domestic ice refrigerators as defined in Order L-7.

Domestic laundry equipment as defined in Order L-6 (except that copper products or copper base alloy products may be used in the assembly of new domestic laundry equipment when such assembly is specifically authorized by the War Production Board under Order L-6; and except that copper products or copper base alloy products may be used in the production of repair and replacement parts for domestic laundry equipment to the extent permitted by the terms of Order L-6).

Domestic mechanical refrigerators as defined in Order L-5.

Domestic vacuum cleaners as defined in Order L-18.

Electric blankets.

Electric irons, portable, designed primarily to be used in ironing or pressing wearing apparel and having a self-contained heating element in which heat is generated by the passage of electricity (except that copper products or copper base alloy products may be used in the manufacture of current carrying parts and for plating).

Electric light bulbs and cord sets for Christmas trees, and bulbs and neon and fluorescent tubes for advertising and display purposes.

Electrical appliances, as defined in Order L-65 (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-65).

Electrolytic devices for the removal and prevention of scale in boilers and condensers.

Flashlights and lanterns powered by dry cell batteries (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity). For other lanterns, see the item "Lanterns \* \* \*" on this list.

Fans, electric, as defined in Order L-176 (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of Order L-176 or by a specific authorization of the War Production Board granted pursuant to such order).

Floats for liquid level control.

Flower pots, boxes and holders for same.

Flower shears.

Food dispensing utensils, devices and machines.

Fountain pens.

Fountains (except drinking water fountains when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by Schedules V and XII of Order L-42).

Furniture grommets.

Games as defined in Order L-81.

Garden tools and equipment.

Hair curlers, hair brushes and combs, shoe horns and button hooks.

Hand saw screws, nuts and washers for attaching saw blades to the handle.

Hammers, including mallets.

Health supplies, except the following:

- Acoustic aids
- Anaesthesia apparatus and supplies,
- Atomizers (medical use only),
- Diagnostic equipment and supplies,
- Hypodermic syringes and needles,
- Infant incubators,
- Instruments,
- Laboratory equipment and supplies,
- Medicinal chemicals (limited to medical use only),
- Operating room supplies and equipment,
- Ophthalmic products and instruments,
- Physical therapy equipment (limited to medical use only),
- Respirators, resuscitators and iron lungs,
- Rubber hospital sundries,
- Splints and fracture equipment,
- Sterilizers, blanket and solution warmers,
- Surgical and orthopaedic appliances (including artificial limbs and arms but not including arch supports),
- Sutures and suture needles, and
- X-ray equipment and supplies.

Hooks, including hat and coat hooks.

Ice cream freezers for use in the home.

Insect screening.

Kitchen utensils, devices and machines other than electrical appliances. For electrical appliances see the item "Electrical appliances \* \* \*" on this list.

Kitchen and miscellaneous household articles.

Lace tips.

Ladders and hoists (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity), including fittings.

Lamps, electric (except for non-portable lamps for use in hospitals or in industry, otherwise than in offices, and then only when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity).

Lamps, other than electric (except for industrial, hospital or office use and then only when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for valves, controls, and wicks).

Lanterns (except those powered by dry cell batteries, covered by the item "Flashlights \* \* \*" on this list).

Lawn sprinklers, mowers, seeders and rollers.

Lighting fixtures for use outside of a building (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for parts necessary for conducting electricity). For lighting fixtures in a building see "Lighting fixtures" under the heading "Building Supplies and Hardware" on this list.

Livestock and poultry equipment (except for bull rings; and except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are for valves, controls, parts necessary for conducting electricity, and wafer thermostats).

Locks (except pin tumbler and disc tumbler cylinder assemblies; essential interior working parts of mortise locks, rim locks, dead locks and night latches; levers, tubes and centers for secure lever locks; interior working parts of railway car door locks and railway switch padlocks; keys for pin tumbler and disc tumbler locks; postal locks when manufactured by the Mail and Equipment Section of the United States Post Office; and except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used are permitted by the terms of paragraph (g) of Schedule I of Order L-236).

Loose-leaf binders.

Luggage fittings, trim and hardware.

Manicure implements.

Match and pattern plates, matrices, and flasks.

Mattress buttons and furniture glides.

Medals, including decorations.

Mirrors.

Motion picture and projection equipment (I) except for parts to repair and maintain necessary existing equipment in public theaters and educational institutions and (II) except for motion picture and projection equipment of the types the production and distribution of which is regulated by Order L-267 or Order L-325).

Name, identification, instruction and data plates.

Non-operating or decorative uses of copper or copper base alloy, or the use of the same in such parts of installations and equipment (mechanical or otherwise) as bases, frames, guards, standards and supports.

Package handles and holders.

Paint (except for ship bottoms).

Parl-mutuel, gambling and gaming machines, devices and accessories.

Pencils, mechanical.

Phonographs or other record players.

Photographic equipment and accessories (I) except document copying machines and equipment therefor for business purposes and for use by the U. S. Post Office; (II) except for X-ray equipment; and (III) except for photographic equipment and accessories of the types the production and distribution of which is regulated by Order L-267).

Pins.

Pleasure boat fastenings, fittings, hardware, and motors.

Pole-line hardware.

Powder, except for non-decorative uses.

Printing rollers (except to the extent that an equivalent poundage in copper or copper base alloy is returned to a brass mill in the form of old rollers or scrapings from old rollers).

Putty and scraping knives.

Radio receiving sets and vacuum tubes (except when their manufacture is permitted by the terms of Order L-265).

Razors operated by electricity (except for repair parts).

Razors not operated by electricity (except when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used in making safety razors or parts are for heads and for plating, and, in making straight razors or parts, are for rivets, pins and washers).

Reclaimers for heating water.

Reflectors (except that copper or copper base alloy products may be used for electroplating glass reflectors in connection with silvering when the reflectors are to be used in street and highway illumination or in traffic signals, flood lights, searchlights, locomotive headlamps, hospital operating room lights, and airport lighting equipment as defined by Order L-235, or for electroplating on steel reflectors for searchlights, flood lights, airport lighting equipment as defined by Order L-235, and automotive headlamps of types other than sealed beam headlamps).

Refrigerator display cases.

Saddlery hardware and harness fittings.

Scales, except commercial, industrial and laboratory scales and laboratory balances. (See also Order L-190.)

Screens and points for oil wells and water wells ((I) except for public and industrial water supply systems and installations and (II) except for agricultural water supply systems when the only copper products or copper base alloy products used is used for drainpipe wire screening.)

Seismograph loading pole couplings.

Shells and caps for electric sockets except screw shells and except those used in connection with lamp signals in communication facilities.

Signs, including street signs. (See also Order L-29.)

Slide fasteners, hooks and eyes, brassiere hooks, sew-on, machine attached or riveted snap fasteners, buckles, buttons, corset clasps, garter trimmings, hose supporters, personal hardware, pin fasteners, slides, and trouser trimmings; except as may be permitted by the terms of Order L-114 and eyelets, loops, staples, rivets, burrs and tacks for use on wearing apparel, except as may be permitted by the terms of Order L-114.

Slot, game and vending machines, including parking meters.

Soda fountain equipment (except for repair and replacement parts manufactured in conformity with the inventory restrictions of Order L-38).

Sound equipment attachments for motion picture projection machines (except for parts to repair and maintain necessary existing equipment in public theaters and educational institutions).

Sporting goods, and fishing and hunting equipment and supplies, except fishing equipment and supplies for commercial fishing use.

Staples for fastening cartons and containers.

Stationery supplies:

- Desk accessories. (See also Order L-73.)
- Office supplies. (See also Order L-73.)
- Pencils. (See also Order L-227.)
- Pens and penholders.

Statues.

Stencils, adjustable and otherwise (except for hand cut stencils for marking shipments).

Sundials.

Table flatware (except for a copper-silver strike).

Telescopes.

Tent poles and parts.

Thermos jugs and bottles.

Tokens.

Toys.

Tying devices for laundry.

Unions and union fittings (except seats and except for other parts of unions and union fittings where and to the extent that the physical and chemical properties of the liquid or gas passing through the union or union fitting makes the use of any other material dangerous or impractical). (See also Order L-288.)

Umbrellas.

Valve handles.

Valves over 2-inch size (except seats, discs, stems, yoke sleeves, yoke bushings, stem bearings and packing glands, and except for other parts of such valves (i) where and to the extent that the physical and chemical properties of the liquid or gas passing through the valve makes the use of any other material dangerous or impractical or (ii) where and to the extent permitted by the terms of Order L-252 or by a specific authorization of the War Production Board granted pursuant to that order).

Voting machines.

Weather vanes.

Weight reducing and exercising machines.

Wool.

#### MILITARY EXEMPTION LIST

Bakery equipment (parts necessary for conducting electricity or where the use of copper products or copper base alloy products is essential to the proper functioning of the parts). For hot water heaters, tanks and coils see below on this list.

Binoculars.

Blow torches, gasoline, kerosene and alcohol (parts other than tanks, only).

Boxes, cans, jars and other containers (for radio and communications equipment and for powder charges).

Buttons and insignia for military uniforms when and to the extent that their manufacture is specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

Carbonated beverage dispensing units and soda fountain equipment for use on board ship (functional parts subject to corrosive action or which come in contact with food, only).

Conduits and pipe (for radio and electrical communications equipment).

Chronometer and watch cases.

Decorations as defined in Army and Navy Regulations when produced to fill purchase orders rated AA-3 or higher only.

Electric blankets.

Field ranges and ski stoves.

Fishing equipment and supplies for use on life boats and rafts.

Floats for liquid level control (for use in aircraft and on board ship).

Furniture hardware (for use within magnetic circle on board ship).

Hammers, including mallets.

Hoists, for handling powder, projectiles and explosives (for use on board ship).

Hot water heater coils for hospital, laundry and bakery projects.

Instruction and data plates of wrought material of a gauge of 1/32nd of an inch or less (for use in aircraft and on board ship).

Instruction and data plates from cast material of a gauge of 3/32nd of an inch or less (for use on board ship but only if and to the extent specified by the specifications, other than performance specifications, of the governmental agency acquiring the plate).

Kitchen utensils' devices, machines and appliances (parts necessary for conducting electricity or which come in contact with food or where the use of copper products or copper base alloy products is essential to the proper functioning of the parts).

Ladders and stairs, for use in gasoline storage spaces on board ship (treads, only).

Lanterns, gasoline (generators, valves and controls, only).

Laundry equipment, for use on board ship (parts necessary for conducting electricity or where the use of copper products or copper base alloy products is essential to the proper functioning of the parts). For hot water heaters, tanks and coils see above on this list.

Laundry equipment, mobile, for field use (parts necessary for conducting electricity or where the use of copper products or copper base alloy products is essential to the proper functioning of the parts). For hot water heaters, tanks and coils see above on this list.

Lighting equipment and accessories for use in aircraft, on board ship and for use in lighting aids for marine or aerial navigation, and for searchlights.

Locks and latches (for use on board ship) and padlocks (for use where non-sparking metal is necessary to prevent a hazard from explosives).

Mirrors, when they are to be installed on board ship and the only copper product or copper base alloy product used is for coating the backing of the mirror to a thickness not in excess of .0015 inch.

Motion picture and projection equipment.

Paint (for ship bottoms and flying boat hull bottoms).

Phonographs and other record players being produced on a rating of AA-3 or higher.

Photographic equipment and accessories.

Pins for hinges (for use on board ship).

Prescription scales (health supplies).

Safety lamps, flame type (for use on board ship and for use in other places where there is danger of explosion).

Screens and points for water wells.

Shells and caps for electric sockets (for use in aircraft and on board ship).

(i) Slide fasteners and tack buttons for use on jungle clothing and equipment, flying suits and Navy flying boots; and (ii) sew-on, machine attached or riveted snap fasteners, buckles, eyelets, staples, rivets and burrs, being produced on a rating of AA-3 or higher.

Sound equipment attachments for motion picture projection machines.

Telescopes.

Unions and union fittings (for use on board ship).

Valve handles (for use within magnetic circle on board ship).

Valves (for use on board ship).

Valves of vacuum type, up to 3 inches.

Note: Interpretations 1-4 are obsolete.

#### INTERPRETATION 5

#### USE OF COPPER IN THE MANUFACTURE OF CERTAIN DRAINS AND STRAINERS

Copper Conservation Order M-9-c, as amended December 10, 1941, specifically prohibited any person from using after March 31, 1942, any copper or copper base alloy in the manufacture of gutters, leaders or downspouts, or accessories thereto, and of all roofing items, to go on private buildings. These provisions have remained in the order without interruption.

In addition, since May 7, 1942, paragraph (d) (1) of Order M-9-c (relettered as paragraph (c) (1) when the order was amended on October 4, 1943), has provided that no manufacturer may continue to manufacture from copper or copper base alloy, any article the manufacture of which, with copper or copper base alloy, is not specifically prohibited by the order, if it is practicable to use any material less scarce than copper, brass or bronze to make the article.

For some time, many manufacturers have been making floor, roof, cesspool and shower drains and strainers out of galvanized steel

or iron; and it has been demonstrated that the use for such purposes of this type of material instead of copper or copper base alloy is practicable for all uses to which these articles are put except their use in places where explosives are handled or stored or where explosive vapors may be present. Furthermore, the types of iron and steel used as well as zinc, are less scarce materials than copper or copper base alloy.

Accordingly, manufacturers are prohibited by Copper Conservation Order M-9-c from using brass or other copper and copper base alloy materials to make all roof, floor, cesspool and shower drains or strainers, even if the drains or strainers are not accessories to gutters, leaders or downspouts, or roofing items. An exception to the foregoing arises in the case of drains or strainers for floors in places where explosives are handled or stored or where explosive vapors may be present. (Issued Oct. 19, 1943.)

[F. R. Doc. 44-4770; Filed, April 4, 1944; 11:50 a. m.]

#### PART 1029—FARM MACHINERY

[Limitation Order L-257-a, Export Schedules X-11 Through X-18, as Amended Apr. 4, 1944]

#### APPLICABLE EXPORT SCHEDULES OF QUOTAS FOR FARM MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT AND REPAIRS FOR EXPORT FOR THE CURRENT QUOTA PERIOD JULY 1, 1944, TO JUNE 30, 1945

§ 1029.18 *Export Schedule X-11 through X-18 to Limitation Order L-257-a.* In accordance with the provisions of Orders L-257 and L-257-a, the following are the "applicable export schedules" for the current quota period starting July 1, 1944. These are similar to the applicable export schedules for the current quota period ending June 30, 1944, with some minor changes and consolidations, and with certain changes in quota percentages.

The production quotas set forth in these export schedules should be used by producers as the basis for planning their production, establishing production schedules and ordering material under CMP. The War Production Board may establish a final distribution pattern which is not in accord with these quotas. Any additional controls or exemptions which may be desirable with regard to production quotas, and any modifications with respect to final distribution of completed machines, will be issued before the effective date of these schedules, which is July 1, 1944. In figuring his anticipated production, each producer must comply with the provisions of the basic Limitation Orders L-257 and L-257-a.

Quotas for countries listed on Schedules X-11, X-13, X-14, X-15, and X-16, below are expressed as a percentage of one-half the total net shipping weight of the 1940 and 1941 shipments of farm machinery and equipment and repair parts to all the countries in the particular group.

Quotas for countries listed on Schedule X-17 below are expressed as a percentage of one-half the total net shipping weight of the 1940 and 1941 shipments to each such country.

Note: A quota percentage is not established for countries listed in Schedule X-12 below. Quotas for these countries will be allocated specifically from time to time under paragraph (c) (4) of Order L-257-a.

## SCHEDULE X-11—QUOTA PERCENTAGE 85%

|                    |           |
|--------------------|-----------|
| Bolivia            | Haiti     |
| Brazil             | Honduras  |
| Chile              | Mexico    |
| Colombia           | Nicaragua |
| Costa Rica         | Panama    |
| Cuba               | Paraguay  |
| Dominican Republic | Peru      |
| Ecuador            | Uruguay   |
| El Salvador        | Venezuela |
| Guatemala          |           |

NOTE: Argentina has been transferred to Schedule X-12.

## SCHEDULE X-12—QUOTA PERCENTAGE 0%

|                          |                               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Aden                     | Iceland                       |
| Arabia Peninsula States  | Italian Somaliland            |
| Argentina                | Italy                         |
| Azores                   | Liberia                       |
| Bahrain Island           | Madagascar                    |
| Belgian Congo            | Malta and Gozo                |
| Belgium                  | Mauritius and Dependencies    |
| British Oceania          | Miquelon and St. Pierre       |
| British Somaliland       | Mozambique                    |
| Canary Islands           | Netherlands                   |
| Cape Verde Islands       | Newfoundland                  |
| Ceylon                   | Norway                        |
| China                    | Poland                        |
| Curaçao                  | Portugal                      |
| Cyprus                   | Portuguese Guinea and Angola  |
| Cyrenaica                | Rio de Oro and Spanish Guinea |
| Denmark                  | St. Helena and Dependencies   |
| Eire                     | Spain                         |
| Ethiopia                 | Spanish Morocco               |
| Falkland Islands         | Surinam (Dutch Guiana)        |
| France                   | Sweden                        |
| French Cameroons         | Switzerland                   |
| French Equatorial Africa | Syria                         |
| French Guiana            | Tangier                       |
| French Oceania           | Tripolitania                  |
| French Somaliland        | U. S. S. R.                   |
| French West Africa       | Yugoslavia                    |
| French West Indies       |                               |
| Gibraltar                |                               |
| Greece                   |                               |
| Greenland                |                               |

## SCHEDULE X-13—QUOTA PERCENTAGE 64%

|                 |
|-----------------|
| United Kingdom: |
| Great Britain   |
| North Ireland   |
| Scotland        |
| Wales           |

## SCHEDULE X-14—QUOTA PERCENTAGE 712%

|                      |
|----------------------|
| French North Africa: |
| Algeria              |
| French Morocco       |
| Tunisia              |

## SCHEDULE X-15—QUOTA PERCENTAGE 150%

|                      |
|----------------------|
| British West Indies: |
| Bahamas              |
| Barbados             |
| Bermuda              |
| Jamaica              |
| Leeward Islands      |
| Trinidad and Tobago  |
| Windward Islands     |

## SCHEDULE X-16—QUOTA PERCENTAGE 37%

|                      |
|----------------------|
| British West Africa: |
| Cameroons (British)  |
| Gambia               |
| Gold Coast           |
| Nigeria              |
| Sierra Leone         |

## SCHEDULE X-17—QUOTA PERCENTAGES

|                     |     |
|---------------------|-----|
| Australia           | 439 |
| British East Africa | 164 |
| British Honduras    | 83  |
| British Guiana      | 400 |
| Egypt and Sudan     | 570 |
| India               | 54  |
| Iran                | 53  |
| Iraq (Mesopotamia)  | 800 |
| New Zealand         | 232 |

## SCHEDULE X-17—QUOTA PERCENTAGES—Con.

|                          |     |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Palestine                | 208 |
| North and South Rhodesia | 330 |
| Turkey                   | 100 |
| Union of South Africa    | 145 |

## CANADA

## SCHEDULE X-18

NOTE: Schedule X-18 amended April 4, 1944.

Quotas for the following items of farm machinery and equipment (excluding attachments) are expressed as a percentage of one-half the number of units of each item shipped to Canada during the combined calendar years 1940 and 1941; where applicable, the item numbers correspond to those in Schedule B of Order L-257. Bracketed items may be handled as indicated in paragraph (d) (2).

The quota base for each item of attachments, and for repair parts, is one-half the net shipping weight of the 1940 and 1941 shipments thereof. Note option to lump all attachments as provided in paragraph (d) (3).

Items not listed are not to be manufactured for shipment to Canada.

## GROUP 1: PLANTING, SEEDING AND FERTILIZING MACHINERY

## DIVISION 1: PLANTERS (HORSE AND TRACTOR DRAWN)

|                            |                   |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Item                       | Quota percentages |
| 4 Two row, corn            | 81                |
| 6 Three row and over, corn | 83                |

## DIVISION 2: PLANTERS (TRACTOR MOUNTED)

|                             |    |
|-----------------------------|----|
| 10 Two row, corn            | 81 |
| 12 Three row and over, corn | 0  |

## DIVISION 3: POTATO PLANTERS (HORSE AND TRACTOR DRAWN)

|                        |     |
|------------------------|-----|
| 14 One row             | 152 |
| 14a Two row and larger | 152 |

## DIVISION 4: TRANSPLANTERS

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| 15 Horse or tractor drawn, tractor mounted or self-propelled | 87  |
| 23 Horse or tractor drawn, or tractor mounted                | 124 |

## DIVISION 8: GRAIN DRILLS

|  |    |
|--|----|
| 25 Fertilizer drills, horse or tractor drawn | 67 |
| 26 Plain drills, horse or tractor drawn      | 92 |

|  |    |
|--|----|
| 26a Plain, over 14 run, horse or tractor drawn | 92 |
| (1) Press drill, horse or tractor drawn        | 87 |

## DIVISION 10: GARDEN PLANTERS

|                                      |     |
|--------------------------------------|-----|
| 30 Hand, wheel type                  | 125 |
| DIVISION 12: LIME SPREADERS (SOWERS) |     |

|  |    |
|--|----|
| 33 Wheeled hopper type sower, horse or tractor drawn | 84 |
| DIVISION 13: MANURE SPREADERS AND LOADERS            |    |

|                                       |     |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| 36 Four Wheel, horse or tractor drawn | 133 |
| 87 Two Wheel, tractor drawn           | 131 |

## GROUP 2: FARM PLOWS AND LISTERS

## DIVISION 1: MOLDBOARD PLOWS (HORSE DRAWN)

|                                  |    |
|----------------------------------|----|
| 44 Walking, two horse and larger | 57 |
| 46 Gang, two bottom and larger   | 26 |

## DIVISION 2: MOLDBOARD PLOWS (TRACTOR DRAWN OR MOUNTED)

|                              |    |
|------------------------------|----|
| 47 One bottom, tractor drawn | 83 |
| 48 Two bottom, tractor drawn | 83 |

|                                |    |
|--------------------------------|----|
| 49 Three bottom, tractor drawn | 83 |
| 50 Four bottom, tractor drawn  | 83 |

|  |    |
|--|----|
| 51 Five bottom and larger, tractor drawn | 83 |
| 52 One bottom, tractor mounted           | 74 |

<sup>1</sup> No applicable item number on Schedule B of Order L-257.

## GROUP 2: FARM PLOWS AND LISTERS—Con.

## DIVISION 4: DISC PLOWS (TRACTOR DRAWN)

|   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| Item                                      | Quota percentages |
| 56 Two disc                               | 0                 |
| 57 Three disc                             | 0                 |
| DIVISION 5: ONE-WAY DISC PLOWS OR TILLERS |                   |
| 63 Under five feet                        | 94                |
| 63a Five foot and over                    | 94                |

(1) Seed boxes for one-way plows 92

## GROUP 3: HARROWS, ROLLERS, PULVERIZERS &amp; STALK CUTTERS

## DIVISION 1: FARM TYPE HARROWS

|   |    |
|---|----|
| 78 Spike tooth harrow sections (steel), horse or tractor drawn  | 65 |
| 79 Spring tooth harrow sections (steel), horse or tractor drawn | 65 |
| 80 Disc harrows, horse drawn                                    | 58 |
| 80e Disc harrows, tractor drawn or mounted                      | 82 |

## DIVISION 3: SOIL PULVERIZERS AND PACKERS

(1) Trailer Packers for one-way plows 41

## GROUP 4: CULTIVATORS AND WEEDERS

## DIVISION 1: CULTIVATORS (HORSE OR TRACTOR DRAWN)

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| 91 One horse (all types) including hillers, disc hoes, shovel plows, little joes, and similar type harrows and rotary harrows | 100 |
| 93 One row, riding, two horse   | 96  |
| 95 Beet and bean cultivators  | 76  |
| 96 Field cultivators, including chisels and orchard cultivators   | 85  |
| 97 Hand cultivators, wheel type, including hand plows   | 100 |

## DIVISION 2: CULTIVATORS (TRACTOR MOUNTED)

|                                   |    |
|-----------------------------------|----|
| 98 One row                        | 83 |
| 99 Two row, shovel or disc type   | 83 |
| 100 Three row and over, all types | 83 |

## DIVISION 4: WEEDERS, DRAWN OR MOUNTED

|   |    |
|---|----|
| 103 Rod weeders, horse or tractor drawn   | 35 |
| DIVISION 5: OTHER CULTIVATORS AND WEEDERS |    |

(1) Tobacco cultivators 50

## GROUP 5: FARM SPRAYERS, DUSTERS, AND ORCHARD HEATERS

## DIVISION 1: POWER SPRAYERS

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| 108a Orchard type, auxiliary engine           | 166 |
| 108b Orchard type, power take-off             | 0   |
| 108g Field or row crop type, auxiliary engine | 147 |

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| 108h Field or row crop type, power take-off | 0   |
| 109 Traction sprayers                       | 147 |

## DIVISION 2: HAND SPRAYERS WITH TANK BARREL, KNAPSACK, ETC., WITH COMPLETE EQUIPMENT (CAP. 1 QT. OR OVER BUT LESS THAN 6 GALS.)

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| 110 Compressed air                     |     |
| 111 Knapsack, self contained           |     |
| 112 Trombone, pump type                |     |
| 113 Bucket, pump type, single cylinder |     |
| 114 Bucket, pump type, double cylinder | 100 |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| 115 Atomizing, single action (1 qt. and larger capacity) |  |
| 116 Atomizing, continuous (1 qt. and larger capacity)    |  |

## DIVISION 3: HAND PUMP SPRAYERS (CAPACITY SIX GALLONS OR MORE)

|                         |     |
|-------------------------|-----|
| 117 Barrel pump sprayer | 165 |
| 118 Wheelbarrow sprayer | 168 |

## GROUP 5: FARM SPRAYERS, DUSTERS, AND ORCHARD HEATERS—Continued

## DIVISION 4: SPRAY PUMPS, POWER

Quota  
percentages

|                     |     |                    |     |
|---------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|
| Item                | 119 | Spray pumps, power | 100 |
| DIVISION 6: DUSTERS |     |                    |     |

|      |                                 |     |
|------|---------------------------------|-----|
| 121  | Power duster, auxiliary engines | 164 |
| 121a | Power duster, power take-off    | 171 |
| 122  | Traction dusters                | 148 |
| 123  | Hand dusters, all types         | 100 |

## GROUP 6: HARVESTING MACHINERY

## DIVISION 1: COMBINES (HARVESTER THRESHERS)

|      |  |     |
|------|--|-----|
| 126  | Width of cut, 6 ft. & under, auxiliary engines | 119 |
| 126a | Width of cut, 6 ft. & under, power take-off    | 119 |
| 127  | Width of cut, over 6 ft. including 10 ft.      | 119 |
| 128  | Width of cut, over 10 feet                     | 119 |
| 128a | Windrowers or swathers                         | 244 |
| (1)  | Pickup for combine                             | 200 |

## DIVISION 2: GRAIN AND RICE BINDERS

|     |                                      |    |
|-----|--------------------------------------|----|
| 129 | Grain binders (ground drive)         | 67 |
| 130 | Grain binders (power take-off drive) | 78 |

## DIVISION 3: CORN BINDERS

|      |                              |    |
|------|------------------------------|----|
| 132  | Corn binders, ground drive   | 75 |
| 132a | Corn binders, power take-off | 75 |

## DIVISION 4: CORN PICKERS

|     |                       |     |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|
| 133 | One row, mounted type | 127 |
| 134 | Two row, mounted type | 122 |
| 135 | One row, pull type    | 128 |
| 136 | Two row, pull type    | 132 |

## DIVISION 5: FIELD ENSILAGE HARVESTERS—ROW TYPE

|     |   |  |
|-----|---|--|
| 137 | Field ensilage harvesters (row type) (to be allotted) |  |
|-----|---|--|

## DIVISION 6: POTATO DIGGERS AND PICKERS

|      |                                 |     |
|------|---------------------------------|-----|
| 139  | One row, ground drive           | 172 |
| 139a | One row, power take-off         | 172 |
| 139b | Two row, power take-off         | 173 |
| 139c | Potato Pickers (to be allotted) |     |

## DIVISION 8: SUGAR BEET AND CANE HARVESTING EQUIPMENT

|     |                                      |    |
|-----|--------------------------------------|----|
| 141 | Beet lifters, horse or tractor drawn | 97 |
|-----|--------------------------------------|----|

## GROUP 7: FARM HAYING MACHINERY

## DIVISION 1: MOWERS

|     |  |    |
|-----|--|----|
| 146 | Horse or tractor drawn (ground drive)                  | 98 |
| 147 | Tractor mounted or semi-mounted (power take-off drive) | 98 |
| (1) | Knife or sickle grinder                                | 71 |

## DIVISION 2: RAKES

|     |  |     |
|-----|--|-----|
| 148 | Sulky (dump)                                       | 93  |
| 149 | Side delivery (incl. comb. side rakes and tedders) | 129 |
| 150 | Sweep (horse)                                      | 75  |

## DIVISION 3: HAY LOADERS

|     |             |     |
|-----|-------------|-----|
| 151 | Hay loaders | 164 |
|-----|-------------|-----|

## DIVISION 4: STACKERS

|     |            |     |
|-----|------------|-----|
| 152 | Stationary | 100 |
|-----|------------|-----|

## DIVISION 5: PICK-UP HAY BALERS AND BALE LOADERS

|     |  |  |
|-----|--|--|
| 153 | Pick-up hay balers—Power take off (to be allotted) |  |
|-----|--|--|

## GROUP 8: MACHINES FOR PREPARING CROPS FOR MARKET OR USE

## DIVISION 1: STATIONARY THRESHERS—GRAIN, RICE AND ALFALFA

|     |   |    |
|-----|---|----|
| 158 | Threshers, width of cylinder under 28 ins.    | 40 |
| 159 | Threshers, width of cylinder 28 ins. and over | 40 |

<sup>1</sup>No applicable item number on Schedule B of Order L-257.

## GROUP 8: MACHINES FOR PREPARING CROPS FOR MARKET OR USE—Continued

## DIVISION 4: ENSILAGE CUTTERS—SILO FILLERS

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |                                 |    |
|------|-----|---------------------------------|----|
| Item | 162 | Ensilage cutters (silo fillers) | 89 |
|------|-----|---------------------------------|----|

## DIVISION 5: FEED CUTTERS—HAND POWER

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |                              |     |
|------|-----|------------------------------|-----|
| Item | 168 | Feed cutters, hand and power | 105 |
|------|-----|------------------------------|-----|

## DIVISION 6: CORN SHELLERS

|      |                              |                      |    |
|------|------------------------------|----------------------|----|
| Item | 164                          | Corn shellers (hand) | 40 |
| 165  | Spring (2, 4, 6, and 8 hole) | 40                   |    |
| 166  | Cylinder (150 bu. and under) | 40                   |    |
| 167  | Cylinder (over 150 bushels)  | 40                   |    |

## DIVISION 9: FEED GRINDERS AND CRUSHERS (FARM)

Quota  
percentages

|      |  |                  |     |
|------|--|------------------|-----|
| Item | 174  | Power, burr type | 183 |
| 175  | Hammer type  |                  |     |
| 175a | Roughage mills, combination type with cutter head and Grinders | 77               |     |
| 175b | Feed Mixers (not concrete mixers)                              | 126              |     |

## DIVISION 10: GRAIN CLEANERS AND GRADERS

|      |     |   |    |
|------|-----|---|----|
| Item | 176 | Cleaners and graders—farm type (small grain and seed) | 96 |
|------|-----|---|----|

## DIVISION 11: SORTERS AND GRADERS

Quota  
percentages

|      |                   |                            |    |
|------|-------------------|----------------------------|----|
| Item | 177               | Potato sorters and graders | 86 |
| (1)  | Roller or crusher | 33                         |    |
| (1)  | Pulper            | 100                        |    |

## GROUP 9: FARM ELEVATORS AND BLOWERS

## DIVISION 1: ELEVATORS—PORTABLE

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |                     |    |
|------|-----|---------------------|----|
| Item | 188 | Elevators, portable | 99 |
|------|-----|---------------------|----|

## GROUP 10: TRACTORS

## DIVISION 1: FARM TRACTORS, WHEEL TYPE, BY RATED BELT H. P.

Quota  
percentages

|      |                              |                                 |    |
|------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----|
| Item | 192                          | Special purpose, under 30 H. P. | 75 |
| 193  | Special purpose, 30 and over | 75                              |    |
| 194  | All purpose under 30 H. P.   | 75                              |    |
| 195  | All purpose 30 and over      | 75                              |    |

## DIVISION 2: GARDEN TRACTORS

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |  |  |
|------|-----|--|--|
| Item | 196 | Garden tractors (incl. motor tillers) (to be allotted) |  |
|------|-----|--|--|

## GROUP 12: FARM WAGONS, GEARS AND TRUCKS (NOT MOTOR)

Quota  
percentages

## DIVISION 1: WAGONS AND TRUCKS

Quota  
percentages

|      |                        |                        |    |
|------|------------------------|------------------------|----|
| Item | 205                    | Wagon gears (less box) | 89 |
| 206  | Truck gears (less box) | 97                     |    |

## DIVISION 2: WAGON BODIES

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |                           |     |
|------|-----|---------------------------|-----|
| Item | 207 | Wagon & truck boxes, farm | 141 |
|------|-----|---------------------------|-----|

## GROUP 13: DOMESTIC WATER SYSTEMS (FARM TYPE)

Quota  
percentages

## DIVISION 1: DEEP AND SHALLOW WELL SYSTEMS

Quota  
percentages

|      |                                      |                       |     |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|
| Item | 213                                  | Deep well, reciprocal | 128 |
| 214  | Deep or shallow well, jet type       | 128                   |     |
| 215  | Shallow well, 250-499 gals. per hour | 128                   |     |

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |   |     |
|------|-----|---|-----|
| Item | 216 | Shallow well, 500 gals. per hour and over | 128 |
|------|-----|---|-----|

## DIVISION 2: POWER PUMPS

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |   |     |
|------|-----|---|-----|
| Item | 217 | Horizontal type, up to and incl. 75 gal. p. m. 100 lbs pressure | 129 |
|------|-----|---|-----|

## GROUP 14: FARM PUMPS AND WINDMILLS

Quota  
percentages

## DIVISION 1: PUMPS, WATER

Quota  
percentages

|      |                         |               |    |
|------|-------------------------|---------------|----|
| Item | 220                     | Pitcher pumps | 87 |
| 221  | Hand and windmill pumps | 162           |    |

## DIVISION 2: WINDMILLS

Quota  
percentages

|      |                 |                |    |
|------|-----------------|----------------|----|
| Item | 222             | Windmill heads | 92 |
| 223  | Windmill towers | 47             |    |

## DIVISION 3: PUMP JACKS

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |            |     |
|------|-----|------------|-----|
| Item | 224 | Pump jacks | 158 |
|------|-----|------------|-----|

## GROUP 16: DAIRY FARM MACHINES AND EQUIPMENT

## DIVISION 1: MILKING MACHINES

Quota  
percentages

|      |     |                                    |     |
|------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|
| Item | 237 | Milking machines (complete outfit) | 185 |
|------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|

## DIVISION 2: FARM CREAM SEPARATORS

Quota  
percentages

|      |   |  |     |
|------|---|--|-----|
| Item | 239                                     | Capacity 251 lbs. to 800 lbs. per hour | 186 |
| 240  | Capacity 801 lbs. to 1500 lbs. per hour | 185                                    |     |
| 241  | Butter churns                           | 80                                     |     |

## GROUP 17: BARN AND BARNYARD EQUIPMENT

Quota  
percentages
|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Item | 254 | Hay carriers | 103 |


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GROUP 18: FARM POULTRY EQUIPMENT—CON.  
DIVISION 10: FARM ELECTRIC PLANTS (WIND-DRIVEN)

| Item   | Quota percentages |
|--|-------------------|
| 311 Farm electric plants (wind-driven electric generating plants only; does not include batteries or towers) | 25                |

## ATTACHMENTS AND REPAIR PARTS

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| (1) Repair parts, in the aggregate (base is one-half the net shipping weight of total 1940-1941 shipments of repairs)   | 150 |
| (2) Attachments: Quota percentage for each attachment item is the same as that listed above for the machine or item with which the attachment is used, except that the base is net shipping weight instead of units. If a producer chooses to lump all attachments as explained in paragraph (d) (3) of Order L-257-a, he may use the quota "100%" for purposes of this Schedule X-18 instead of the "75%" specified in that paragraph. |     |

<sup>1</sup> No applicable item number on Schedule B of Order L-257.

Issued this 4th day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4771; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:49 a. m.]

## PART 1075—CONSTRUCTION

[Conservation Order L-41, Interpretation 5]

## DISTINCTION BETWEEN RESIDENTIAL AND FARM CONSTRUCTION

The following interpretation is issued with respect to Conservation Order L-41.

Under the terms of paragraph (c) (1) of L-41 not more than \$200 may be spent on a house, including the entire residential property, over a year's period. Under paragraph (c) (2) of that order not more than \$1,000 may be spent on a farm, "including the farm house". A property is not necessarily a "farm" because farm products are produced on it but only if it is used primarily for the raising of crops, livestock, dairy products, poultry, etc., for the market.

Issued this 4th day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

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11:49 a. m.]

## PART 1075—CONSTRUCTION

[Conservation Order L-41, Interpretation 6]

## MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF SIDINGS

The following interpretation is issued with respect to Conservation Order L-41.

Paragraph (d) (1) of L-41 excepts maintenance and repair work necessary to keep a building or structure in sound working condition. If an existing siding or roof needs repair, the minimum amount of repair work may be done to put the siding or roof in suitable condition. Thus if a siding can be put in proper condition by putting on paint

it should be done in this way. If, on the other hand, the siding has so deteriorated that a paint job will not provide adequate protection a new siding may be put on the building. The new siding need not be of the same material as the old siding. This interpretation is not applicable where asbestos materials are used for re-siding or re-roofing as the use of these materials is governed by Order L-41-d.

Issued this 4th day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4773; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:49 a. m.]

## PART 1076—PLUMBING AND HEATING SIMPLIFICATION

[Limitation Order L-42, as Amended April 4, 1944, Schedule V]

## PLUMBING FIXTURE FITTINGS AND TRIM

§ 1076.6 Schedule V to Limitation Order L-42—(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this schedule:

(1) "Copper base alloy" means any alloy metal in the composition of which the percentage of copper metal by weight equals or exceeds 40% of the total weight of the alloy.

(b) Limitations. Pursuant to Limitation Order L-42 the following limitations are established for the manufacture of plumbing fixture fittings and trim:

(1) No copper or copper base alloy shall be used in the manufacture of any plumbing fixture fittings or trim, except the items specified on List A.

(2) No zinc shall be used in the manufacture of any plumbing fixture fittings or trim other than the items specified on List B, except for plating, coating or galvanizing.

(3) No cadmium, chromium, or nickel shall be used for plating or coating.

(4) No metal shall be used in the manufacture of any plumbing fixture fittings or trim on List C.

(c) General exceptions. The restrictions of this schedule do not apply to the production of articles or parts not available in the producers inventory for use in ships, boats, planes or advance bases (when required by the Army, Navy, Maritime Commission, War Shipping Administration, or Coast Guard, or by rules and regulations promulgated by the Coast Guard for merchant vessels), or for use in chemical and research laboratories, abattoirs, food packing and processing plants, hospitals, clinics, dispensaries and railroad cars.

Issued this 4th day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

## LIST A—COPPER AND COPPER BASE ALLOY

Copper base alloy may be used for the following items. Castings shall be made without the use of any primary copper or tin and shall be of no higher grade than Alloy 5A of American Society of Testing Materials Specification B-145-42-T.

## Number and item:

1. Drinking fountain bubbler, guard, regulator and self closing valve (to be made according to the minimum requirements of the U. S. Public Health Service)
2. Glass-filler faucet
3. Upper and lower lift wires
4. Spud or insert (for flush balls and floats)
5. Flush valves for high tanks
6. Ball cock complete, including hush tube and refill tube, but not including float and float rod
7. Ring, for lead traps—not including plugs or covers

The use of copper and copper base alloy in the following items is limited to valve stems, valve seats, bonnets, disc and disc screws, or valve trimming units combining these separate parts into one unit, and springs for self-closing faucets, provided it does not exceed the weight specified for each item.

|   | Ounces |
|---|--------|
| 8. Bathtub filler (1/2" I. P. S.) exposed                                     | 8.0    |
| 9. Bathtub filler (1/2" I. P. S.) concealed                                   | 21.0   |
| 10. Combination tub and shower supply assembly (1/2" I. P. S.)                | 30.0   |
| 11. Lavatory supply fittings (combination)                                    | 9.0    |
| 12. Lavatory faucet (single)  | 4.0    |
| 13. Laundry tray combination faucet (1/2" I. P. S.)                           | 9.0    |
| 14. Laundry tray faucet (single)  | 5.0    |
| 15. Service sink combination faucet (1/2" I. P. S.)                           | 11.0   |
| 16. Shower, two-valve (exposed 1/2" I. P. S.)                                 | 11.0   |
| 17. Shower, two-valve (concealed 1/2" I. P. S.)                               | 21.0   |
| 18. Sink faucet, single (plain, hose and solid flange 1/2" and 3/4" I. P. S.) | 5.0    |
| 19. Sink faucet (deck, swinging, rigid, and concealed 1/2" I. P. S.)          | 11.0   |
| 20. Self-closing faucet or stop   | 12.0   |
| 21. Self-closing stop for shower  | 12.0   |

Copper and copper base alloy may be used in the manufacture of the following items, provided it does not exceed the weight specified for each item:

|   | Ounces |
|---|--------|
| 22. Automatic high tank supply valve—3/4"             | 8.0    |
| 23. Automatic high tank supply valve—1" or larger     | 13.0   |
| 24. Automatic high tank supply valve—1 1/4" or larger | 16.0   |
| 25. Flushometer valve, stop and back-flow preventor   | 13.0   |
| 26. Wash fountain trim                                | 16.0   |

## LIST B—ZINC PERMITTED IN THE FOLLOWING ITEMS

## Number and item:

1. Clean out plugs (fixture traps).
2. Escutcheon holders (thimbles).
3. Flush tank trip lever assembly.
4. Nuts (lock, slip, coupling or bonnet).
5. Spuds or inserts (for handles).
6. Handles, faucet.

## LIST C—NO METAL PERMITTED

## Number and item:

1. Floats (ball cock), except for spud.
2. Flush balls, except for spud and inserts.
3. Pop-up wastes.
4. Trip-lever wastes, or other mechanical waste assembly.
5. Escutcheons.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4774; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:49 a. m.]

## PART 1293—BUILDING MATERIALS

[General Limitation Order L-157, Schedule III, as Amended Apr. 4, 1944]

## MANUALLY-OPERATED WOOD AND SPECIAL PURPOSE SAWS

Section 1293.4, *Schedule III to Limitation Order L-157* is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 1293.4 *Schedule III to Limitation Order L-157*—(a) *Definitions*. For the purposes of this schedule:

(1) "Producer" means any person who manufactures, stamps or otherwise fabricates manually-operated wood and special purpose saws.

(2) "Manually-operated wood and special purpose saws" means the following saws:

- (i) Handsaws, crosscut and rip.
- (ii) Mitre, cabinet, and back saws.
- (iii) Compass and keyhole saws and nests of saws.
- (iv) Special purpose handsaws of the kinds listed in Table 4.
- (v) Pruning saws.
- (vi) Cordwood (buck) and pulpwood saws.

(vii) Crosscut saws, two-man.

(viii) Crosscut saws, one-man.

(ix) Ice saws.

(3) "Quota" means (i) 20 percent of the dollar sales value of the saws on a specified table of Appendix A manufactured by a producer during 1941, plus (ii) the dollar sales value of such saws manufactured by a producer in accordance with special authorizations (appeals) granted to him by the War Production Board during 1943.

(4) "Lend-Lease government" means the government of any foreign country entitled to receive material or equipment under the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act).

(5) "Non-conforming saws" means any manually-operated wood and special purpose saws other than the types, grades, sizes and number of models set forth in Appendix A of this schedule.

(b) *Simplified practices*. Pursuant to Limitation Order L-157, no producer shall manufacture any manually-operated wood and special purpose saws other than the types, grades, sizes and number of models set forth in Appendix A. An exception to this rule appears in paragraph (c).

(c) *Production of non-conforming saws*. As an exception to the rule set forth in paragraph (b), non-conforming saws may be manufactured to fill orders (1) for a Lend-Lease government, (2) from any person holding an export license issued by the Foreign Economic Administration, or (3) from persons located in the Dominion of Canada. However, during the year 1944, and during every calendar year thereafter, no producer shall manufacture more non-conforming saws, by dollar value, than he manufactured to fill the above three

kinds of orders during 1943 in compliance with this order. This limitation does not apply table-by-table to the saws covered by the tables in Appendix A but is merely an over-all limitation on the production of non-conforming saws.

(d) *Limitations on volume of production of saws listed in Tables 2, 3, 4 and 5*. During the year 1944, and during every calendar year thereafter, no producer shall manufacture more saws listed in Table 2, 3, 4 or 5 than his quota (as defined in paragraph (a) (3)) of saws in the respective table. Thus, he cannot manufacture more Table 2 saws than his quota of Table 2 saws. There are the following exceptions to this rule:

(1) Docking, dehorning and mine saws may be manufactured without charging their dollar sales value against the quota permitted for Table 4 saws;

(2) A producer need not charge against his quota the dollar sales value of saws produced to fill orders from or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration;

(3) A producer need not charge against his quota the dollar sales value of any non-conforming saws which he manufactures. (Restrictions on the production of non-conforming saws appear in paragraph (c) above.)

(e) *Reports*. Each producer of manually-operated wood and special purpose saws shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as the Board shall from time to time require, subject to approval by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 4th day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

## APPENDIX A

## EXPLANATIONS AND LIMITATIONS

(1) "Model" as used in the following Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10 shall designate one combination of saw details. Such details as are not specified may be selected by the manufacturer, provided that the different combinations of details for a given kind and grade of saw do not exceed the number of models to which such saw is limited.

(2) "Gages" as referred to in the following Tables are Birmingham or Stubs' wire gages, and are subject to commercial tolerances.

(3) "Length & Width of Blades" as referred to in the following Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7a, 8, 9, and 10 are subject to commercial tolerances, except where minima and maxima are specified.

(4) [Revoked Mar. 16, 1944]

## GRADES OF HANDSAWS

*A-Grade*. Blades shall be of best quality selected saw steel, free from harmful dirt, segregation, and inclusions. The steel shall be either alloy steel or carbon steel, but both kinds may not be used. If carbon steel is selected, the steel shall be cross rolled and

show a fine fracture grain; and the carbon content shall be not less than 0.80, or more than 0.95 per cent, phosphorus and sulphur not more than 0.035 per cent, and silicon not less than 0.15 per cent.

The blade shall be tempered to a Rockwell hardness of not less than 48 or more than 52 on the C scale.

The blade shall be true and full taper ground, i. e., uniform in thickness along the entire length of the cutting edge, tapered in thickness from the tooth edge to the back and along the back from the handle to the point. This taper is to be uniform and not less than 4 gages. The thickness of the cutting edge shall be not less than 0.032 in. or more than 0.042 in., and the thickness of the back at the handle not less than the cutting edge.

The teeth of cross cut saws shall be bevel filed, and the teeth of rip saws filed straight through. The teeth shall be set, but the set shall not extend more than one-half the depth of the tooth.

Handles shall be of suitable hardwood, properly seasoned, and free from cracks, checks, and other defects, and shall be given a protective coating to aid in preventing warping, swelling, or shrinkage. Handles shall be fastened to blades with not more than 5 steel screws.

The blade of each saw shall be permanently branded to permit its identification.

*B-Grade*. Blades shall be of standard quality steel free from harmful dirt and inclusions, and shall show a fine fracture grain. The carbon content shall be not less than 0.70, or more than 0.95 percent, phosphorus and sulphur not more than 0.040 percent, and silicon not less than 0.15 percent. The blade shall be tempered to a Rockwell hardness of not less than 46, or more than 48 on the C scale.

The blade shall be taper ground, uniform in thickness along the entire length of the cutting edge, tapered in thickness from the tooth edge to the back and along the back from the handle to the point. This taper is to be uniform and not less than 2 or more than 3 gages. The back at the handle shall not be thinner than the cutting edge.

The teeth of both cross cut and rip saws to be filed and set, but the set shall not extend more than one-half the depth of the tooth.

The handle shall be of seasoned hardwood, free from cracks, checks, or other defects, shall be given a protective coating to aid in preventing warping, swelling, and shrinkage, and shall be fastened to the blade with not more than 4 steel screws.

The blade of each saw shall be permanently branded to permit its identification.

*C-Grade*. No C-Grade handsaws shall be manufactured on and after the 28th day of December 1942 except to fill orders received by the manufacturers on or before the 21st day of December 1942, but no such C-Grade handsaws shall be manufactured on or after the 5th day of February 1943.

*Private brands*. The blades of all handsaws manufactured for distribution under private brands shall have the qualities specified above, and shall be permanently branded to permit their identification. The handles of such saws may vary in design from the manufacturers' standard: *Provided*, That no manufacturer shall make, for any saw distributed under private brands, more than 3 different designs of handles in addition to his standard handles.

## FEDERAL REGISTER, Wednesday, April 5, 1944

TABLE 3—COMPASS, KEYHOLE, AND NESTS OF SAWS

| Grade and kind   | Length <sup>1</sup> | Blade dimensions |                     |                    |                 | Number of points per inch | Kind         | Length <sup>1</sup> | Blade  | Points per inch |
|--|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------|-----------------|
|  |                     | Point            | Width               | Min.               | Max.            |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| COMPASS SAWS   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| A. Grade: <sup>2</sup>   |                     | In.              | In.                 | In.                | In.             | In.                       |              |                     |        |                 |
| Regular style, skew back; One model in each length.  | 20                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$     | 5                  | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 10           |                     | In. 12 | Taper ground.   |
| Three 26-in.-models.   | 22                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$     | 6                  | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 12     | do              |
| One 24-in.-model.  | 24                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 2                   | 6                  | 7               | 7                         | 7, 8, 10, 11 |                     | 12     | do              |
| Narrow or ship-point style, skew or straight back:   | 26                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 2                   | 6                  | 7               | 7                         | 7, 8, 10, 11 |                     | 12     | do              |
| Two 26-in.-models.   | 24                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 5                   | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$    | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 12     | do              |
| One 20-in.-model.  | 20                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 5                   | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$    | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 12     | do              |
| B. Grade: <sup>2</sup>   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| Narrow or ship-point style, skew or straight back:   | 26                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$     | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$    | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 10     | Taper ground.   |
| Two 26-in.-models.   | 24                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 5                   | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$    | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 10     | Taper ground.   |
| One 20-in.-model.  | 20                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 5                   | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$    | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 10     | Flat ground.    |
| KEYHOLE SAWS   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| Grade 1:   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| For wood cutting, tooth filed and set, hardwood handle.  | 26                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 6                   | 7                  | 7               | 7                         | 7, 8, 10, 11 |                     | 12     | Flat ground.    |
| For metal cutting.   | 24                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 5                   | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$    | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 12     | Flat ground.    |
| Grade 2:   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| Standard model: Hardwood handle with either open- or pistol-type grip (one only).                    | 26                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 6                   | 7                  | 7               | 7                         | 7, 8, 10, 11 |                     | 12     | Flat ground.    |
| For wood cutting, tooth filed and set, hardwood handle.  | 24                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 5                   | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$    | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 12     | Flat ground.    |
| Grade 3:   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| Standard model: Hardwood handle with either open- or pistol-type grip (one only), carving optional.  | 26                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 6                   | 7                  | 7               | 7                         | 7, 8, 10, 11 |                     | 10     | Taper ground.   |
| Standard model: Blade tapered, hardwood handle.  | 24                  | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  | 5                   | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$    | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$           | 8, 10        |                     | 10     | Flat ground.    |
| NESTS OF SAWS  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| Standard combination (one grade only):   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| One hardwood handle and 3 blades to fit as follows:  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| One keyhole blade.   | 10                  |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     | do     | 10              |
| One compass blade.   | 12                  |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     | do     | 8               |
| One pruning blade.   | 16                  |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     | do     | 8               |
| NAIL-ENTCUTING COMBINATION (one grade only):   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| Same as standard combination, but with nail-cutting blade substituted for pruning blade, as follows: |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| One nail cutting blade (one only).   | 16 or 18            |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     | do     | 12 or 15        |
| <sup>1</sup> Plus or minus $\frac{1}{16}$ inch.  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| TABLE 4—SPECIAL PURPOSE SAWS   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| Kind   | Length <sup>1</sup> | Blade dimensions |                     |                    |                 | Points per inch           | Kind         | Length              | Width  | Points per inch |
|  |                     | Thickness        | Length <sup>1</sup> | Width <sup>1</sup> | Min.            |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| MITRE BOX SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| CABINET SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| FLAT-GROUND SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| COPING SAW   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| BACK SAWS  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| CABINET SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| COPING SAW   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| DEBONING SAW   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| PLASTERER'S SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| TOOLBOX SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| BEAD SAW   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| VENEER SAW   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| KITCHEN SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| PLUMBER'S SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| FLOORING OR FIREMAN'S SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| PATTERN MAKER'S SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| STAIR BUILDER'S SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| DEBONING SAW   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| PLASTERER'S SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| BEAD SAW   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| VENEER SAW   |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| KITCHEN SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| PLUMBER'S SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| FLOORING OR FIREMAN'S SAW  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| MINE SAW, WITH WOOD HANDLE ONLY  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |
| DOVETAIL SAW (1 model in each length)  |                     |                  |                     |                    |                 |                           |              |                     |        |                 |

<sup>1</sup> Plus or minus  $\frac{1}{16}$  inch.  
<sup>2</sup> For the purposes of this schedule grades are defined as shown in the section immediately above entitled "grades of handsaws."

TABLE 2—MITRE, CABINET, AND BACK SAWS

| Kind                                  | Length <sup>1</sup> | Blade dimensions |                     |                    |      | Points per inch | Kind | Length | Width | Points per inch |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------|-----------------|------|--------|-------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                                       |                     | Thickness        | Length <sup>1</sup> | Width <sup>1</sup> | Min. | Max.            |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| MIRE BOX SAW                          |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| CABINET SAW                           |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLAT-GROUND SAW                       |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| COPING SAW                            |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| BACK SAWS                             |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| CABINET SAW                           |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| COPING SAW                            |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| DEBONING SAW                          |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| PLASTERER'S SAW                       |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOOLBOX SAW                           |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| BEAD SAW                              |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| VENEER SAW                            |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| KITCHEN SAW                           |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| PLUMBER'S SAW                         |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLOORING OR FIREMAN'S SAW             |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| MINE SAW, WITH WOOD HANDLE ONLY       |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| DOVETAIL SAW (1 model in each length) |                     |                  |                     |                    |      |                 |      |        |       |                 |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>1</sup> Distance from underside of back to cutting edge.  
<sup>2</sup> Plus or minus  $\frac{1}{16}$  inch.

|  |                     |                     |    |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|----|
| Grade 1.—Steel frame $3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 5\frac{1}{2}''$ with hardwood handle, and threaded blade stretcher adjustable by turning handle (one model). | In. 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | In. 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 18 |
| Grade 2.—Wire rod frame $\frac{1}{4}$ diameter for hoop-end blade, hardwood handle with plug to prevent turning (one model).                             | 6                   | 6                   | 18 |
| Cable saw.   |                     |                     |    |
| Docking saw, with wood handle only.  | 14                  |                     |    |
| Plumber's saw.   | 12                  |                     |    |
| Flooring or fireman's saw.   | 14                  |                     |    |
| Pattern maker's saw.   | 14                  |                     |    |
| Stair builder's saw.   |                     |                     |    |
| Deboning saw.  |                     |                     |    |
| Plasterer's saw.   |                     |                     |    |
| Toolbox saw.   |                     |                     |    |
| Bead saw.  |                     |                     |    |
| Veneer saw.  |                     |                     |    |
| Kitchen saw.   |                     |                     |    |
| Pork packer's saw.   |                     |                     |    |
| Mine saw, with wood handle only.   |                     |                     |    |
| Dovetail saw (1 model in each length)  |                     |                     |    |

<sup>1</sup> Approximately.

<sup>2</sup> One model, one size only.

<sup>3</sup> Two models, each in two lengths and one tooth style.

TABLE 5—PRUNING SAWS

NOTE: Items 13 and 14 amended Apr. 4, 1944.

| Description <sup>1</sup>  | Blade size |                    |                   |
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|   | Length     | Width              |                   |
|   |            | Point <sup>2</sup> | Butt <sup>3</sup> |
| 1. Curved, tapered blade with hardwood lacquered handle, 7 or 8 points per in. <sup>4</sup> to cut on draw stroke, one model in each of two teeth types.  | 14         | 3/4                | 1 1/2             |
| 2. Curved, tapered blade with long lacquered hardwood handle, 5 1/2 points per in. to cut on draw stroke.   | 14         | 5/8                | 2 1/4             |
| 3. Folding pattern, with curved, tapered blade and lacquered hardwood folding handle, 6 or 6 1/2 points per in. <sup>4</sup> to cut on draw stroke.   | 12         | 3/4                | 1 1/2             |
| 4. Folding pattern, with curved, tapered blade and lacquered folding hardwood handle, 8 points per in. to cut on draw stroke.   | 12         | 3/4                | 1 1/2             |
| 5. Slightly curved and tapered blade with large hardwood lacquered handle; 8 points per in. on convex edge, 6 on concave edge, latter to cut on draw stroke.  | 18         | 1 1/4              | 3 1/2             |
| 6. Straight, tapered, high tempered blade with large hardwood handle; 8 points per in. on one edge, lightning-type teeth on the other, teeth filed and set.   | 18         | 3/4                | 2 1/4             |
| 7. Same as No. 6, except blade to be of standard saw steel.   | 18         | 3/4                | 2 1/4             |
| 8. Standard type, tapered skew back blade, with hardwood handle, having a large hole for gloved hand, 7 points per in.  | 20         | 1 1/8              | 5                 |
| 9. Same as No. 8, but with large tuttle or champion type teeth.   | 24         | 1 1/8              | 5 1/2             |
| 10. Same as No. 8, but with 6 points per in., bevel filed and set.  | 26         | 1 1/4              | 6                 |
| 11. Flat steel frame tapered to a narrow point, and arranged to hold blade taut at 4 different angles, hardwood handle, 8 points per in.  | 14         | 3/4                | 3/4               |
| 12. Saw and shear combination, with malleable iron socket and hook, socket 1 to 1 1/4 in. in diameter, shear to cut up to 3/4 in. in diameter, blade 8 points per in.   | 10 3/4     | (6)                | (6)               |
| 13. Curved, tapered blade, with malleable iron socket for pole, arranged for adjustment of angle of saw blade with bolt and wing nut or attached directly to the pole, 8 points per in. to cut on draw stroke.              | 15         | 3/4                | 2 1/4             |
| 14. Curved, tapered walnut-pruning blade, with teeth in butt to hold adjustment in sprocket of pruning saw socket, heavy stamped socket with hook and wing nut and bolt, or attached directly to the pole, 6 points per in. | 20         | 1 1/4              | 3 1/2             |

<sup>1</sup> Each number to be made in one grade and one model only, except No. 1, which may be made in two styles of teeth.<sup>2</sup> Tolerance: Plus or minus 1/16 inch.<sup>3</sup> Plus or minus 3/4 inch.<sup>4</sup> Tolerance: Plus or minus 1/4 inch.<sup>5</sup> Optional.<sup>6</sup> One or the other, not both.<sup>7</sup> Plus or minus 1 inch.

TABLE 6—BUTCHER SAWS

NOTE: Table 6 revoked Apr. 4, 1944.

TABLE 7—CORDWOOD (BUCK) SAWS, AND PULPWOOD SAWS

NOTE: Table 7 amended Apr. 4, 1944.

| Kind   | Frame                 |   | Blades <sup>1</sup> |
|--|-----------------------|---|---------------------|
|  | Size                  | Bracing   |                     |
| <b>CORDWOOD (BUCK) SAWS</b>  |                       |   |                     |
| Grade 1: Special selected hardwood frame, with lacquered finish, one model in each length.     | In.<br>30<br>36<br>42 | Double brace, single or double riveted, hardwood. | 1 to 10             |
| Grade 2: Standard selected hardwood frame, with sanded finish, one model in each length.       | 30<br>36<br>42        | Single straight or double brace.                  |                     |
| <b>PULPWOOD SAWS</b>   |                       |   |                     |
| Tubular steel frame tempered for strength, with suitable blade fastening and lacquered finish: | 30                    |   |                     |
| One non-adjustable model in each length.   | 36                    |   |                     |
| One adjustable model.  | 42<br>48 max.         |   | 11 to 15            |

TABLE 7A—BLADES FOR CORDWOOD (BUCK) SAWS AND PULPWOOD SAWS

NOTE: Table 7A amended Apr. 4, 1944.

| No. | Grade   | Style    | Length | Width       | Teeth       |
|-----|---|----------|--------|-------------|-------------|
|     |   |          | Inches | Inches      |             |
| 1   | <b>CORDWOOD (BUCK) SAWS</b>   |          |        |             |             |
| 2   |   | Straight | 30     |             |             |
| 3   |   | do       | 36     |             |             |
| 4   | Grade 1: Either alloy or high carbon steel (but not both); tapered or flat rolled (but not both). | do       | 42     |             |             |
| 5   |   | Breasted | 30     |             |             |
| 6   |   | do       | 36     |             |             |
| 7   |   | do       | 42     | 1 and 1 1/4 | 2 patterns. |
| 8   | Grade 2: Carbon steel, flat rolled.   | Straight | 30     |             |             |
| 9   |   | do       | 32     |             |             |
| 10  |   | do       | 36     |             |             |
|     |   | do       | 42     |             |             |
| 11  | <b>PULPWOOD SAWS</b>  |          |        |             |             |
| 12  | Grade 1: Either alloy or high carbon steel (but not both); tapered or flat rolled (but not both). | Straight | 30     |             |             |
| 13  |   | do       | 32     |             |             |
| 14  |   | do       | 36     | 1           |             |
| 15  |   | do       | 42     | 1 and 1 1/4 | 2 patterns. |
|     |   | do       | 48     | 1           |             |

<sup>1</sup> See table 7A.

TABLE 8—TWO-MAN CROSS-CUT SAWS

| Class       | Kind                    | Length          | Maximum width   | Gage at cutting edge | Number of different saws to be made in each length of each class <sup>1</sup> |
|-------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|---|
| HOLLOW BACK |                         |                 |                 |                      |   |
| 1           | Eastern, narrow         | 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 14 or 15             | 2   |
|             |                         | 5               | 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 6               | 5               | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 5               | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
| 2           | Eastern, medium         | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6               | do                   | 4   |
|             |                         | 6               | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
|             |                         | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
|             |                         | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 13 or 14             | 2   |
|             |                         | 6               | 6               | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6               | do                   | 2   |
| 3           | Western, falling        | 7               | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 8               | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 10              | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6               | 14 or 15             | 2   |
| 4           | Wide gullet lance tooth | 6               | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 5               | 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
| 5           | Parallel pattern        | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
|             |                         | 6               | 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
|             |                         | 5               | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
| 6           | STRAIGHT BACK           | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6               | do                   | 4   |
| 6           | Eastern, medium         | 6               | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
|             |                         | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
|             |                         | 7               | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
| 7           | Eastern, wide           | 5               | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 13 or 14             | 4   |
|             |                         | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 4   |
|             |                         | 6               | 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 5               | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 13 or 14             | 4   |
|             |                         | 6               | 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
| 8           | Western bucking         | 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |
|             |                         | 7               | 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ | do                   | 2   |

<sup>1</sup> The figures in this column designate the maximum different combinations of characteristics in which a given class and length of saw may be made by a single manufacturer, subject to the qualifications given below. The characteristics referred to are (1) grade, (2) type of teeth, (3) amount of taper (including flat ground as zero taper), (4) gage of cutting edge, (5) width, and (6) breast.

In other words, any variation in any one of the above characteristics as between two saws of the same class and length would make them different saws. They might, of course, differ in all those characteristics.

Saws of classes 4, 5, and 7 are permitted to be made in two types of teeth, and saws of class 6, in three types of teeth. If a manufacturer elects to make them in only one type of teeth, he shall not make more than two different saws in each length in these classes. Thus, no saw shall be made in more than two different grades.

Saws of the same class and length and type of tooth, but of different grade or gage, may vary slightly in width, provided the total different saws of a given class and length does not exceed the figure given in column 6.

TABLE 9—ONE-MAN CROSSCUT SAWS

NOTE: Table 9 amended Apr. 4, 1944.

| Grade and kind  | Length          | Gage at cutting edge | Number of gages taper | Maximum blade dimensions |        |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------|
|   |                 |                      |                       | Point                    | Butt   |
| Grade 1: Tapered straight or skew-back blade, with hardwood handle attached with not more than 3 steel screws, and supplementary handle, one model in each of 2 tooth designs in each length, except that the 4-foot length may be made in three models provided each model has a different tooth design. | Feet            |                      |                       | Inches                   | Inches |
| Grade 2: Same as grade 1, but of lower grade steel and flat ground blade, one model in each of 2 tooth designs in each length, except that the 4-foot length may be made in three models provided each model has a different tooth design.  | 3               | 16                   | 2 to 3                |                          |        |
|   | 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 16                   | 2 to 3                |                          |        |
|   | 4               | 15 or 16             | 2 to 3                |                          |        |
|   | 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 15 or 16             | 2 to 3                |                          |        |
|   | 3               | 16                   | None                  |                          |        |
|   | 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 16                   | do                    |                          |        |
|   | 4               | 16                   | do                    |                          |        |
|   | 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 16                   | do                    |                          |        |

TABLE 10—ICE SAWS

| Kind   | Length | Width                                 | Gage            |
|--|--------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| HAND ICE SAW   |        |                                       |                 |
| Straight-back, flat-ground blade, with hardwood handle, plain teeth, one grade, one model.                   | Inches | 26                                    | 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| POND ICE SAW   |        |                                       | 14              |
| Straight back, flat-ground blade, with hole in butt for tiller handle, teeth optional, one grade, one model. |        | 60 {5 at point.....<br>7 at butt..... | 11              |

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PART 3114—SIMPLIFICATION AND STANDARDIZATION OF PORTABLE TOOLS, CHUCKING EQUIPMENT, MECHANICS' HAND SERVICE TOOLS, FILES, HACK AND BAND SAWS, VISES, MACHINE TOOL ACCESSORIES

[Limitation Order L-216, Schedule II, as Amended Apr. 4, 1944]

WRENCHES

§ 3114.3 Schedule II to Limitation Order L-216—(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this schedule:

(1) "Wrench" means any wrench of any type specifically mentioned in Appendix A of this schedule, including any drive tools therefor. Wrenches of a type not specified in Appendix A of this schedule are not subject to its provisions.

(2) "Producer" means any person engaged in the production of wrenches.

(3) "Distributor" means any person who purchases wrenches for purposes of resale, excluding persons who purchase wrenches for resale to their own employees and persons who purchase wrenches for resale as accessories for delivery with or use with items of their own manufacture.

(4) "Ultimate consumer" means any person who purchases wrenches other than a distributor.

(5) "Alloy steel" means only those alloy steels which are in the series listed in Exhibit B to General Preference Order E-6.

(6) "Nominal", when applied to any over-all length specification contained in this schedule, means that such over-all length specification is subject to a production tolerance or allowance of one-half inch over or one-half inch under the given specification; provided that a "nominal" specification does not permit the production of two different size wrenches under the one specification.

(b) *Restrictions on production.* (1) No producer shall commence processing any carbon or alloy steel for the production of any wrench unless such wrench when completed shall conform to all provisions of this schedule which are applicable thereto.

(2) Where any provision of this schedule prohibits the production of any wrench heretofore produced by a producer and such producer believes this imposes unreasonable hardship upon him, application for specific permission to continue the production of such wrench for the life of usable dies acquired by the producer prior to March 25, 1943 may be made to the War Production Board. Application for such permission may be made by filing a letter in triplicate setting forth a detailed description of the wrench for which permission to continue production is sought, the number of usable dies for such wrench on hand, the date of their acquisition, and the approximate number of wrenches or parts therefor which such dies are capable of producing.

(c) *Limitation on the use of steel.* Except where alloy steel only is specified, producers may make any of the permitted types of wrenches out of carbon or alloy steel. However, they must not make the same type in both carbon and alloy steel unless specifically permitted to do so by Appendix A of this schedule.

(d) *Limitation on styles, grades and dimensions.* Except where specifically permitted by Appendix A of this schedule, no producer shall:

(1) Make more than one style or pattern of any type of wrench.

(2) Make more than one grade of any type of wrench.

(3) Make any size wrench permitted by Appendix A of this schedule to more than one set of dimensions.

(e) *Limitation on finishes.* (1) Wrenches may have finishes applied to them only to the following extent: They may be coated with oil or grease compound or chemical black, or lacquered, parkerized, or lead or zinc coated.

(2) Polishing is prohibited except to the extent necessary to make the wrench usable for the purposes intended; in no event shall any wrench be polished on more than one wheel, or one belt, or one similar polishing device.

(f) *Limitation on production and delivery of sets.* (1) Except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph (f), no producer shall make for his own inventory and no distributor shall acquire for his inventory or shelf stock any sets of wrenches. Any number of wrenches in excess of one which have been grouped for purposes of sale as a unit shall be deemed a "set" for the purposes of this paragraph.

(2) Nothing contained in this paragraph shall prohibit:

(i) A producer from producing sets to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer, or

(ii) A distributor from making up a set or sets of wrenches to fill a specific order placed by an ultimate consumer, or

(iii) The production and placement of sets in either a producer's or a distributor's inventory or shelf stock of those  $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch drive detachable socket wrenches permitted to be produced and maintained in inventory by Appendix A and those open-end ignition (or electrical) wrenches permitted to be produced and maintained in inventory by Appendix A.

(g) *Limitations on sizes and inventories.* (1) No producer shall make any wrenches of any type specified in Appendix A of this schedule except in the sizes therein authorized and for the purposes therein set forth.

(2) If, with respect to any type of wrench, it is indicated that one or more sizes on Appendix A shall be selected, each producer shall select such sizes as he may desire to manufacture within the limitations prescribed, not to exceed the number so indicated and shall forthwith give notice of his selection in writing to the War Production Board, Tools Division, Reference: L-216, Schedule II. The producer may thereafter apply to the War Production Board for leave to

amend his original selection, but unless and until such leave is granted by the War Production Board in writing, the original selection shall remain binding upon such producer.

(3) No producer or distributor shall maintain inventories of any wrenches of any type specified in Appendix A of this schedule except in the sizes in which inventories are specifically permitted by such Appendix A in the hands of either producers or distributors.

(h) *Limitation on segregation by brand or trade name.* Notwithstanding the provisions of any contract or purchase order, no producer shall hold or reserve wrenches for a particular customer if deliveries under orders from other customers entitled to preference will be delayed thereby, whether or not such wrenches are stamped or marked with a special brand or trade name.

(i) *Exemptions.* Notwithstanding any other provisions of this schedule, the following are exempt from the provisions herein contained.

(1) The production of any wrenches which has been commenced prior to May 31, 1943, provided such wrenches will be completed within ninety days after May 31, 1943.

(2) Wrenches for Whitworth and Metric bolts and nuts;

(3) Shanks, chucks, or sockets for power driven nut runners or impact power drivers.

(j) *Applicability of other orders.* All the provisions of General Preference Order E-6 which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this schedule shall apply to the production and delivery of wrenches.

Issued this 4th day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

APPENDIX A

I. WRENCHES, OPEN-END, NON-ADJUSTABLE

(a) *Type: Engineers', double-head, 15° angle, normal duty.* (1) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size combination specified by such ultimate consumer.

(2) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                                     |                                     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| $\frac{5}{16}$ and $\frac{13}{32}$  | $\frac{13}{16}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$   |
| $\frac{5}{16}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$    | $\frac{13}{16}$ and $\frac{15}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$    | $\frac{7}{8}$ and $\frac{15}{16}$   |
| $\frac{7}{16}$ and $\frac{9}{16}$   | $\frac{7}{8}$ and $\frac{31}{32}$   |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{9}{16}$    | $\frac{7}{8}$ and 1                 |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{13}{32}$   | $\frac{15}{16}$ and 1               |
| $\frac{9}{16}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$    | $\frac{15}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{16}$  |
| $\frac{13}{32}$ and $\frac{11}{16}$ | $\frac{15}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$   |
| $\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$     | $\frac{31}{32}$ and $\frac{1}{16}$  |
| $\frac{11}{16}$ and $\frac{25}{32}$ | 1 and $\frac{1}{8}$                 |
| $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{13}{16}$   | $\frac{1}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$    |
| $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$     | $\frac{15}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$   |
| $\frac{25}{32}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$   | $\frac{17}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{16}$  |

Provided, however, A producer may make this type in the following additional size combinations for such producer's own inventory:

|                                    |                                   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$  | $2\frac{3}{8}$ and $2\frac{3}{4}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{8}$ | 3 and $3\frac{3}{8}$              |
| $1\frac{3}{16}$ and 2              | $3\frac{1}{8}$ and $3\frac{1}{4}$ |
| $2\frac{1}{4}$ and $2\frac{5}{8}$  |                                   |

(b) *Type: Engineers', double-head, 15° angle, heavy duty.* (1) This type shall be made of alloy steel only.

(2) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size combination specified by such ultimate consumer, except that no wrench of this type shall be made with a wrench opening of less than  $\frac{3}{16}$ " or more than  $1\frac{1}{8}$ "

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                                     |                                     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| $\frac{3}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$    | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $2\frac{5}{32}$ |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{5}{16}$    | $\frac{3}{4}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$   |
| $\frac{5}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{8}$    | $2\frac{5}{32}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{5}{16}$ and $1\frac{3}{32}$  | $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$     |
| $\frac{7}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{16}$    | $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$   |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{16}$    | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{9}{16}$    | 1 and $1\frac{1}{8}$                |
| $\frac{9}{16}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$    | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$  |
| $1\frac{3}{32}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$     | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $2\frac{5}{32}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $2\frac{5}{32}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |

Provided, however, A producer may make this type in the following additional size combinations for such producer's own inventory:

|                                    |
|------------------------------------|
| $1\frac{1}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$  |
| $1\frac{5}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$ |

(c) *Type: Engineers', single-head, 15° angle, normal duty.* (1) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size specified by such ultimate consumer.

(2) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following sizes (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| $\frac{5}{8}$   | $3\frac{1}{32}$ |
| $\frac{1}{2}$   | 1               |
| $\frac{1}{2}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{9}{16}$  | $1\frac{1}{8}$  |
| $1\frac{3}{32}$ | $1\frac{1}{4}$  |
| $\frac{5}{8}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{3}{4}$   | $1\frac{1}{2}$  |
| $2\frac{5}{32}$ | $1\frac{1}{8}$  |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ |

(d) *Type: Engineers', single-head, 15° angle, heavy duty.* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size specified by such ultimate consumer.

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory except in the following sizes (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $2\frac{1}{4}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{8}$  | $2\frac{3}{8}$ |
| 2               |                |

(4) No distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock.

(e) *Type: Check nut, or thin-head, double-head 15° angle.* (1) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size specified by such ultimate consumer.

(2) No producer shall make this type wrench for his own inventory except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                                     |                                     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| $\frac{3}{8}$ and $\frac{7}{16}$    | $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$   |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{9}{16}$    | $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$   |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ and $1\frac{3}{32}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{8}$  |
| $\frac{9}{16}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$    | 1 and $1\frac{1}{8}$                |
| $1\frac{3}{32}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$  |
| $\frac{9}{16}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$    | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $2\frac{5}{32}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $2\frac{5}{32}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$ |

(3) No distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock.

(f) *Type: Tappet, double-head, 15° angle.*

(1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

NOTE: First item added Apr. 4, 1944.

|                                    |                                   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| $\frac{3}{8}$ and $\frac{7}{16}$   | $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{16}$  |
| $\frac{7}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$   | $\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{11}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{16}$ and $\frac{13}{32}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$   |

(3) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(g) *Type: Set screw, double-head, 22½° angle.* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                                  |                                  |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{5}{16}$ | $\frac{9}{16}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$ |
| $\frac{9}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{8}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$  |
| $\frac{7}{16}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ | 1 and $\frac{1}{16}$             |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(h) *Type: Tool post, double-end.* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Closed end</b> | <b>Open end</b>     |
| <b>inches</b>     | <b>inches</b>       |
| $\frac{7}{16}$    | and $\frac{3}{16}$  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$     | and $\frac{1}{2}$   |
| $\frac{1}{2}$     | and $\frac{3}{16}$  |
| $\frac{9}{16}$    | and $\frac{9}{16}$  |
| $\frac{5}{8}$     | and $\frac{5}{8}$   |
| $\frac{5}{8}$     | and $\frac{11}{16}$ |
| $\frac{11}{16}$   | and $\frac{11}{16}$ |
| $\frac{3}{4}$     | and $\frac{3}{4}$   |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(3) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any combination of sizes or head patterns specified by such ultimate consumer.

(i) *Type: Ignition (or electrical), double-head.* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any combination of sizes or head angles, and in any head pattern specified by such ultimate consumer.

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock in more than eight size combinations. Sizes of openings and angles of heads are optional, provided that such wrenches may be made only in the size range of  $1\frac{3}{16}$ " to  $\frac{7}{16}$ ", inclusive.

(j) *Type: Structural, offset tapered handle.* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes (stated in wrench openings in inches):

NOTE: List amended Apr. 4, 1944.

|                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| $\frac{7}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$    | $1\frac{1}{8}$   |
| $\frac{9}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{4}$   |
| $1\frac{9}{32}$  | $1\frac{5}{16}$  |
| $\frac{5}{8}$    | $1\frac{7}{16}$  |
| $1\frac{11}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{2}$   |
| $\frac{3}{4}$    | $1\frac{3}{8}$   |
| $2\frac{5}{32}$  | $1\frac{11}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{13}{16}$ | $1\frac{13}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$    | $1\frac{7}{8}$   |
| $3\frac{1}{32}$  | 2                |

1

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(3) No producer shall make any size wrench of this type in more than one length of tang.

(4) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size opening or type of opening specified by such ultimate consumer.

(k) *Type: Construction, 15° angle.* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| $\frac{7}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$    | $1\frac{1}{8}$   |
| $\frac{9}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{4}$   |
| $1\frac{9}{32}$  | $1\frac{5}{16}$  |
| $\frac{5}{8}$    | $1\frac{7}{16}$  |
| $1\frac{11}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{2}$   |
| $\frac{3}{4}$    | $1\frac{3}{8}$   |
| $2\frac{5}{32}$  | $1\frac{11}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{13}{16}$ | $1\frac{13}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$    | $1\frac{7}{8}$   |
| $3\frac{1}{32}$  | 2                |
| 1                |                  |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(3) No producer shall make any size wrench of this type in more than one length of tang.

(4) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size opening or type of opening specified by such ultimate consumer.

(l) *Type: Car, double end.* (1) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size opening specified by such ultimate consumer.

(2) No distributor shall acquire this type for his own inventory or shelf stock.

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, except in the following sizes:

|                                      |                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| $\frac{5}{8}$ and $1\frac{3}{16}$    | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{2}$  |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$    | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{8}$  |
| $1\frac{3}{16}$ and 1                | $1\frac{1}{2}$ and $1\frac{11}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{16}$    | $1\frac{1}{2}$ and $1\frac{1}{8}$   |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{8}$   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{8}$  |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{13}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $2\frac{1}{16}$ |
| 1 and $\frac{1}{16}$                 | $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $2\frac{3}{8}$  |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$   | $1\frac{1}{8}$ and $2\frac{1}{16}$  |
| $1\frac{1}{8}$ and $1\frac{9}{16}$   | $1\frac{1}{8}$ and $2\frac{1}{4}$   |
| $1\frac{1}{8}$ and $1\frac{1}{2}$    | $1\frac{1}{8}$ and $2\frac{7}{16}$  |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{1}{2}$   | $2\frac{1}{16}$ and $2\frac{7}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ and $1\frac{13}{16}$ | $2\frac{1}{16}$ and $2\frac{7}{16}$ |

(m) *Prohibited types.* No producer shall make the following types of open-end, non-adjustable wrenches:

Offset wrenches and wrenches having an angle other than 15° or 22½°.

Check-nut, single-head wrenches (except to fill specific orders placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer).

"S" wrenches, except car wrenches.

Alligator wrenches.

Machine wrenches (heavy wrenches for planers, milling machines, lathes, drill presses, etc., having cross sections thicker than the producer's standard for other types).

#### II. WRENCHES, ADJUSTABLE, BOLT AND NUT, AND PIPE

(a) *Type: 22½° angle single end.* (1) A producer may make this type of both carbon and alloy steel.

(2) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes (stated in nominal over-all length in inches):

|    |          |
|----|----------|
| 4  | 12       |
| 6  | 15 or 16 |
| 8  | 18       |
| 10 | 24       |

(3) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(b) *Type: Adjustable "S", malleable iron handle.* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes (stated in nominal over-all length in inches):

|    |    |
|----|----|
| 6  | 12 |
| 8  | 14 |
| 10 |    |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(c) *Type: Auto, normal duty and heavy duty.* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes (stated in nominal over-all length in inches):

|    |    |
|----|----|
| 5  | 15 |
| 9  | 18 |
| 11 |    |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(d) *Type: Monkey, with metal grip.* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes (stated in nominal over-all length in inches):

|    |    |
|----|----|
| 10 | 18 |
| 12 | 21 |
| 15 |    |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(e) *Type: Screw, key model.* A producer may make this type only in the following sizes (stated in nominal over-all length in inches and jaw openings in inches) to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer:

|    |                |
|----|----------------|
| 28 | $5\frac{1}{8}$ |
| 36 | $6\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 48 | $9\frac{1}{2}$ |

(f) *Type: Pipe (Stillson, Trimo, Rigid, etc.), steel handle, normal duty and heavy duty.* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes (stated in nominal over-all length in inches):

|    |    |
|----|----|
| 6  | 18 |
| 8  | 24 |
| 10 | 36 |
| 14 | 48 |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(g) *Type: Pipe, chain (or tongs).* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes:

|                                  |    |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Nominal over-all length (inches) |    |
| 13 $\frac{3}{4}$                 | 42 |
| 20                               | 50 |
| 27                               | 64 |
| 35                               | 85 |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(h) *Type: Pipe and fittings, chain (or tongs).* (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes:

|                                  |    |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Nominal over-all length (inches) |    |
| 13 $\frac{3}{4}$                 | 42 |
| 20                               | 50 |
| 27                               | 64 |
| 35                               |    |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(i) *Prohibited types:* No producer shall make the following types of adjustable, bolt and nut, or pipe wrenches:

Pocket wrenches.

Combination pipe and monkey wrenches.

Adjustable 22½° double end wrenches.

## III. BOX WRENCHES

(a) *Type: Double-head, 12 point, alloy steel, 15° or 45° offset (short length).* (1) This type shall be made of alloy steel only.

(2) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

$\frac{5}{16}$  and  $\frac{7}{16}$   
 $\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{7}{16}$   
 $\frac{7}{16}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{9}{16}$

$\frac{5}{16}$  and  $\frac{7}{16}$   
 $\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{11}{16}$   
 $\frac{7}{16}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{9}{16}$

(3) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(4) No producer shall make any size wrench of this type in both the 15° and 45° pattern.

(b) *Type: Double-head, 12 point, 15° offset (short length).* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

$\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{9}{16}$   
 $\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{11}{16}$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{9}{16}$

$\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{11}{16}$   
 $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{25}{32}$   
 $\frac{13}{16}$  and  $\frac{9}{16}$

(3) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(c) *Type: Double-head, 12 point, alloy steel, 15° and 45° offset (regular length).* (1) This type shall be made of alloy steel only.

(2) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size combination specified by such ultimate consumer except that no wrench of this type shall be made with a wrench opening larger than  $1\frac{1}{8}$ ".

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

NOTE: Fourth item in second column amended April 4, 1944.

$\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{7}{16}$   
 $\frac{7}{16}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{9}{16}$   
 $\frac{9}{16}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 $\frac{13}{16}$  and  $\frac{11}{16}$   
 $\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{11}{16}$   
 $\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{25}{32}$

$\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{7}{16}$   
 $\frac{13}{16}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 $\frac{13}{16}$  and  $1$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $1\frac{1}{8}$   
 $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $1\frac{1}{8}$   
 $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $1\frac{1}{8}$   
 $\frac{11}{16}$  and  $1\frac{1}{8}$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $1\frac{1}{8}$

Provided, however, A producer may make this type in the following additional sizes for such producer's own inventory:

$1\frac{7}{16}$  and  $1\frac{5}{8}$

(d) *Type: Double-head, 12 point carbon steel, 45° offset (regular length).* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size combination specified by such ultimate consumer except that no wrench of this type shall be made with a wrench opening larger than  $1\frac{1}{8}$ ".

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following size combinations (stated in wrench openings in inches):

$\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{7}{16}$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{9}{16}$   
 $\frac{5}{8}$  and  $\frac{11}{16}$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{25}{32}$

$1\frac{7}{16}$  and  $\frac{7}{16}$   
 $\frac{13}{16}$  and  $1$   
 $\frac{11}{16}$  and  $1\frac{1}{8}$

(e) *Type: Stub, 12 point (heavy duty).* (1) This type shall be made of alloy steel only.

(2) No producer shall make this type wrench whether for an ultimate consumer or for such producer's own inventory except in sizes from  $1\frac{1}{16}$ " to  $3\frac{1}{8}$ ", inclusive.

(3) No distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock.

(f) *Type: Slugging or striking face 6 or 12 point (heavy duty).* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size specified by such ultimate consumer.

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock.

(g) *Type: Combination box and open-end.* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) No producer shall make this type wrench for his own inventory and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following sizes (stated in wrench openings in inches):

|                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| $\frac{5}{16}$  | $1\frac{3}{16}$ |
| $\frac{3}{8}$   | $\frac{7}{8}$   |
| $\frac{7}{16}$  | $1\frac{5}{16}$ |
| $\frac{1}{2}$   | 1               |
| $\frac{9}{16}$  | $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{5}{8}$   | $1\frac{3}{8}$  |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{4}$  |
| $\frac{3}{4}$   |                 |

Provided, however, A producer may make this type in the following additional sizes for such producer's own inventory:

$1\frac{5}{16}$        $1\frac{7}{16}$

(h) *Type: Single-end, flare nut, 12 point.* (1) This type shall be made of alloy steel only.

(2) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size specified by such ultimate consumer, except that no wrench of this type shall be made with a wrench opening larger than 2".

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following sizes (stated in wrench opening larger than 2").

acquire drive tools for his inventory or shelf stock except as follows:

Sliding T-handle.

Spin type speeder.

Ratchets (types not limited).

2" (nominal) extension.

6" (nominal) extension.

6" (nominal) hinged handle.

Cross bar.

(6) [Deleted Apr. 4, 1944]

(b) *Type:  $\frac{3}{8}$ " square drive.* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) No producer shall make this type wrench except in those quantities required to service necessary replacements of existing wrenches of this type required by customers who have been previously sold by such producer.

(3) No distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock.

(c) *Type:  $\frac{3}{8}$ " square drive.* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type together with any drive tools therefor to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size, style, or pattern specified by such ultimate consumer.

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following sizes:

OPENINGS IN INCHES (DISTANCE ACROSS FLATS)

| Regular<br>12 Point<br>Pattern | Flex<br>12 Point<br>Pattern |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| $\frac{3}{8}$                  | $\frac{3}{8}$               |
| $\frac{7}{16}$                 | $\frac{7}{16}$              |
| $\frac{1}{2}$                  | $\frac{1}{2}$               |
| $\frac{9}{16}$                 | $\frac{9}{16}$              |
| $\frac{5}{8}$                  | $\frac{5}{8}$               |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$                | $1\frac{1}{16}$             |
| $\frac{3}{4}$                  | $\frac{3}{4}$               |

| Detachable<br>Crowfoot<br>Pattern | Deep<br>Pattern |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| $\frac{7}{16}$                    | $\frac{7}{8}$   |
| $\frac{1}{2}$                     | $\frac{7}{16}$  |
| $\frac{9}{16}$                    | $\frac{1}{2}$   |
| $\frac{5}{8}$                     | $\frac{9}{16}$  |
| $\frac{3}{4}$                     | $\frac{5}{8}$   |
| $1\frac{1}{16}$                   | $1\frac{1}{16}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$                     | $\frac{3}{4}$   |
| 1                                 | $1\frac{3}{16}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{4}$                    |                 |
| $1\frac{7}{16}$                   |                 |

(4) No producer may make drive tools for his own inventory and no distributor shall acquire drive tools for his inventory or shelf stock except as follows:

Speeder, crank type.

Sliding T-handle.

Ratchets (types not limited).

8" (nominal) extension.

6" (nominal) extension.

9" (nominal) extension.

12" (nominal) extension.

Universal joint.

Hinged handle.

Cross bar.

(5) [Deleted Apr. 4, 1944]

(d) *Type:  $\frac{1}{2}$ " square drive.* (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type together with any drive tools therefor to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size, style, or pattern specified by such ultimate consumer.

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following sizes:

| Hexagon socket<br>opening<br>(distance across<br>flats) | Square socket<br>opening<br>(distance across<br>flats) |
|---|--|
| Inch  | Inch   |
| $\frac{3}{16}$  | $\frac{3}{16}$   |
| $\frac{7}{32}$  | $\frac{7}{32}$   |
| $\frac{1}{4}$   | $\frac{1}{4}$  |
| $\frac{9}{32}$  | $\frac{9}{32}$   |
| $\frac{5}{16}$  | $\frac{5}{16}$   |
| $\frac{11}{32}$   | $\frac{11}{32}$  |
| $\frac{3}{8}$   |  |
| $\frac{7}{16}$  |  |

(4) No producer shall make any size wrench of this type with hexagon socket in both 6 and 12 point or with square socket in both 4 and 8 point.

(5) No producer may make drive tools for his own inventory and no distributor shall

## OPENINGS IN INCHES (DISTANCE ACROSS FLATS)

| Regular Pattern | Deep Pattern | Square Pattern |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 12 Point        | 12 Point     | 8 Point        |
| 7/16            | 7/16         | 7/16           |
| 1/2             | 1/2          | 1/2            |
| 9/16            | 9/16         | 9/16           |
| 19/32           | 5/8          | 5/8            |
| 5/8             | 1 1/16       | 1 1/16         |
| 11/16           | 3/4          | 3/4            |
| 3/4             | 13/16        | 13/16          |
| 23/32           | 7/8          | 7/8            |
| 13/16           | 1 5/16       | 1              |
| 7/8             | 1            |                |
| 15/16           | 1 1/16       |                |
| 1               | 1 1/8        |                |
| 1 1/16          |              |                |
| 1 1/8           |              |                |
| 1 3/16          |              |                |
| 1 1/4           |              |                |

(4) No producer may make drive tools for his own inventory and no distributor shall acquire drive tools for his inventory or shelf stock except as follows:

4 7/64" screw driver bit, drag link pattern.  
15 1/16" screw driver bit, drag link pattern.  
15 1/16" screw driver bit, drag link pattern.

Speeder, crank type.

Sliding T-handle.

Ratchets (types not limited).

5" (nominal) extension.

10" (nominal) extension.

20" (nominal) extension.

Universal joint.

Stud removers.

Choice of 15" or 18" (nominal) hinged handle.

Cross bar.

(5) [Deleted Apr. 4, 1944]

(e) Type: 3/4" square drive, hexagon.  
(1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type together with any drive tools therefor to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size, style, or pattern specified by such ultimate consumer.

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following sizes:

## REGULAR PATTERN—12 POINT

SOCKET OPENINGS (DISTANCE ACROSS FLATS)  
INCHES

|        |        |         |
|--------|--------|---------|
| 1 1/16 | 1 1/8  | 1 11/16 |
| 1 1/8  | 1 1/16 | 1 3/4   |
| 1 3/16 | 1 1/2  | 1 3/16  |
| 1 1/4  | 1 1/16 | 1 1/8   |
| 1 5/16 | 1 1/8  | 2       |

(4) No producer may make drive tools for his own inventory and no distributor shall acquire drive tools for his inventory or shelf stock except as follows:

Sliding T-handle.

Ratchet.

8" (nominal) extension.

16" (nominal) extension.

Universal joint.

Hinged handle.

Cross bar.

(5) [Deleted Apr. 4, 1944]

(f) Type: 1" square drive. (1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type together with any drive tools therefor to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size, style,

or pattern specified by such ultimate consumer.

(3) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in the following sizes:

SOCKET OPENINGS (DISTANCE ACROSS FLATS)  
INCHES

|       |       |         |
|-------|-------|---------|
| 1 1/8 | 2 1/4 | 2 3/4   |
| 2     | 2 3/8 | 2 15/16 |
| 2 1/8 | 2 1/2 | 3 1/8   |
| 2 5/8 | 2 5/8 |         |

(4) No producer shall make any size wrench of this type in both 6 and 12 point.

(5) No producer may make drive tools for his own inventory and no distributor shall acquire drive tools for his inventory or shelf stock except as follows:

Sliding T-handle.

Ratchet.

8" (nominal) extension.

17" (nominal) extension.

Cross bar.

(6) [Deleted Apr. 4, 1944]

(g) Type: Drawn steel sockets. (1) A producer may make this type and any drive tools therefor to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size specified by such ultimate consumer.

(2) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory, or shelf stock.

(h) Type: Socket wrench drive adaptors.

(1) [Revoked Mar. 23, 1944]

(2) A producer may make this type in any size.

(3) There are no restrictions on carrying this type in inventory.

(i) Type: Integral, T-handle and offset, square and hexagon opening. (1) A producer may make this type together with any drive tools therefor to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size, style, or pattern specified by such ultimate consumer.

(2) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock except in those sizes catalogued by such producer on March 25, 1943.

(j) Type: Spinner, hexagon, straight. (1) No producer shall make this type wrench except in the following sizes:

SOCKET OPENINGS (DISTANCE ACROSS FLATS)  
INCHES

|      |       |      |
|------|-------|------|
| 3/16 | 9/32  | 3/8  |
| 7/32 | 5/16  | 7/16 |
| 1/4  | 11/32 | 1/2  |

(2) There are no restrictions on carrying this type wrench in inventory in the permitted sizes.

(k) Type: Spinner, special wrenches for industrial applications. (1) A producer may make this type to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size specified by such ultimate consumer.

(2) No producer shall make this type for his own inventory, and no distributor shall acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock.

(l) Type: Special socket wrenches and drive tools for refrigeration and carburetor applications. (1) A producer may make this type together with any drive tools therefor to fill a specific order placed directly or indirectly by an ultimate consumer in any size, style, or pattern specified by such ultimate consumer.

(2) A producer may make this type for his own inventory and a distributor may acquire this type for his inventory or shelf stock only in 1/4" and 3/8" drives.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4776: Filed, April 4, 1944; 11:49 a. m.]

PART 3285—LUMBER AND LUMBER PRODUCTS  
[Conservation Order M-361, Direction 1, as Amended Apr. 3, 1944]

## DELIVERIES OF SOUTHERN YELLOW PINE LUMBER TO FARM MACHINERY MANUFACTURERS

The following direction is issued in accordance with Order M-361, paragraph (g):

(a) This direction tells how a manufacturer of farm machinery may get the restricted Southern yellow pine lumber he needs for production material without having to file on Form WPB-2720.

(b) A manufacturer of farm machinery must endorse the following certificate on his purchase orders:

All restricted Southern yellow pine lumber covered by this purchase order or contract is required in order to enable me to fulfill an authorized production schedule for the production of farm machinery and equipment. Delivery may be made to me under Direction 1 to Order M-361, with the terms of which I am familiar.

Purchaser  
By \_\_\_\_\_  
Duly authorized official

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
(c) Any producer may sell, ship, or deliver restricted Southern yellow pine lumber (either directly or through one or more intervening persons) to fill any order or contract bearing such a certificate. The use of the above form of certificate by the buyer and delivery by the producer is subject to all the terms and conditions of M-361 with respect to certified orders, so far as applicable. No one may use the certificate to get more lumber than the minimum necessary to fulfill his authorized schedules for the production of farm machinery, or to get lumber for any use except as production material: for example, no one can get lumber under this direction for boxing and crating his product. The inventory restrictions of paragraph (f) of Order M-361 are waived so long as the above restrictions are complied with.

(d) Manufacturers of farm machinery who get Southern yellow pine lumber under this direction shall report by letter, ten days after the end of each quarter, to the War Food Administration, Office of Materials and Facilities, Washington, D. C., stating their inventories of Southern yellow pine for production material at the beginning of the quarter, the amount delivered to them for production material during the quarter, and the amount used for production material during the quarter, whether obtained under this direction or in some other way. This reporting requirement has been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(e) Manufacturers of farm machinery do not have to get restricted Southern yellow pine lumber under this direction unless they want to. They may get it in any other way that is allowed under M-361. For example, a small manufacturer who buys from a mill producing less than 10,000 board feet a day may prefer not to change his arrangement. Manufacturers who buy from a limited num-

ber of sources may prefer to file on WPB-2720.

(f) "Farm machinery" means farm machinery and equipment as defined in Orders L-257 and L-257-a. "Production material" means material for the production of farm machinery.

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4730; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:56 a. m.]

#### Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration

##### PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS [RMPR 291,<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 3]

###### CERTAIN SYRUPS AND MOLASSES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation 291 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1 (e) is added to read as follows:

(e) *Cane blackstrap molasses and beet sugar final molasses.* Cane blackstrap molasses is the final by-product liquid from the cane sugar refining process after the extraction of all commercially available sucrose. Beet sugar final molasses is a final by-product liquid from beet sugar manufacturing and includes straight house or whole molasses and Steffens discard molasses.

2. Section 11a is added to read as follows:

SEC. 11a. *Maximum prices for domestic cane blackstrap molasses and beet sugar final molasses.* (a) This section does not apply to (1) sales at retail, (2) sales at wholesale by persons whose entire sales during the period between August 1, 1941 and March 31, 1942 were made in less than tank car lots, (3) sales to manufacturers of ethyl alcohol, butyl alcohol and acetone or other solvents, and (4) sales of imports.

(b) Producers' and distributors' maximum prices for cane blackstrap molasses and beet sugar final molasses produced in the areas specified below, sold f. o. b. mill, in tank cars, shall be as follows:

Area No. 1: Louisiana, Florida, Texas, Georgia, and Alabama—18 per gallon, 42 degrees Baumé.

Area No. 2: New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina—18½<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> per gallon, 42 degrees Baumé.

Area No. 3: California—\$26.00 per ton of 2,000 pounds.

Area No. 4: Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Utah, Montana, Colorado, Wyoming, Kansas, South Dakota, and Nebraska, excluding Grand Island—\$29.00 per ton of 2,000 pounds.

Area No. 5: Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, and Grand Island, Nebr.—\$34.60 per ton of 2,000 pounds.

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup>8 F.R. 16508; 9 F.R. 795, 2562.

No. 68—4

Or in all areas the sellers' maximum price as determined under § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) Maximum delivered prices shall be determined by adding to the prices set out in (a) the amount actually paid for freight, on the quantity delivered, up to but not in excess of the lowest available freight rate from the producer's mill to the buyer's receiving point.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4701; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:35 a. m.]

##### PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[MPR 421,<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 8]

###### CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN FOODS SOLD AT WHOLESALE

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 421 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 8 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 8. *Invoices and receipts.* You must give each of your customers an invoice, receipt or other evidence of purchase in connection with every sale, retaining a copy for your files. Each such record you prepare and give your customer must show the date of sale, the name and address of your customer, your name and address, each food item sold, and the price you charged for it. Be sure that your description of each item shows the kind, brand, variety, container-size and container-type.

In addition, you must, on or before May 8, 1944, file with your nearest District OPA office a list of the items of canned fruits and canned vegetables you sell for which OPA regulations require processors to notify purchasers of the grade. (For example, in Maximum Price Regulation No. 306<sup>2</sup> certain items are listed by grades such as "A", "B", "C", or "Fancy", "Extra Standard" and "Standard". Each processor selling such an item must furnish the purchaser with an invoice describing the item and separately stating its grade.) The list must give your name and address, and the name of each brand and the grade thereof. If at any time the grade is changed so that it is different from the grade shown on the list, or if you offer for sale an item which you were not selling at the time you filed your list, you must, within 5 days of such change or such addition, notify your nearest District OPA office thereof.

<sup>1</sup>8 F.R. 9388, 10569, 10987, 13293, 15250, 15607, 17367, 17368; 9 F.R. 2562.

<sup>2</sup>8 F.R. 16896, 17224, 17295, 17482; 9 F.R. 287, 96, 1710, 2237.

If you sell more than one grade of any canned fruit or canned vegetable under the same brand name, you must show, on each invoice, the grade of each such item.

2. Section 32 (b) (12) is amended to read as follows:

(12) "Fruits, dried and dehydrated" (packaged or bulk) includes, but is not limited to, fresh dates, stuffed dried fruits, dried dates and figs, pitted dates, and macerated dates. Excluded are fruit confections, candied or glazed fruits and peels, and date products.

NOTE: The 1943 pack of dried fruits shall be considered a different item from the 1942 pack of dried fruits, and you must figure separate ceiling prices for each item of the 1943 pack.

3. Section 32 (b) (15) is amended to read as follows:

(15) "Jams, jellies, preserves, honey and peanut butter" includes, but is not limited to, tomato preserves, marmalade, fruit preserves, fruit butters, smooth or crunch-type nut butters, honey butter, and all extracted honey (including combinations of extracted and comb honey) packaged in containers of a capacity of 15 pounds or less. Excluded are cranberry jelly or sauce.

4. Section 32 (b) (19) is amended to read as follows:

(19) "Meat, canned" includes, but is not limited to, canned or glassed chicken and turkey products, chicken-and-noodles, chili con carne, meat spreads, meat gravy, pickled meats, ravioli, spaghetti-and-meatballs, stews, tamales and tripe. Excluded are mincemeat, frozen food products in which meat, chicken and turkey are combined with other ingredients, frozen meat gravies, and frozen meat stews.

5. The text preceding the list of items in section 32 (b) (37) is amended to read as follows:

(37) "Miscellaneous foods" shall include all other dry grocery items except those specifically excluded in paragraph (c) of this section. Among the items included under this heading are the following:

6. In section 32 (b) (37), the item "Date products" is added in alphabetical order and the items "Corn starch" and "Egg nog, bottled" are amended to read as follows:

Corn starch, edible or gloss (packaged in containers of ten pounds or less).

Egg nog (non-alcoholic), bottled.

7. In section 32 (c), the following items are added in alphabetical order to the list of commodities excluded:

Corn starch, edible or gloss (packaged in containers of more than ten pounds).

Pet foods (except cat and dog foods or any frozen cat or dog foods).

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

## FEDERAL REGISTER, Wednesday, April 5, 1944

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4703; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:37 a. m.]

## PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[MPR 422;<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 13]

## CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN FOODS SOLD AT RETAIL GROUP 3 AND GROUP 4 STORES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 422 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 38 (b) (12) is amended to read as follows:

(12) "Fruits, dried and dehydrated" (packaged or bulk) includes, but is not limited to, fresh dates, stuffed dried fruits, dried dates and figs, pitted dates, and macerated dates. Excluded are fruit confections, candied or glazed fruits and peels, and date products.

NOTE: The 1943 pack of dried fruits shall be considered a different item from the 1942 pack of dried fruits, and you must figure separate ceiling prices for each item of the 1943 pack.

2. Section 38 (b) (15) is amended to read as follows:

(15) "Jams, jellies, preserves, honey and peanut butter" includes, but is not limited to, tomato preserves, marmalade, fruit preserves, fruit butters, smooth or crunch-type nut butters, honey butter, and all extracted honey (including combinations of extracted and comb honey) packaged in containers of a capacity of 15 pounds or less. Excluded are cranberry jelly or sauce.

3. The text preceding the list of items in section 38 (b) (37) is amended to read as follows:

(37) "Miscellaneous foods" shall include all other dry grocery items except those specifically excluded in paragraph (c) of this section. Among the items included under this heading are the following:

4. In section 38 (b) (37), the item "Date products" is added in alphabetical order and the items "Corn starch" and "Egg nog, bottled" are amended to read as follows:

Corn starch, edible or gloss (packaged in containers of ten pounds or less).

Egg nog (non-alcoholic), bottled.

5. In section 38 (c), the following items are added in alphabetical order to the list of commodities excluded:

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup> 8 F.R. 9395, 10569, 10987, 12443, 12611, 13294, 15251, 14853, 15386, 15607, 17369, 17370; 8 F.R. 95.

Corn starch, edible or gloss (packaged in containers of more than ten pounds).

Pet foods (except cat and dog foods or any frozen cat or dog foods).

6. The first paragraph of section 39 (b) (1) is amended to read as follows:

(1) *Dairy products.* "Butter" (packaged or bulk) means only butter from milk, including, but not limited to, processed, salted, unsalted, and whipped butter. Excluded are peanut, nut, fruit or honey butters.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4704; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:37 a. m.]

## PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[MPR 423;<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 14]

## CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN FOODS SOLD AT RETAIL IN INDEPENDENT STORES DOING AN ANNUAL BUSINESS OF LESS THAN \$250,000 (GROUP 1 AND GROUP 2 STORES)

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 423 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 27 (b) (12) is amended to read as follows:

(12) "Fruits, dried and dehydrated" (packaged or bulk) includes, but is not limited to, fresh dates, stuffed dried fruits, dried dates and figs, pitted dates, and macerated dates. Excluded are fruit confections, candied or glazed fruits and peels, and date products.

NOTE: The 1943 pack of dried fruits shall be considered a different item from the 1942 pack of dried fruits, and you must figure separate ceiling prices for each item of the 1943 pack.

2. Section 27 (b) (15) is amended to read as follows:

(15) "Jams, jellies, preserves, honey and peanut butter" includes, but is not limited to, tomato preserves, marmalade, fruit preserves, fruit butters, smooth or crunch-type nut butters, honey butter, and all extracted honey (including combinations of extracted and comb honey) packaged in containers of a capacity of 15 pounds or less. Excluded are cranberry jelly or sauce.

3. The text preceding the list of items in section 27 (b) (37) is amended to read as follows:

(37) "Miscellaneous foods" shall include all other dry grocery items except

those specifically excluded in paragraph (c) of this section. Among the items included under this heading are the following:

4. In section 27 (b) (37), the item "Date products" is added in alphabetical order and the items "Corn starch" and "Egg nog, bottled" are amended to read as follows:

Corn starch, edible or gloss (packaged in containers of ten pounds or less).

Egg Nog (non-alcoholic), bottled.

5. In section 27 (c), the following items are added in alphabetical order to the list of commodities excluded:

Corn starch, edible or gloss (packaged in containers of more than ten pounds).

Pet foods (except cat and dog foods or any frozen cat or dog foods).

6. The first paragraph of section 28 (b) (1) is amended to read as follows:

(1) *Dairy products.* "Butter" (packaged or bulk) means only butter from milk, including, but not limited to, processed, salted, unsalted, and whipped butter. Excluded are peanut, nut, fruit or honey butters.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4697; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:38 a. m.]

## PART 1396—FINE CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND COSMETICS

[MPR 353;<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 4]

## ANHYDROUS CAFFEINE

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Section 1396.59 (c) (2) is amended by adding at the end thereof a paragraph to read as follows:

Citro Chemical Company of America, Maywood, New Jersey, may sell and deliver to industrial or commercial consumers anhydrous caffeine produced from tea waste at a price no higher than \$4.25 per pound.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4699; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:39 a. m.]

<sup>1</sup> 8 F.R. 3951, 6441, 13125, 16155.

## PART 1306—IRON AND STEEL

[RPS 49,<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 21]

## RESALE OF IRON OR STEEL PRODUCTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Section 1306.159 (u) (1) (v) is amended to read as follows:

(v) "Rail rate of freight" means the lowest filed or published rail tariff rate for the shipment of material included in the order to be shipped, plus 3% of such rate. When a minimum charge per shipment is applicable, such minimum charge shall be considered the freight rate.

This amendment shall be effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765, Pub. Laws 151, 78th Cong., E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4742; Filed, April 8, 1944;  
3:41 p. m.]

## PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RMPR 150,<sup>2</sup> Corr. to Amdt. 4]FINISHED RICE AND RICE MILLING  
BY-PRODUCTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this correction, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Amendment 4 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 150 is corrected in the following respects:

1. Section 5 (c) (5) is added to read as follows:

(5) "Importer" means any person who imports rice or rice milling by-products from a foreign country into the United States or who makes the first sale thereof after such importation.

2. Section 6 (c) is amended to read as follows:

(c) The maximum price for the sale or delivery of finished rice by a primary distributor in quantities of 20,000 pounds or less shall be the maximum price for the sale or delivery of finished rice as specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, plus an addition at the rate of 15 cents per 100 pounds, plus inbound and outbound transportation charges actually incurred by the distributor.

This correction shall become effective April 8, 1944.

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 10996; 8 F.R. 490, 1458, 1885, 1972, 3252, 3327, 4385, 4387, 4388, 4513, 4918, 6440, 7666, 7593, 8276, 8751, 9330, 9229, 10667, 11245, 15327, 15428, 15455, 16524, 16842, 16836; 9 F.R. 2135, 2289.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4743; Filed, April 8, 1944;  
3:40 p. m.]

Maximum Price Regulation 289 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1351.1501 (h) is added to read as follows:

(h) Condensed milk, condensed skim milk and condensed products containing milk solids in bulk or bulk packed, and canned sweetened condensed milk—(a) Sales by processors, in bulk or bulk packed. (1) Maximum prices for sales to any class of purchasers shall be those listed in Items 1 and 2 of Table A, f. o. b. processor's plant, subject to the composition adjustments set forth in Item 3 of Table A.

2. Section 1351.1526 is added to read as follows:

§ 1351.1526 Maximum Prices for condensed milk, condensed skim milk and condensed products containing milk solids, in bulk or bulk packed, and canned sweetened condensed milk—(a) Sales by processors, in bulk or bulk packed. (1) Maximum prices for sales to any class of purchasers shall be those listed in Items 1 and 2 of Table A, f. o. b. processor's plant, subject to the composition adjustments set forth in Item 3 of Table A.

TABLE A

| Product                          | Composition percentage<br>(exclusive of moisture) |        |       |                         | In cents per liquid<br>pound (f. o. b. plant) |
|----------------------------------|---|--------|-------|-------------------------|---|
|                                  | Milk fat  | MSNF   | Sugar | In<br>wooden<br>barrels |   |
| Item 1:                          |   |        |       |                         |   |
| Plain condensed skim milk        | 0   | 29     | 0     |                         | 4.06  |
| Super-heated condensed skim milk | 0   | 29     | 0     |                         | 4.39  |
| Item 2:                          |   |        |       |                         |   |
| Plain condensed milk             | 8   | 22     | 0     |                         | 8.28  |
| Super-heated condensed milk      | 8   | 22     | 0     |                         | 8.61  |
| Sweetened condensed skim milk    | 0   | 29     | 42    | 8.08                    | 7.33  |
| Sweetened condensed milk         | 8 1/4   | 19 1/4 | 42    | 12.28                   | 11.53   |

Item 3: *Adjustments.* (i) The maximum prices for products listed in Item 1 of Table A, in bulk or bulk packed, shall be adjusted up or down by adding or deducting \$0.0014 per pound for each change of 1% in the composition percentage of milk solids not fat in the finished product, and fractions of 1% shall be adjusted proportionately.

(ii) The maximum prices for products listed in Item 2 of Table A and for any "miscellaneous condensed product", in bulk or bulk packed, shall be adjusted up or down by the amounts stated below for each change of 1% in the composition percentage of the ingredients in the comparable finished product, and fractions of 1% shall be adjusted proportionately (see examples).

| Ingredient          | Add or deduct<br>per pound |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Milk solids not fat | \$0.00145                  |
| Milk fat            | .0065                      |
| Sugar               | .0006                      |

Example A. If a product contains only 7% fat and 18% MSNF it is not "Plain condensed milk". However, if a processor wishes to supply such a "Miscellaneous Condensed Product" he would figure his maximum price as follows:

Find the price in Table A for the comparable finished product (Plain condensed milk) which is 8.28¢. Since the butterfat is 1% less and MSNF are 4% less than the stated composition of Plain condensed milk, he will deduct \$.0065 for reduction in fat and \$.0058 (\$.00145 x 4) for reduction in MSNF, resulting in a price of 7.05¢ per lb. for the "miscellaneous condensed product".

Example B. If "Plain condensed milk" should contain 8 1/2% fat and 20% MSNF the price is figured by adding to the price in Table A, \$.00325 (1/2 of \$.0065) for 1/2% increase in fat and deducting \$.0029 (\$.00145 x 2) for 2% decrease in MSNF to obtain a price of 8.315¢ instead of 8.28¢ per pound.

(2) "Dry solids" means the number of pounds of dry milk solids not fat in a condensed liquid product.

(3) *Records.* The invoice which the seller is required to deliver to the buyer under § 1351.1505 of this regulation No. 289 shall also state the total net weight of the finished product together with the percentage content of dry solids not fat.

(4) *F. o. b. and delivered prices.* The processor's prices are f. o. b. the processor's plant, however, sales may be made on a delivered basis. If a sale is made on a delivered basis, the maximum delivered price, when delivery is made by a common or contract carrier, shall not exceed the f. o. b. price plus the established transportation charge of such carrier, and actual icing charge if any, incurred from the processor's plant to the buyer's receiving point. If the delivery is made by a vehicle owned or controlled by the processor, the transportation charge shall not exceed the lowest available published rate for contract or common carrier for such delivery. However, instead of the maximum delivered price as stated above, the processor may use,

as a maximum delivered price on a delivery to the buyer's place of business, the f. o. b. price for the particular product plus \$0.015 per liquid pound.

(5) *Allowances and fees.* The maximum prices established for processors shall not be increased by brokerage fees, commissions, or other charges.

(6) *Calculations.* Fractions of a cent remaining after the total price for the quantity sold has been calculated shall be dropped if less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent and increased to the next higher cent if  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent or more.

(b) *Sales by brokers, jobbers and other persons, in bulk or bulk packed.* The maximum prices on sales of condensed milk products, in bulk and bulk packed by brokers, jobbers and other persons to any class of purchasers shall not exceed the

maximum prices set forth in paragraph (a) for processors.

(c) *Sales by processors of canned sweetened condensed milk, in cartons.*

(1) Maximum prices for sales and deliveries by a processor of sweetened condensed milk (as defined in paragraph (d) (15) and containing 42% sugar), in cans, packed in cartons shall be either (i) the prices listed in Table B subject to adjustments for variations in composition and can weights as set forth in (c) (2) below, or (ii) the maximum prices to purchasers (other than the United States Government, or any agency thereof) established by processors under § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation\* whichever shall be the higher:

TABLE B

Prices are subject to the provisions of paragraphs (a) (5) and (a) (6)  
[In dollars and cents per carton]

| If delivered in   | Carton of<br>48 14-oz.<br>cans | Carton of<br>24 14-oz.<br>cans | Carton of<br>48 15-oz.<br>cans | Carton of<br>24 15-oz.<br>cans |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Carloads to the United States Government or any agency thereof, f. o. b. processor's plant or warehouse           | \$6.25                         | \$3.12 $\frac{1}{2}$           | \$6.59                         | \$3.29 $\frac{1}{2}$           |
| Carloads to the customary receiving point of buyers other than the United States Government or any agency thereof | 6.25                           | 3.12 $\frac{1}{2}$             | 6.59                           | 3.29 $\frac{1}{2}$             |
| Less carloads to physical premises of a retail store or of a food processor                                       | 6.40                           | 3.20                           | 6.74                           | 3.37                           |
| Less carloads to the customary receiving point of other buyers  | 6.30                           | 3.15                           | 6.64                           | 3.32                           |

(2) *Composition adjustments.* (i) The maximum prices for cartons of 48 cans, listed in Table B above shall be adjusted up or down for variations in the composition percentage or net weight per can of the finished product as set forth below:

## Per carton of 48 cans

|  |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Composition or can weight:   |                                   |
| Milk fat for each $\frac{1}{2}$ % variation  | 14¢ (add)                         |
| Milk solids not fat, for each 1% variation   | 6¢ (add or deduct)                |
| Sugar, for each 1% variation   | 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ (add or deduct) |
| Can weight, for each $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce variation in net weight per can with standard composition as described in (c) (1) | 17¢ (add or deduct)               |

(ii) Where a product contains added milk fat and increased or decreased milk solids and the net weight of the can is above or below 14 ounces the processor's maximum prices shall be figured as follows:

Find the prices per carton of 48 14-ounce cans, with the varied ingredients in (c) (1) and (c) (2) above and adjust the total amount for each  $\frac{1}{2}$  ounce variation above or below the 14 ounce can weight by adding or deducting,

1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ for each  $\frac{1}{2}$  % of milk fat.

1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ for each 1% of milk solids not fat.

(iii) The price for cartons of 24 cans shall be  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the price for cartons of 48 cans; other quantities in proportion.

(3) Where canned sweetened condensed milk is sold f. o. b. or delivered to any point other than the buyer's customary receiving point, the maximum prices established in paragraphs (c) (1)

and (c) (2), shall be reduced by the cost of transportation between that point and the buyer's customary receiving point, computed in the same manner as delivery charges are computed in paragraph (a) (4).

(d) *Definitions.* (1) "Milk" means cow's milk.

(2) "Skim milk" means cow's milk from which substantially all of the milk fat has been removed.

(3) "MSNF" means milk solids not fat.

(4) "Sugar", except where otherwise specifically limited, means refined sugar (sucrose) or any combination of refined sugar (sucrose) and refined corn sugar (dextrose), or corn syrup.

(5) "Barrel" means a tight wooden barrel costing approximately 1 cent per pound of bulk sweetened condensed milk or of sweetened condensed skim milk.

(6) "Bulk" or "bulk packed" means packed or shipped in any form other than in hermetically sealed containers of one gallon capacity or smaller.

(7) "Buyer's place of business" means the place at which a buyer conducts his principal business operations. This place may be the buyer's warehouse, his manufacturing plant or his wholesale or retail store, depending on the nature of his business.

(8) "Customary receiving point" means that place, in the town or city where the buyer's place of business is located, at which the buyer customarily takes possession of condensed milk products. It may be either a railroad siding or the buyer's warehouse in that town or city.

\* 9 F.R. 1385.

(9) "Processor" means a person who manufactures for sale any of the products described in this section.

(10) "Plain condensed skim milk, concentrated skim milk" is the product resulting from the evaporation of a considerable portion of the moisture from skim milk, and contains not less than 20 percent of the solids of milk or skim milk.

(11) "Super-heated plain condensed skim milk" is plain condensed skim milk in which live steam has been introduced at a stage of processing.

(12) "Plain condensed milk, concentrated milk", is the liquid food made by evaporating sweet milk to such point that it contains not less than 7.9 percent of milk fat and not less than 25.9 percent of total milk solids. It conforms to the definition and standard of identity for plain condensed milk, concentrated milk, promulgated by the Food and Drug Administration and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of July 2, 1940 (5 F.R. 2444).

(13) "Super-heated plain condensed milk" is plain condensed milk in which live steam has been introduced at a stage of processing.

(14) "Sweetened condensed skim milk" is the liquid or semi-liquid product resulting from the evaporation of a considerable portion of the moisture from skim milk to which refined sugar (sucrose) or a combination of refined sugar (sucrose) and refined corn sugar (dextrose) has been added. It contains not less than 24 percent of the solids of milk or skim milk.

(15) "Sweetened condensed milk" is the liquid or semi-liquid food made by evaporating a mixture of sweet milk and refined sugar (sucrose) or any combination of refined sugar (sucrose) and refined corn sugar (dextrose) to such point that the finished sweetened condensed milk contains not less than 28.0 percent of total milk solids and not less than 8.5 percent of milk fat. The quantity of refined sugar (sucrose) or any combination of sugar and refined corn sugar (dextrose) used is sufficient to prevent spoilage. It conforms to the definition and standard of identity for sweetened condensed milk promulgated by the Food and Drug Administration and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of July 2, 1940 (5 F.R. 2445).

(16) "Miscellaneous condensed product" means a condensed or concentrated liquid product, sold in bulk, which is not specifically named in and covered by this § 1351.1526, or by some other maximum price regulation, and the composition of which (exclusive of sugar and moisture) includes more than one-half (by weight or volume) of the solids of milk or skim milk.

(e) Reference to other maximum price regulations governing sales of canned sweetened condensed milk:

(1) Sales at wholesale shall be priced under the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 421\* and at retail under

\* 8 F.R. 9388, 10569, 10987, 13293, 15250, 15607, 17368, 17367; 9 F.R. 2562.

the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation Nos. 422<sup>1</sup> and 423.<sup>2</sup>

(f) *Notification of new maximum price.* With the first delivery of canned sweetened condensed milk after the effective date of this amendment, in any case where the seller's new maximum price is different from the maximum price he previously had for the same item, he shall:

Supply each wholesaler and retailer who purchases from him with written notice as set forth below:

(Insert date)

NOTICE TO WHOLESALEERS AND RETAILERS

Our OPA ceiling price for canned sweetened condensed milk (describe item by kind, variety, grade, brand, style of pack, and container type and size) has been changed by the Office of Price Administration. We are authorized to inform you that if you are a wholesaler or retailer pricing this item under Maximum Price Regulations Nos. 421, 422, or 423, you must refigure your ceiling price for this item on the first delivery of it to you from your customary type of supplier containing this notification after (insert effective date of this amendment). You must refigure your ceiling price following the rules in section 6 of Maximum Price Regulations Nos. 421, 422 or 423, whichever is applicable to you.

For a period of 60 days after determining the new maximum price for the item, and with the first shipment after the 60-day period to each person who has not made a purchase within that time, each seller shall include in each case, carton, or other receptacle containing the item, the written notice set forth above, or securely attach it to the outside. However, for sales direct to any retailer, the seller may supply the notice by attaching it to, or stating it on, the invoice covering the shipment, instead of providing it with the goods.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4752; Filed, April 8, 1944;  
4:40 p. m.]

PART 1360—MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT

[MPR 453,<sup>3</sup> Amdt. 3]

WHOLESALEERS' AND RETAILERS' MAXIMUM PRICES FOR AUTOMOTIVE PARTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup> 8 F.R. 9395, 10569, 10987, 12443, 12611, 13294, 14853, 15251, 15586, 15607, 17369, 17370; 9 F.R. 95.

<sup>2</sup> 8 F.R. 9407, 10570, 10988, 12443, 12611, 13294, 14854, 15587, 15608, 16031, 17371; 9 F.R. 95.

Maximum Price Regulation 453 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1 (c) (1) is amended by inserting after the words "storage batteries", and before the word "glass", the words "sheet or other non-processed".

2. The second sentence of section 2 (c) is amended to read as follows:

Such a sale, purchase or delivery is governed by the Maximum Import Price Regulation.<sup>2</sup>

3. The section headnote of section 5 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 5. *Maximum prices for sales at wholesale and retail of new parts and rebuilt parts when the seller has been notified by his supplier of the applicable maximum price.*

4. The headnote of section 6 is amended to read as follows: "Maximum prices for sales at wholesale and at retail of used motors and of new and rebuilt parts when the seller has not been notified by his supplier of the applicable maximum price."

5. The undesignated paragraph in section 6 prior to subparagraph (a) is amended by the addition of the words "subject to paragraph (d)".

6. Section 6 is amended by the addition of a new paragraph (d) to read as follows:

(d) *Limitation on maximum prices of rebuilt parts other than rebuilt motors.* The maximum price established under this section 6 for a rebuilt part other than a rebuilt motor shall not exceed 85% of the manufacturer's suggested retail list price for the same part (or lacking the same part, the nearest equivalent part) when new.

7. Section 7 is amended by the addition of the following sentence: "However, any maximum price determined under this section for a rebuilt part other than a rebuilt motor shall not exceed 85% of the manufacturer's suggested retail list price for the same part (or lacking the same part, the nearest equivalent part) when new."

8. Article II is amended by adding a new section 7a to read as follows:

SEC. 7a. *Maximum prices for sales at wholesale and retail of used parts other than used motors.* The maximum price for the sale either at wholesale or retail of a used part other than a used motor shall not exceed a percentage of the manufacturer's suggested retail list price for the same part (or lacking the same part, the nearest equivalent part) when new. The percentage to be applied in establishing a maximum price in accordance with this section 7a is as follows:

(a) For the sale of a used part that is usable without rebuilding: 75%.

(b) For the sale of a used part which requires rebuilding before it can be used: 30%.

9. Section 8 is amended to read as follows:

<sup>1</sup> 8 F.R. 11582, 13256, 15458.

<sup>2</sup> 9 F.R. 2350.

SEC. 8. *Federal and state taxes—(a) Addition of actual amount of federal and state taxes.*

A wholesaler or retailer may add to the maximum price established under section 5, 6, 7, or 7a for a part, a tax upon, or incident to, the sale, delivery, transportation or use of the part imposed by any statute or ordinance of the United States or state or subdivision thereof if: (1) he pays the tax, or his supplier pays it and separately charges and collects it from him; and

(2) The tax is not included in the maximum price; and

(3) A statute or ordinance does not prohibit him from separately stating or collecting the tax; and

(4) He states and collects the tax separately from his maximum price; and

(5) Where the tax was in effect in March, 1942, and during that month he paid the tax, or his supplier paid it and separately charged and collected it from him, he stated and collected the tax separately, or stated and collected an allowance separately which included such tax, or, when his maximum price is established under section 5, his March, 1942, price included the tax and was greater than his present maximum price.

(b) *Allowance that may be added instead of manufacturer's Federal Excise Tax.*

A wholesaler or retailer who is entitled to add to a maximum price a manufacturer's federal excise tax under the provisions of paragraph (a) instead of adding such a tax may add an allowance approximating it which shall not exceed 3% of that maximum price if he states this allowance on the invoice (1) separately from all other charges and (2) designates it as "special handling charge authorized by OPA". Wholesalers and retailers are cautioned against representing this allowance as the exact amount of the federal excise tax, since where it is in excess of this tax such a representation may be construed to be a violation of section 3325 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(c) *Transportation tax.* A tax on the transportation of parts imposed by section 3475 of the Internal Revenue Code shall, for purposes of determining the applicable maximum price, be treated as a cost of transportation. It shall not be treated as a tax for which a charge may be made in addition to the maximum price.

10. Section 17 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) "Manufacturer" means a producer of new automotive parts as defined in section 21 of Maximum Price Regulation 452, or a rebuilder of used automotive parts, or any person who sells automotive parts under his own trade name, or who issues to the automotive trade catalogs or price lists containing his parts or catalog numbers and his suggested resale prices for automotive parts.

11. The second sentence of section 17 (e) is amended to read as follows: "Adjustment must be made for all applicable extra charges, discounts or allowances included in the manufacturer's price list

or price sheet for sales to a purchaser of the same class in figuring the list price."

12. The first sentence of section 17 (f) is amended to read as follows:

"Sale at retail" means any sale, other than by a manufacturer defined in paragraph (a), to a purchaser for use and not for resale, and includes sales made by garages when to a purchaser for use.

13. Item 10 of Appendix A is amended by deleting the phrase "ignition wiring harness".

14. Item 20 of Appendix A is amended by deleting the words "wiring harness".

15. Item 21 of Appendix A is amended by deleting the words "wire harness".

16. Item 22 of Appendix A is amended by deleting the words "wire harness".

17. Item 27 of Appendix A is amended to read as follows:

Bodies and cabs designed exclusively for commercial vehicles and busses including component and attaching parts, excepting upholstery.

18. A new item 37 is added to Appendix A to read as follows:

Automotive battery cable and wiring harness when sold or delivered at retail to an ultimate user other than an industrial, commercial or governmental user.

19. Item 3 of Appendix B is amended to read: Sheet or other non-processed glass.

20. Item 20 of Appendix B is amended by deleting the phrase "Sun visors and shields".

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4738; Filed, April 3, 1944; 3:42 p. m.]

**PART 1364—FRESH, CURED AND CANNED MEAT AND FISH PRODUCTS**

[MPR 355,<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 14]

**RETAIL CEILING PRICES FOR BEEF, VEAL, LAMB AND MUTTON CUTS AND ALL VARIETY MEATS AND EDIBLE BY-PRODUCTS**

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Section 2 (d) is amended to read as follows:

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup> 8 F.R. 4423, 4922, 6214, 6428, 7199, 7827, 8185, 8945.

(d) **Chain stores.** Your store is a "chain store" if it is one of four or more stores under one or common ownership which had combined "annual gross sales" for all stores of \$500,000 or more. To determine your "annual gross sales", consult section 13, 14 or 15.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4736; Filed, April 3, 1944; 3:41 p. m.]

| Manufacturer                                | Brand    | Model                    | 1st zone | 2d zone  | 3d zone  | 4th zone | 4A zone |
|---|----------|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| Edison General Electric Appliance Co., Inc. | Hotpoint | 1942 models <sup>2</sup> |          |          |          |          |         |
|   | EA-63-42 | \$126.31                 | \$128.31 | \$131.31 | \$133.31 | \$138.31 |         |
|   | EA-7-42  | 152.20                   | 154.20   | 157.20   | 159.20   | 164.20   |         |
|   | EAS-7-42 | 186.83                   | 188.83   | 171.83   | 173.83   | 181.83   |         |
|   | EB-7-42  | 182.30                   | 184.30   | 187.30   | 189.30   | 197.30   |         |
|   | EBP-7-42 | 202.45                   | 204.45   | 208.95   | 211.95   | 224.95   |         |
|   | EC-7-42  | 222.66                   | 225.16   | 229.16   | 232.16   | 245.16   |         |
|   | EC-8-42  | 242.59                   | 245.59   | 250.59   | 253.59   | 265.59   |         |
|   | ED-8-42  | 263.04                   | 266.04   | 271.04   | 274.04   | 286.04   |         |
|   | ED-12-42 | 450.15                   | 455.15   | 462.65   | 467.65   | 474.15   |         |
|   | ED-16-42 | 511.49                   | 516.49   | 523.99   | 528.99   | 535.49   |         |

This amendment shall become effective on the 8th day of April 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4735; Filed, April 3, 1944; 3:40 p. m.]

**PART 1381—SOFTWOOD LUMBER**

[MPR 513,<sup>3</sup> Amdt. 2]

**YELLOW CYPRESS LUMBER**

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation 513 (Yellow Cypress Lumber) is amended in the following respect:

Section 5 is deleted.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4739; Filed, April 3, 1944; 3:41 p. m.]

**PART 1380—HOUSEHOLD AND SERVICE INDUSTRY MACHINES**

[MPR 110,<sup>2</sup> Amdt. 8]

**RESALE OF NEW HOUSEHOLD REFRIGERATORS**

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 110 is amended in the following respect:

1. Section 1380.110 (a) (1) is amended by adding to the price list of Edison General Electric Appliance Co., Inc., a table of maximum prices for 1942 Model Hotpoint refrigerators, to read as follows:

[Table of maximum prices for 1942 Model Hotpoint refrigerators]

**PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS**

[RO 10,<sup>4</sup> Amdt. 18]

**FOOD RATIONING REGULATIONS FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS**

A rationale accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Ration Order 10 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1407.623 (a) (1) is added to read as follows:

(1) Cornmeal.

2. Section 1407.687 is added to read as follows:

| Ration period            | Stamp valid during ration period (Book 1) | Weight value of stamp (pounds of cornmeal) |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| #9 March 17 to March 19  | No. 9                                     | 2  |
| #10 March 20 to March 26 | No. 10                                    | 2  |
| #11 March 27 to April 2  | No. 11                                    | 2  |
| #12 April 3 to April 9   | No. 12                                    | 2  |
| #13 April 10 to April 16 | No. 13                                    | 2  |
| #14 April 17 to April 23 | No. 14                                    | 2  |
| #15 April 24 to April 30 | No. 15                                    | 2  |

3. Section 1407.704 is added to read as follows:

*§ 1407.704 Designation of amount of rationed commodities allowed per person served by institutional users. (a)*

*\* 7 F.R. 2311, 2543, 2761, 4107, 6052, 7175, 8948, 11070; 8 F.R. 137, 5478.*  
*\* 9 F.R. 2026.*

For computing the amount of the ration of a person for institutional use, pursuant to § 1407.703, the allowance per person served shall be eight (8) pounds per person per month of cornmeal.

This amendment shall become effective March 17, 1944.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, and 507, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7671; W.P.B. Dir. No. 1, E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; F.D. No. 3, 8 F.R. 2005; F.D. No. 9, 8 F.R. 9600)

Issued this 17th day of March 1944.

JACOB A. ROBLES,  
Territorial Director,  
Virgin Islands.

Approved:

JAMES P. DAVIS,  
Regional Administrator,  
Region IX.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4751; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
4:39 p. m.]

PART 1434—MATCHES

[MPR 365,<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 3]

RESALE BOOK MATCHES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

1. Section 12 (a) (10) is amended to read as follows:

(10) "Resale book matches" includes paper matches in books which are intended for distribution to and through retailers. They contain advertising other than that of the purchaser and over which the distributor or retailer has no control; or they contain patriotic or other non-commercial slogans, or non-commercial designs not specially imprinted for one particular customer. They do not include paper matches which light automatically as they are removed from the package and which are known as "pull-quick" matches.

2. Section 12 (a) (11) is amended to read as follows:

(11) "Thank you" type book matches include resale book matches which contain a blank space in place of any advertising matter or of patriotic or other non-commercial slogans or non-commercial designs.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4737; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
3:41 p. m.]

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup> 8 F.R. 4721, 9520, 12560, 13712.

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[Rev. Supp. Reg. 14 to GMPR, Amdt. 113]

FF WOOD ROSIN

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

A new section 4.24 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 4.24 *Sales of FF wood rosin by certain persons*—(a) *Sales by producers*. The maximum price for a carload sale of FF wood rosin in drums, bags or barrels by a producer thereof, whose maximum price for the same sale under the General Maximum Price Regulation was under \$3.18 per 100 pounds f. o. b. plant prior to April 8, 1944, shall be \$3.18 per 100 pounds f. o. b. plant. Maximum prices for sales in other containers and quantities shall be established by applying to the above price the dollar and cent differentials established for those sales under the General Maximum Price Regulation prior to April 8, 1944. Discounts and allowances established under the General Maximum Price Regulation prior to April 8, 1944, shall be maintained.

(b) *Sales by resellers*. At his option, a reseller of FF wood rosin, acquired by virtue of this section 4.24 at a cost higher than that prevailing prior to April 8, 1944, may establish maximum prices for a sale of this rosin according to the following method, in place of the maximum prices established for such sales by the General Maximum Price Regulation:

(1) Determine from the invoice furnished to him, as required by paragraph (c) of this section 4.24, the amount of the increase per 100 pounds in the price of his supplier for the particular quantity of FF wood rosin permitted by this section 4.24.

(2) Add this increase (in dollars and cents) per 100 pounds to his maximum price per 100 pounds for the sale in question established under the General Maximum Price Regulation prior to April 8, 1944. The resulting figure is the reseller's maximum price under this paragraph (b).

(3) Show the increase per 100 pounds separately on his invoices, as required by paragraph (c) of this section 4.24.

(c) *Invoices*. The producer or reseller shall show as separate items on all invoices for such FF wood rosin the maximum price for the same sale under the General Maximum Price Regulation prior to April 8, 1944, and the adjusted selling price (not in excess of the maximum price under this section 4.24). An invoice containing the above required information shall be furnished the buyer prior to payment by him.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4740; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
3:43 p. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[SR 15,<sup>1</sup> to GMPR,<sup>2</sup> Amdt. 23]

OLEOMARGARINE

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

A new § 1499.75 (a) (13) is added to read as follows:

(13) *Oleomargarine*. The Office of Price Administration may, either on application for adjustment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1,<sup>3</sup> or on its own motion, adjust the maximum prices of a processor or manufacturer of oleomargarine where

(i) The processor's or manufacturer's maximum price is below the general price level prevailing for similar products, and

(ii) The processor or manufacturer is or will be unable to maintain his production at his maximum price or prices, and

(iii) The loss of his production would result in consumers having to pay higher prices for the most nearly similar substitute product available, and

(iv) An increase in his maximum price or prices will enable him to continue production, and

(v) The Administrator is of the opinion that an increase in his maximum price or prices would, under all the circumstances, be in furtherance of the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended.

The maximum price increase that may be granted to a processor or manufacturer under the provisions of this subparagraph (13) shall not cause his price to exceed the general price level prevailing for similar products. Subject to this limitation, an increase in price may be granted not to exceed the total cost of the product, or if the applicant's earnings from all operations before income and excess profits taxes are low in comparison with those of a "representative peace-time period", adjusted for subsequent changes in investment, and if in view of such over-all earnings a small margin of profit is reasonably necessary to permit production, an increase may be allowed estimated to yield such a profit margin.

A "representative peace-time period" means the period of the years 1936 to 1939, inclusive. When 1936 to 1939 does not represent a reasonably normal pre-war (December 7, 1941) period, some other period may be used but its use must be positively justified in the application.

This amendment shall become effective April 8, 1944.

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 8959, 9819, 10584, 11006; 8 F.R. 1201, 6443, 8614, 9026, 11873, 13255, 13395, 13724, 15197, 16298, 16796, 17228; 9 F.R. 755, 908, 1581, 1948.

<sup>2</sup> 9 F.R. 1385.

<sup>3</sup> 8 F.R. 3313, 3533, 6173, 11806; 9 F.R. 1594.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLÉE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4741; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
3:43 p. m.]

**PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS**

[Rev. RO 3, 11th Rev. Zoning Order 1]

**SUGAR; ORDER ESTABLISHING ZONES**

Pursuant to § 1407.168, the Tenth Revised Zoning Order No. 1 is amended to read as follows:

**§ 1407.281 Establishment of zones; authorization of certain deliveries, shipments and transfers.** (a) The following zones are hereby established:

**Zone 1** shall include the States of Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

**Zone 1A** shall include the State of Connecticut.

**Zone 2** shall include that part of the State of New York which is not located in Zone 2A; and Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Passaic, Sussex, and Union Counties in the State of New Jersey.

**Zone 2A** shall include Allegany, Broome, Cattaraugus, Cayuga, Chautauqua, Chemung, Cortland, Erie, Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Niagara, Onondaga, Ontario, Orleans, Oswego, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Tioga, Tompkins, Wayne, Wyoming, and Yates Counties in the State of New York.

**Zone 3** shall include the States of Delaware and Pennsylvania and that part of the State of New Jersey which is not included in Zone 2.

**Zone 3A** shall include that part of the State of Indiana which is not located in Zone 8; and Adams, Athens, Brown, Butler, Clark, Clermont, Clinton, Fairchild, Fayette, Franklin, Gallia, Greene, Guernsey, Hamilton, Highland, Hocking, Jackson, Lawrence, Licking, Madison, Meigs, Monroe, Montgomery, Morgan, Muskingum, Noble, Perry, Pickaway, Pike, Preble, Ross, Scioto, Vinton, Warren, and Washington Counties in the State of Ohio.

**Zone 4** shall include the State of Maryland; Barbour, Berkeley, Braxton, Calhoun, Doddridge, Gilmer, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Harrison, Jefferson, Lewis, Marion, Mineral, Monongalia, Morgan, Pendleton, Pleasants, Preston, Randolph, Ritchie, Taylor, Tucker, Tyler, Upshur, Wetzel, Wirt, and Wood Counties in the State of West Virginia; Accomac, Arlington, Caroline, Charles City, Clarke, Culpeper, Elizabeth City, Essex, Fairfax, Fauquier, Frederick, Gloucester, Greene, Hanover, Henrico, Isle of Wight, James City, King and Queen, King George, King William, Lancaster, Loudoun, Madison, Mathews, Middlesex, Nansemond, New Kent, Norfolk, Northampton, Northumberland, Orange, Page, Prince George, Princess Anne, Prince William, Rappahannock, Richmond, Rockingham, Shenandoah, Southampton, Spotsylvania, Stafford, Surry, Sussex, Warren, Warwick, Westmoreland, and York Counties and the independent

cities of Alexandria, Fredericksburg, Hampton, Harrisonburg, Hopewell, Newport News, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Richmond, South Norfolk, Suffolk, Williamsburg, and Winchester in the State of Virginia; and the District of Columbia.

**Zone 5** shall include all points in the State of North Carolina where the base rate is based on shipments from Baltimore, Maryland; that part of the State of Virginia which is not included in Zone 4; and that part of the State of West Virginia which is not included in Zones 3A and 4.

**Zone 6** shall include the States of Georgia and South Carolina; and that part of the State of North Carolina which is not included in Zone 5.

**Zone 7** shall include that part of the State of Florida which lies east of the Apalachicola River.

**Zone 8** shall include the States of Arkansas, Alabama, Louisiana, and Mississippi; that part of the State of Florida which lies west of the Apalachicola River; Ballard, Caldwell, Calloway, Carlisle, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Henderson, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken, Trigg, Union, and Webster Counties in the State of Kentucky; and Benton, Carroll, Chester, Crockett, Decatur, Dyer, Fayette, Gibson, Hardeman, Hardin, Haywood, Henderson, Henry, Houston, Humphreys, Lake, Lauderdale, McNairy, Madison, Obion, Perry, Shelby, Steward, Tipton, Wayne, and Weakley Counties in the State of Tennessee; and Benton, Boone, Brown, Carroll, Clark, Clay, Clinton, Crawford, Daviess, Dubois, Floyd, Fountain, Gibson, Greene, Harrison, Hendricks, Jasper, Johnson, Knox, Lake, Lawrence, Marion, Martin, Monroe, Montgomery, Morgan, Newton, Orange, Owen, Parke, Perry, Pike, Porter, Posey, Pulaski, Putnam, Spencer, Sullivan, Tippecanoe, Vanderburgh, Vermillion, Vigo, Warren, Warrick, Washington, and White Counties in the State of Indiana.

**Zone 8A** shall include those parts of the States of Kentucky and Tennessee which are not located in Zone 8.

**Zone 9** shall include that part of the State of Texas which is not located in Zone 9A.

**Zone 9A** shall include Andrews, Armstrong, Bailey, Borden, Brewster, Briscoe, Carson, Castro, Childress, Cochran, Collingsworth, Cottle, Crane, Crockett, Crosby, Culberson, Dallam, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Dickens, Donley, Ector, El Paso, Floyd, Gaines, Garza, Glasscock, Gray, Hale, Hall, Hansford, Hartley, Hemphill, Hockley, Howard, Hudspeth, Hutchinson, Irion, Jeff Davis, Kent, King, Lamb, Lipscomb, Loving, Lubbock, Lynn, Martin, Midland, Mitchell, Moore, Motley, Ochiltree, Oldham, Parmer, Pecos, Potter, Presidio, Randall, Reagan, Reeves, Roberts, Scurry, Sherman, Sterling, Stonewall, Swisher, Terrell, Terry, Upton, Ward, Wheeler, Winkler, and Yoakum Counties in the State of Texas.

**Zone 10** shall include the lower peninsula of the State of Michigan; that part of the State of Ohio which is not located in Zone 3A; and Brooke, Hancock, Ohio and Marshall Counties in the State of West Virginia.

**Zone 11** shall include the States of Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, and Wisconsin; the upper peninsula of the State of Michigan; and all counties in the State of Oklahoma except Beaver, Cimarron, and Texas Counties.

**Zone 12** shall include all of the continental United States not included in Zones 1 to 11, inclusive.

(b) "Base rate", as used herein, refers to the lowest published refiners' base rate

in effect on the effective date of this Eleventh Revised Zoning Order No. 1.

(c) Sugar may be delivered, shipped, or transferred as follows:

(1) From Zone 1 to any point in Zone 1A.

(2) From Zone 2 to any points in Zones 1A, 2A, 3A, or 10.

(3) From Zone 3 to any point in Zones 2A, 3A, or 10.

(4) From Zone 6 to any point in Zone 8A or to any point in the City of Bristol located in the State of Virginia.

(5) From Zone 8 to any point in Zones 3A, 8A, 9, or 11, or to any point in the City of Bristol located in the State of Virginia.

(6) From Zone 9 to any point in Zone 9A.

(7) From Zone 12 to any point in Zones 9A or 11.

(d) (1) Granulated sugar in 5 and 10 pound packages and confectioners' sugar in bulk may be delivered, shipped, or transferred from Zone 4 to any point located in Zone 5 and to any point in the City of Bristol located in the State of Tennessee.

(2) Confectioners' sugar in bulk may be delivered, shipped, or transferred from Zone 6 to any point in Zone 7.

(3) Sugar produced in the State of Minnesota may be delivered, shipped or transferred from any point in Zone 11 located in the State of Minnesota to any point in Zone 12 located in the State of North Dakota.

(4) Until April 15, 1944, granulated sugar in two and five pound packages which are clearly labeled to show that the sugar therein may be used during the Passover Holiday by members of the Jewish Faith observing the Orthodox Jewish dietary regulations for that Holiday, may be delivered, shipped, or transferred from any zone to any point in any other zone.

(e) Any carrier who has, prior to the effective date of this Eleventh Revised Zoning Order 1, accepted sugar for a delivery, shipment, or transfer not at that time prohibited by §§ 1407.168 and 1407.281 may complete such delivery, shipment, or transfer after the effective date of this Eleventh Revised Zoning Order No. 1.

This Revised Zoning Order shall become effective April 3, 1944.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong., Executive Order 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; Executive Order 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; WPB Dir. No. 1 and Supp. Dir. No. 1E, 7 F.R. 562, 2965; Food Dir. No. 3, 8 F.R. 2005; Food Dir. 8, 8 F.R. 7093; Sec. 1407.168 of Revised Ration Order 3)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

WALTER F. STRAUB,  
Director,  
Food Rationing Division.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4744; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
3:43 p. m.]

## PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[SR 14A to GMPR, Amdt. 14]

## MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Section 1499.73a (a) (1) (iii) (d) (2) is amended to read as follows:

(2) "Sold at wholesale", with respect to sales in bottles or paper containers, refers to sales covered by such term as defined in § 1499.73a (a) (1) (xi) (a) (7) of Supplementary Regulation No. 14A and sales to institutions, except that in the territory lying within the boundaries of Region VIII of the Office of Price Administration "Sold at wholesale" shall not include sales to institutions; with respect to sales other than in glass or paper containers "Sold at wholesale" refers to sales to stores, hotels, restaurants and institutions.

This amendment shall become effective April 3, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of April 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4706; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:35 a. m.]

## TITLE 41—PUBLIC CONTRACTS

Chapter II—Division of Public Contracts,  
Department of LaborEMPLOYMENT OF HANDICAPPED PERSONS AT  
WAGES LESS THAN THE APPLICABLE PRE-  
VAILING MINIMUM RATES

In the matter of the amendment of Article 1102 of Regulations 504 to provide for the employment of handicapped persons at wages less than the applicable prevailing minimum rates.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 4 of the Act approved June 30, 1936 (49 Stat. 2036; 41 U.S.C. secs. 34-35) Article 1102 of Regulations Number 504 concerning tolerances for handicapped workers is amended to provide that § 524.14 of regulations, Part 524, Title 29, of the Wage and Hour Division entitled Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Handicapped Persons Pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act is hereby adopted for the purposes of the Public Contracts Act as the regulation applicable to handicapped veterans employed under the Vocational Rehabilitation Program of the Veterans Administration.

This amendment shall apply to all contracts subject to the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act bids for which are solicited or negotiations commenced by

the contracting agency on or after April 5, 1944.

Signed at Washington, D. C. this 25th day of March 1944.

FRANCES PERKINS,  
Secretary of Labor.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4726; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
2:57 p. m.]

[Public Land Order 217]

## IDAHO

## CONSOLIDATION OF BOISE AND PAYETTE NATIONAL FORESTS AND DESIGNATION OF CONSOLIDATED AREA AS BOISE NATIONAL FOREST

By virtue of the authority vested in the President by the act of June 4, 1897, 30 Stat. 11, 36 (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 473), and pursuant to Executive Order No. 9337 of April 24, 1943, it is ordered as follows:

The Boise National Forest as defined by Proclamation No. 1113 of December 24, 1910 (36 Stat. 2773), and as subsequently modified, and the Payette National Forest as defined by Proclamation No. 1769 of March 24, 1926 (44 Stat. 2609), and as subsequently modified, are hereby consolidated, effective April 1, 1944. The area heretofore comprising the Boise and Payette National Forests shall thereafter be designated and administered as the Boise National Forest.

It is not intended by this order to give a national-forest status to any publicly-owned lands which have not hitherto had such a status, or to remove any publicly-owned lands from a national-forest status.

HAROLD L. ICKES,  
Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 18, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4765; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:09 a. m.]

[Public Land Order 218]

## IDAHO

## CONSOLIDATION OF WEISER AND IDAHO NATIONAL FORESTS AND DESIGNATION OF CONSOLIDATED AREA AS PAYETTE NATIONAL FOREST

By virtue of the authority vested in the President by the act of June 4, 1897, 30 Stat. 11, 36 (U. S. C., Title 16, sec. 473), and pursuant to Executive Order No. 9337 of April 24, 1943, it is ordered as follows:

The Weiser National Forest as defined by Proclamation No. 1151 of June 30, 1911 (37 Stat. 1702) and as subsequently modified, and the Idaho National Forest as defined by Proclamation No. 1769 of March 24, 1926 (44 Stat. 2609), and as subsequently modified, are hereby consolidated, effective April 1, 1944. The area heretofore comprising the Weiser and Idaho National Forests shall thereafter be designated and administered as the Payette National Forest.

It is not intended by this order to give a national-forest status to any publicly-owned lands which have not hitherto had such a status, or to remove any publicly-owned lands from a national-forest status.

HAROLD L. ICKES,  
Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 18, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4766; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:09 a. m.]

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup>Supra.

## TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

## Chapter II—Office of Defense Transportation

[Suspension Order ODT 25A-1]

## PART 502—DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC MOVEMENT; EXCEPTIONS, SUSPENSIONS AND PERMITS

## OPERATION OF VESSELS ON THE GREAT LAKES

Pursuant to Executive Order 8989, as amended, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

All provisions of General Order ODT 25A (8 F.R. 7778), shall be and the same are hereby suspended until May 15, 1944. (E.O. 8989, 6 F.R. 6725 and 8 F.R. 14183)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of April 1944.

C. D. YOUNG,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4757; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
10:35 a. m.]

## TITLE 50—WILDLIFE

## Chapter III—International Fisheries Commission

## PART 301—PACIFIC HALIBUT FISHERIES

Regulations of the International Fisheries Commission adopted pursuant to the Pacific Halibut Fishery Convention between the United States of America and the Dominion of Canada, signed January 29, 1937.

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| Sec.   |  |
| 301.1  | Regulatory areas.  |
| 301.2  | Limit of catch in each area.                                 |
| 301.3  | Length of closed season.                                     |
| 301.4  | Issuance of licenses and conditions limiting their validity. |
| 301.5  | Retention of halibut taken with other fish under permit.     |
| 301.6  | Issuance of permits and conditions limiting their validity.  |
| 301.7  | Statistical return by vessels.                               |
| 301.8  | Statistical return by dealers.                               |
| 301.9  | Closed small halibut grounds.                                |
| 301.10 | Dory gear prohibited.  |
| 301.11 | Nets prohibited.   |
| 301.12 | Responsibility of master.                                    |
| 301.13 | Supervision of unloading and weighing.                       |
| 301.14 | Previous regulations superseded.                             |

AUTHORITY: §§ 301.1 to 301.14, inclusive, issued under 50 Stat. 1351.

§ 301.1 *Regulatory areas.* (a) The convention waters shall be divided into the following areas, all directions given being magnetic.

(b) Area 1 shall include all convention waters southeast of a line running northeast and southwest through Willapa Bay Light on Cape Shoalwater, as shown on Chart 6185, published in July, 1939, by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, which light is approximately in latitude 46°43'17" N., longitude 124°04'15" W.

(c) Area 2 shall include all convention waters off the coasts of the United States of America and of Alaska and of the Dominion of Canada between Area

1 and a line running through the most westerly point of Glacier Bay, Alaska, to Cape Spencer Light as shown on Chart 8304, published in June, 1940, by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, which light is approximately latitude 58°11'57" N., longitude 136°38'18" W., thence south one-quarter east and is exclusive of the areas closed to all halibut fishing in § 301.9.

(d) Area 3 shall include all the convention waters off the coast of Alaska that are between Area 2 and a straight line running south from the southwestern extremity of Cape Sagak on Umnak Island, at a point approximately latitude 52°49'30" N., longitude 169°07'00" W., according to Chart 8802, published in January, 1942, by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, and that are south of the Alaska Peninsula and of the Aleutian Islands and shall also include the intervening straits or passes of the Aleutian Islands.

(e) Area 4 shall include all convention waters which are not included in Areas 1, 2, and 3, and in those areas defined in § 301.9.

§ 301.2 *Limit of catch in each area.* (a) The catch of halibut to be taken during the halibut fishing season of the year 1944 from Area 2 shall be limited to approximately 23,500,000 pounds of salable halibut, and from Area 3 to approximately 27,500,000 pounds of salable halibut, the weights in each or any such limit to be computed as with heads off and entrails removed.

(b) The catch of halibut to be taken from each area during the halibut fishing season of the year 1944 shall also be limited to halibut which with the head on are 26 inches or more in length as measured from the tip of the lower jaw to the extreme end of the middle of the tail or to halibut which with the head off and entrails removed are 5 pounds or more in weight, and the possession of any halibut of less than the above length or the above weight, according to whether the head is on or off, by any vessel or by any master or operator of any vessel or by any person, firm or corporation, is prohibited.

(c) The International Fisheries Commission shall as early in the said year as is practicable determine the date on which it deems each limit of catch defined in paragraph (a) of this section will be attained, and the limit of each such catch shall then be that which shall be taken prior to said date, and fishing for or catching of halibut in the area or areas to which such limit applies shall at that date be prohibited until after the end of the closed season as defined and modified in § 301.3 of these regulations, except as provided in § 301.5 thereof and in Article I of the Convention: *And provided*, That if it shall at any time become evident to the International Fisheries Commission that the limit will not be reached by such date, it may substitute another date.

§ 301.3 *Length of closed season.* (a) Under the authority of Article I of the aforesaid Convention the closed season as therein defined shall be modified so

as to end at 12 midnight of the 15th day of April of the year 1944 and of each year thereafter and shall begin at 12 midnight of the 30th day of November of each year unless an earlier date is determined upon for any area under the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section: *Provided*, That the International Fisheries Commission may fix any date subsequent to the 1st day of November as the commencement of the closed season regardless of the catch which it deems will be attained by such date.

(b) Under authority of Article I of the Convention, the closed season as therein defined shall begin in each area on the date on which the limit is reached as provided in § 301.2 (c) and the closing of such area or areas shall be taken to have been duly approved unless before the said date either the President of the United States of America or the Governor General of Canada shall have signified his disapproval (the burden of proving any such signification being upon the person alleging it): *And provided*, That the closing date of Area 2 or of Area 3, whichever shall be later, shall apply to Area 4, and that the closure of Area 2 shall apply to Area 1.

(c) Nothing contained in these regulations shall prohibit the fishing for species of fish other than halibut or prohibit the International Fisheries Commission from conducting fishing operations as provided for in Article I of the Convention.

§ 301.4 *Issuance of licenses and conditions limiting their validity.* (a) All vessels of any tonnage which shall fish for halibut in any manner or hold halibut in possession in any area, or which shall transport halibut otherwise than as a common carrier documented by the Government of the United States or of Canada for the carriage of freight, must be licensed by the International Fisheries Commission, provided that vessels of less than five net tons or vessels which do not use set lines need not be licensed unless they shall require a permit as provided in § 301.5.

(b) Each licensed vessel shall carry this license on board at all times while at sea whether it is validated for halibut fishing or endorsed with a permit as provided in § 301.6 and this license shall at all times be subject to inspection by authorized officers of either of said Governments or by representatives of the International Fisheries Commission.

(c) The license shall be issued without fee by the customs officers of either of said Governments or by representatives of the International Fisheries Commission. A new license may be issued by the officer accepting statistical return at any time to vessels which have furnished proof of loss of the license form previously issued, or when there shall be no further space for record thereon, providing the receipt of statistical return shall be shown on the new form for any halibut or other species taken during or after the voyage upon which loss occurred. The old license form shall be forwarded in each case to the International Fisheries Commission.

(d) The license of any vessel shall be validated before departure from port for each fishing operation for which statistical returns are required. This validation of a license shall be by customs officers or by fishery officers of either of said Governments when available at places where there are no customs officers and shall not be made unless the area in which the vessel will fish is entered on the license form and unless the provisions of § 301.7 have been complied with for all landings and all fishing operations since issue of the license: *Provided*, That if the master or operator of any vessel shall fail to comply with the provisions of § 301.7, the license of such vessel may be validated by customs officers upon evidence either that there has been a judicial determination of the offense or that the laws prescribing penalties therefor have been complied with, or that the said master or operator is no longer responsible for, nor sharing in, the operations of said vessel.

(e) No license shall be validated for departure for halibut fishing in Areas 1 or 2 more than three days, and in Areas 3 or 4 more than five days before the end of the closed season as defined in § 301.3 (a).

(f) No license shall be valid for halibut fishing in more than one area, as defined in § 301.1, during any one trip nor shall it be revalidated for halibut fishing in another such area while the vessel has any halibut on board.

(g) The license shall not be valid for halibut fishing in any area closed to halibut fishing or for the possession of halibut in any area closed to halibut fishing except while in actual transit to or within a port of sale.

(h) The license shall not be valid for halibut fishing in any area while a permit endorsed thereon is in effect, nor shall it be validated while halibut taken under such permit is on board.

(i) The license of any vessel shall not be valid for the possession of any halibut in any area other than that for which validated, if such vessel is in possession of baited gear, except in those waters included within a twenty-five mile radius of Cape Spencer Light, Alaska.

**§ 301.5 Retention of halibut taken with other fish under permit.** (a) There may be retained in possession on any vessel which shall have a permit as provided in § 301.6 such halibut as is caught incidentally to fishing by that vessel in any area that is closed to halibut fishing under § 301.2 with set lines (of the type commonly used in the Pacific coast halibut fishery) for other species, not to exceed at any time one pound of halibut for each seven pounds of salable fish, actually utilized, of other species not including salmon or tuna, and such halibut may be sold as the catch of said vessel, the weight of all fish to be computed as with heads off and entrails removed.

(b) The catch of halibut taken and retained under such permit shall be limited to halibut which with the head on are 26 inches or more in length as measured from the tip of the lower jaw to the extreme end of the middle of the tail or to halibut which with the head

off and entrails removed are 5 pounds or more in weight and the possession of any halibut of less than the above length or the above weight, according to whether the head is on or off, by any vessel or by any master or operator of any vessel or by any person, firm or corporation, is prohibited.

(c) Halibut retained under such permit shall not be landed or otherwise removed or be received by any person, firm or corporation from the catching vessel until all halibut on board shall have been reported to a customs, fishery or other authorized officer of either of said Governments nor shall any vessel receive it for transportation unless it shall be reported to the said officer prior to departure from port, and no halibut or other fish shall be landed or removed or be received from the catching vessel except under such supervision as the said officer may deem advisable.

(d) Halibut retained under such permit shall not be purchased or held in possession by any person other than the master, operator, or crew of the catching vessel in excess of the proportion herein allowed until such excess whatever its origin shall have been forfeited and surrendered to the customs, fishery or other authorized officers of either of said Governments. In forfeiting such excess, the vessel shall be permitted to surrender any part of its catch of halibut: *Provided*, That the amount retained shall not exceed the proportion herein allowed.

(e) Permits for the retention and landing of halibut in the year 1944 shall become invalid at 12 midnight of the 30th day of November of said year or at such earlier date as the International Fisheries Commission shall determine.

**§ 301.6 Issuance of permits and conditions limiting their validity.** (a) Any vessel which shall be used in fishing for other species than halibut in any area closed to halibut fishing under § 301.2 must have a license and a permit if it shall retain, land or sell any halibut caught incidentally to such fishing or possess any halibut of any origin during such fishing, as provided in § 301.5.

(b) The permit shall be shown by endorsement of the issuing officer on the face of the halibut license form held by said vessel and shall show the area for which the permit is issued.

(c) The permit shall terminate at the time of first landing thereafter of fish of any species and a new permit shall be secured before any subsequent fishing operation for which a permit is required.

(d) A permit shall not be issued to any vessel which shall have halibut on board taken while said vessel was licensed to fish in an open area unless such halibut shall be considered as taken under the issued permit and as thereby subject to forfeiture when landed if in excess of the amount permitted in § 301.5.

(e) A permit shall not be issued to, or be valid if held by, any vessel which shall fish with other than set lines of the type commonly used in the Pacific coast halibut fishery.

(f) The permit of any vessel shall not be valid unless the permit is granted

before departure from port for each fishing operation for which statistical returns are required. This granting of a permit shall be by customs officers or by fishery officers of either of said Governments when available at places where there are no customs officers and shall not be made unless the area in which the vessel will fish is entered on the license form and unless the provisions of § 301.7 have been complied with for all landings and all fishing operations since issue of the license or permit: *Provided*, That if the master or operator of any vessel shall fail to comply with the provisions of § 301.7, the permit of such vessel may be granted by customs officers upon evidence either that there has been a judicial determination of the offense or that the laws prescribing penalties therefor have been complied with, or that the said master or operator is no longer responsible for, nor sharing in, the operations of said vessel.

**§ 301.7 Statistical return by vessels.**

(a) Statistical return as to the amount of halibut taken during fishing operations must be made by the master or operator of any licensed vessel and as to the amount of halibut and other species by the master or operator of any vessel operating under permit as provided for in § 301.5 and 301.6, within 48 hours of landing, sale or transfer of halibut or of first entry thereafter into a port where there is an officer authorized to receive such return, except that when operating within any area in which the catch is not limited in amount by these regulations the master or operator of a licensed vessel shall make statistical returns at such times as are required by the customs officers or the International Fisheries Commission, but shall at all times keep with the license form such records as are necessary to make such return.

(b) The statistical return must state the port of landing and the amount of each species taken within the area defined in these regulations, for which the vessel's license is validated.

(c) The statistical return must include all halibut landed or transferred to other vessels and all halibut held in possession on board and must be full, true and correct in all respects herein required. A copy of such return must be forwarded to the International Fisheries Commission at such times as the latter shall require.

(d) The master or operator and/or any person engaged on shares in the operation of any vessel licensed or holding a permit under these regulations may be required by the International Fisheries Commission or by any officer of either of said Governments authorized to receive such return to certify to its correctness to the best of his information and belief and to support the certificate by a sworn statement. Validation of a license or issuance of a permit after such sworn return is made shall be provisional and shall not render the license or permit valid in case the return shall later be shown to be false or fraudulently made.

(e) The master or operator of any vessel holding a license or permit under these regulations shall keep an accurate

log of all fishing operations including therein date, locality, amount of gear used, and the amount of halibut taken daily in each such locality. This log record shall be open to inspection of representatives of the International Fisheries Commission authorized for this purpose.

(f) The master, operator and/or any other person engaged on shares in the operation of any vessel licensed under these regulations may be required by the International Fisheries Commission or by any officer of either of said Governments to certify to the correctness of such log record to the best of his information and belief and to support the certificate by a sworn statement.

**§ 301.8 Statistical return by dealers.** (a) All persons, firms or corporations that shall buy halibut or receive halibut for any purpose from fishing or transporting vessels or other carrier shall keep and on request furnish to customs officers or to any enforcing officer of either of said Governments or to representatives of the International Fisheries Commission, records of each purchase or receipt of halibut, showing date, locality, name of vessel, person, firm or corporation purchased or received from and the amount in pounds according to trade categories of the halibut and other species landed with the halibut.

(b) All records of all persons, firms or corporations concerning the landing, purchase, receipt and sale of halibut and other species landed therewith shall be open at all times to inspection of any enforcement officer of either of said Governments or of any authorized representative of the International Fisheries Commission. Such persons, firms or corporations may be required to certify to the correctness of such records and to support the certificate by a sworn statement.

(c) The possession by any person, firm or corporation of halibut which such person, firm or corporation knows to have been taken by an unlicensed vessel or a vessel without a permit when such license or permit is required, is prohibited.

**§ 301.9 Closed small halibut grounds.** (a) The following areas have been found to be populated by small, immature halibut and are hereby closed to all halibut fishing and the possession of halibut of any origin is prohibited therein during fishing for other species:

(b) First, that area in the waters off the coast of Alaska within the following boundary as stated in terms of the magnetic compass unless otherwise indicated: from the north extremity of Cape Ulitka, Noyes Island, approximately latitude 55°33'48" N., longitude 133°43'35" W., to the south extremity of Wood Island, approximately latitude 55°39'44" N., longitude 133°42'29" W.; thence to the east extremity of Timbered Islet, approximately latitude 55°41'47" N., longitude 133°47'42" W.; thence to the true west extremity of Timbered Islet, approximately latitude 55°41'46" N., longitude 133°48'01" W.; thence southwest three-quarters south sixteen and five-eighths miles to a point approximately latitude 55°34'46" N., longitude 134°14'

40" W.; thence southeast by south twelve and one-half miles to a point approximately latitude 55°22'23" N., longitude 134°12'48" W.; thence northeast thirteen and seven-eighths miles to the southern extremity of Cape Addington, Noyes Island, latitude 55°26'11" N., longitude 133°49'12" W.; and to the point of origin on Cape Ulitka. The boundary lines herein indicated shall be determined from Chart 8157, as published by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey at Washington, D. C., in June, 1929, and Chart 8152, as published by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey at Washington, D. C., in March, 1933, and reissued March, 1939, except for the point of Cape Addington which shall be determined from Chart 8158, as published by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey in December, 1923: *Provided*, That the duly authorized officers of the United States of America may at any time place a plainly visible mark or marks at any point or points as nearly as practicable on the boundary line defined herein, and such mark or marks shall thereafter be considered as correctly defining said boundary.

(c) Second, that area lying in the waters off the north coast of Graham Island, British Columbia, within the following boundary: from the northwest extremity of Wiah Point, latitude 54°06'50" N., longitude 132°19'18" W., true north five and one-half miles to a point approximately latitude 54°12'20" N., longitude 132°19'18" W.; thence true east approximately sixteen and three-tenths miles to a point which shall lie northwest (according to magnetic compass at any time) of the highest point of Tow Hill, Graham Island, latitude 54°04'24" N., longitude 131°48'00" W.; thence southeast to the said highest point of Tow Hill. The points on the shoreline of the above mentioned island shall be determined from Chart 3754, published at the Admiralty, London, April 11, 1911: *Provided*, That the duly authorized officers of the Dominion of Canada may at any time place a plainly visible mark or marks at any point or points as nearly as practicable on the boundary line defined herein, and such marks shall thereafter be considered as correctly defining said boundary.

**§ 301.10 Dory gear prohibited.** The use of any hand gurdy or other appliance in hauling halibut gear by hand power in any dory or small boat operated from a vessel licensed under the provisions of these regulations is prohibited in all convention waters.

**§ 301.11 Nets prohibited.** It is prohibited to retain halibut taken with a net of any kind or to have in possession any halibut while using any net or nets other than bait nets for the capture of other species of fish, nor shall any license or permit held by any vessel under these regulations be valid during the use or possession on board of any net or nets other than bait nets which are utilized for no other purpose than the capture of bait for said vessel.

**§ 301.12 Responsibility of master.** Wherever in these regulations any duty

is laid upon any vessel, it shall be the personal responsibility of the master or operator of said vessel to see that said duty is performed and he shall personally be responsible for the performance of said duty. This provision shall not be construed to relieve any member of the crew of any responsibility with which he would otherwise be chargeable.

**§ 301.13 Supervision of unloading and weighing.** The unloading and weighing of the halibut of any vessel licensed or holding a permit under these regulations shall be under such supervision as the customs or other authorized officer may deem advisable in order to assure the fulfilment of the provisions of these regulations.

**§ 301.14 Previous regulations superseded.** These regulations shall supersede all previous regulations adopted pursuant to the Convention between the United States of America and the Dominion of Canada for preservation of the halibut fishery of the northern Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea, signed January 29, 1937, except as to offenses occurring prior to the approval of these regulations. These regulations shall be effective as to each succeeding year, with the dates herein specified changed accordingly, until superseded by subsequently approved regulations. Any determination made by the International Fisheries Commission pursuant to these regulations shall become effective immediately.

G. W. NICKERSON,  
Chairman.  
CHARLES E. JACKSON,  
A. J. WHITMORE,  
EDWARD W. ALLEN,  
Secretary.

Approved: March 20, 1944.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

[F. R. Doc. 44-4760; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:24 a. m.]

## Notices

### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Bureau of Reclamation.

[No. 54]

YUMA AUXILIARY PROJECT, ARIZ.

### PUBLIC NOTICE OF ANNUAL WATER CHARGES<sup>1</sup>

MARCH 28, 1944.

1. *Annual operation and maintenance charges for Yuma Auxiliary Project.* For the season of 1944, and thereafter until further notice, each acre of irrigable land described below, whether water is used or not, shall be charged with a minimum operation and maintenance charge of eight dollars (\$8.00), which will permit delivery of not to exceed 3 acre-feet per acre; and additional water will be furnished at the rate of two dollars (\$2.00) per acre-foot: *Provided*, That, for lands entered subsequent to September 1 and prior to Jan-

<sup>1</sup> Act of June 17, 1902, 32 Stat. 388, as amended or supplemented.

uary 1 no minimum operation and maintenance charge shall be assessed, but water actually delivered shall be paid for in advance at the rate of \$3.00 per acre-foot. For the irrigation season of 1944 and for subsequent seasons covered by this notice (beginning January 1 of each year), the minimum charge will be due and payable April 15 of each year and charges for additional water shall be payable on the tenth of the month following that in which the additional quantity was used. All charges due hereunder shall be payable to the Bureau of Reclamation, Yuma, Arizona.

2. The following lands shown on the farm unit plats of this project, approved October 3, 1919, are subject to the charges announced:

## GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 9 S., R. 23 W.  
Sections 31 and 32—All.  
T. 10 S., R. 23 W.  
Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 17—All.  
Section 18—E $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  N $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
Section 19—NE $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
Section 20—NW $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .

(Departmental Order No. 1903 of November 17, 1943 (Vol. 8 F.R. 15872), issued under the act of December 19, 1941, 55 Stat. 842)

[SEAL] H. W. BASHORE,  
Commissioner.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4763; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:09 a. m.]

## General Land Office.

## NEVADA AND CALIFORNIA

## REDUCING AND REVOKING CERTAIN STOCK DRIVEWAY WITHDRAWALS

The orders of the Secretary and the Acting Secretary of the Interior of September 3, 1918, September 13, 1918, November 4, 1918, December 26, 1918, January 16, 1919, February 14, 1919, May 5, 1919, October 24, 1919, October 30, 1919, and December 19, 1919, establishing and modifying stock driveway withdrawals in Nevada and California under section 10 of the act of December 29, 1916, 39 Stat. 865 (U.S.C., title 43, sec. 300), are hereby revoked so far as they affect the following-described lands, which are within Nevada Grazing District No. 3:

## NEVADA

## MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN

T. 11 N., R. 20 E.,  
Sec. 1;  
Sec. 2, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 4, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 8, lot 9 and NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 9, W $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 10, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 11, N $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and NW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 12, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 13, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 15, E $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 16;  
Sec. 22, lots 12 and 13, N $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 13 N., R. 20 E.,  
Sec. 13, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 24, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ .

T. 11 N., R. 21 E.,  
Sec. 3, W $\frac{1}{2}$  W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 4, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 9, E $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 10, W $\frac{1}{2}$  W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 15, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 12 N., R. 21 E.,  
Sec. 30, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 31.  
T. 13 N., R. 21 E.,  
Sec. 7, SE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 8, S $\frac{1}{2}$  S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 17, 18, 19, and 20;  
Sec. 25, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 26 to 30, inclusive;  
Sec. 31, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 32, N $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 10 N., R. 22 E.,  
Sec. 7, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 13 N., R. 22 E.,  
Sec. 13, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and N $\frac{1}{2}$  S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 14, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  S $\frac{1}{2}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 15, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 16, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 17, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 20, W $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and N $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 14 N., R. 22 E.,  
Sec. 1, S $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 2 and 11;  
Sec. 12, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 13;  
Sec. 14, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 23, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 24, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 25, 26, 35, and 36.  
T. 15 N., R. 22 E.,  
Secs. 1, 2, and 3;  
Sec. 4, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 9, E $\frac{1}{2}$  and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 10;  
Sec. 11, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 12, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 15, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 16;  
Sec. 21, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 22, S $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 23, SW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and W $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 24, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 25, N $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 26 and 27;  
Sec. 28, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 35;  
Sec. 36, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 10 N., R. 23 E.,  
Sec. 3, lots 2, 3, 4, S $\frac{1}{2}$  N $\frac{1}{2}$ , and N $\frac{1}{2}$  S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 4, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  S $\frac{1}{2}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 5 and 6;  
Sec. 7, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 8, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 10, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 13, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 15, N $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 11 N., R. 23 E.,  
Sec. 5, W $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 6, 7, 8, 17, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, and 32.  
T. 12 N., R. 23 E.,  
Sec. 4, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 5, 6, and 7;  
Sec. 8, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 17, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, and 31;  
Sec. 32, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 13 N., R. 23 E.,  
Sec. 4, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 5 and 6;  
Sec. 8, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 9, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 10, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 11, 12, and 14;  
Sec. 15, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 16, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ , and N $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 28, 29, and 31;  
Sec. 32, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 14 N., R. 23 E.,  
Sec. 30, S $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$  and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 31;  
Sec. 32, W $\frac{1}{2}$  and W $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 15 N., R. 23 E.,  
Sec. 1, W $\frac{1}{2}$  W $\frac{1}{2}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 2 to 7, inclusive;  
Sec. 8, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 9 to 12, inclusive;  
Sec. 15, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 16;  
Sec. 17, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 19 and 20;  
Sec. 21, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 30, N $\frac{1}{2}$  N $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 20 N., R. 23 E.,  
Sec. 24.  
T. 9 N., R. 24 E.,  
Secs. 2, 3, 10, 11, 14, and 15, partly unsurveyed.  
T. 10 N., R. 24 E.,  
Sec. 1, unsurveyed;  
Sec. 2, S $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 3, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 4, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 9, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and E $\frac{1}{2}$  E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 10, 11, and 12, partly unsurveyed;  
Sec. 13, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 14, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 15, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 16, E $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 18, W $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 21, S $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 27 and 28;  
Sec. 29, E $\frac{1}{2}$  E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 33, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 34 and 35, partly unsurveyed.  
T. 13 N., R. 24 E.,  
Secs. 7 to 17, inclusive;  
Sec. 21, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 22, 23, and 24.  
T. 15 N., R. 24 E.,  
Secs. 3 to 10, inclusive.  
T. 16 N., R. 24 E.,  
Sec. 1, W $\frac{1}{2}$  W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 2, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 11, 13, and 14;  
Sec. 21, S $\frac{1}{2}$  S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 22, S $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 23, 24 and 25;  
Sec. 26, E $\frac{1}{2}$  and N $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 27, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$  E $\frac{1}{2}$ , and W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 28 and 33;  
Sec. 34, W $\frac{1}{2}$  E $\frac{1}{2}$  and W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 35, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 36.  
T. 17 N., R. 24 E.,  
Secs. 6 and 18;  
Sec. 28, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 30;  
Sec. 31, N $\frac{1}{2}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 32, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and N $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 33, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and N $\frac{1}{2}$  S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 34, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and N $\frac{1}{2}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 35, N $\frac{1}{2}$  N $\frac{1}{2}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 18 N., R. 24 E.,  
Secs. 6, 18, and 30.  
T. 19 N., R. 24 E.,  
Secs. 6, 18, and 30.  
T. 20 N., R. 24 E.,  
Sec. 30.  
T. 10 N., R. 25 E.,  
Secs. 1 to 6, inclusive;  
Sec. 7, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 18, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 13 N., R. 25 E.,  
Sec. 19.  
T. 16 N., R. 25 E.,  
Sec. 19, S $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Secs. 25 to 36, inclusive, unsurveyed.  
T. 7 N., R. 26 E.,  
Sec. 25, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ , partly unsurveyed;  
Sec. 36, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 9 N., R. 26 E.,  
Sec. 1, W $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 12, W $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 13, W $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 24, W $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 25, W $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 36, unsurveyed.

T. 10 N., R. 26 E.  
Sec. 6;  
Sec. 7, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 8, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 16, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 17, W $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 21, W $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 22, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 27, W $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 34, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 35, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 36, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 13 N., R. 26 E.,  
Sec. 12, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 13;  
Sec. 14, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 21, 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, and 29;  
Sec. 30, E $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 16 N., R. 26 E.,  
Secs. 25 to 36, inclusive.  
T. 5 N., R. 27 E.,  
Sec. 1, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 12, NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 13, 23, 24, and 25;  
Secs. 26 and 36.  
T. 6 N., R. 27 E.,  
Secs. 5 to 9, inclusive;  
Sec. 10, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 14, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 15, 16, 17, 22, and 23;  
Sec. 24, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 25, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 26, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 35, E $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 36, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 7 N., R. 27 E.,  
Secs. 31 and 32.  
T. 8 N., R. 27 E.,  
Sec. 14, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 15, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 22, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 23;  
Sec. 24, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 25, N $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 9 N., R. 27 E.,  
Sec. 31, W $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 13 N., R. 27 E.,  
Sec. 1, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 2, 3, and 4, and secs. 7 to 12, inclusive, partly unsurveyed;  
Sec. 13, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 14 to 20, inclusive, partly unsurveyed.  
T. 16 N., R. 27 E.,  
Secs. 21 to 34, inclusive, unsurveyed.  
T. 5 N., R. 28 E.,  
Sec. 6, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 7, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 18, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 6 N., R. 28 E.,  
Secs. 1, 2, 3, and secs. 10 to 18, inclusive;  
Sec. 19, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 20, 21, and 22;  
Sec. 23, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 24 and secs. 26 to 31, inclusive.  
T. 7 N., R. 28 E.,  
Secs. 5, 6, 7, 8, 17, 18, 26, 27, 34, and 35.  
T. 8 N., R. 28 E.,  
Secs. 29 to 32, inclusive.  
T. 13 N., R. 28 E.,  
Sec. 7, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 18, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 16 N., R. 28 E.,  
Secs. 19 to 30, inclusive, unsurveyed.  
T. 7 N., R. 29 E.,  
Sec. 27, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 28, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 32 to 35, inclusive;  
Sec. 36, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 15 N., R. 29 E.,  
Secs. 1, 2, 3, and secs. 10 to 14, inclusive, unsurveyed.  
T. 16 N., R. 29 E.,  
Secs. 19 to 22, secs. 26 to 30, inclusive, and secs. 34 and 35, unsurveyed.  
T. 7 N., R. 30 E.,  
Secs. 1 and 2;  
Sec. 3, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 9, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 10 to 15, inclusive;  
Sec. 16, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 17, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 18, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 19, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 20, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$  and E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 21, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 22 to 26, inclusive;  
Sec. 27, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 28, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 29, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 31, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 32, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 33, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 36.  
T. 8 N., R. 30 E.,  
Sec. 1;  
Sec. 2, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 12, 13, 24, and 25;  
Sec. 26, E $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 35 and 36.  
T. 14 N., R. 30 E.,  
Secs. 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, and 14, unsurveyed.  
T. 15 N., R. 30 E.,  
Secs. 7 to 10, secs. 13 to 18, and secs. 21 to 24, inclusive, unsurveyed.  
T. 6 N., R. 31 E.,  
Secs. 3 to 7, inclusive;  
Sec. 8, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 9 and 10;  
Sec. 11, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 14, 15, and 16;  
Sec. 21, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 22 to 26, inclusive;  
Sec. 27, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 35, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 36.  
T. 7 N., R. 31 E.,  
Secs. 29 to 32, inclusive.  
T. 8 N., R. 31 E.,  
Secs. 5 to 8, inclusive.  
T. 9 N., R. 31 E.,  
Secs. 3, 4, 9, 10, 15, 16, secs. 19 to 22, and secs. 27 to 32, inclusive.  
T. 10 N., R. 31 E.,  
Secs. 3, 4, 9, 10, 15, 16, 21, 22, 27, 28, 33, and 34, unsurveyed.  
T. 11 N., R. 31 E.,  
Secs. 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, secs. 14 to 17, secs. 20 to 23, and secs. 28 to 33, inclusive, unsurveyed.  
T. 13 N., R. 31 E.,  
Sec. 1, secs. 4 to 9, inclusive, and secs. 12, 13, 16, 17, and 18, unsurveyed.  
T. 14 N., R. 31 E.,  
Secs. 24 and 25, unsurveyed.  
T. 1 N., R. 32 E.,  
Sec. 1, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 2, 3, 10, 11, and 12;  
Sec. 14, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 15;  
Sec. 20, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 21, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 22;  
Sec. 23, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 26, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 27 and 28;  
Secs. 29, 30, 32, and 33;  
Sec. 34, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 2 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 1, 2, 3, secs. 10 to 14, secs. 23 to 26, inclusive, and secs. 34 and 35;  
Sec. 36, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ , and W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 3 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 2, 3, 4, secs. 9 to 15, secs. 22 to 27, inclusive, and secs. 34, 35, and 36, unsurveyed.  
T. 4 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 33, and 34;  
Sec. 35, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 5 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 4 to 9, inclusive;  
Sec. 16, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 17 to 20, inclusive;  
Sec. 21, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 22, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 26 to 30, inclusive, and secs. 33, 34, and 35.  
T. 6 N., R. 32 E.,  
Sec. 19 and secs. 29 to 32, inclusive, unsurveyed;  
Sec. 33, W $\frac{1}{2}$ , unsurveyed.  
T. 10 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 1, 2, 11, and 12.  
T. 11 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 5 to 8, secs. 15 to 22, inclusive, and secs. 27, 28, 33, and 34.  
T. 12 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 2 to 5, inclusive, secs. 8, 9, 10, and secs. 16 to 21, inclusive.  
T. 13 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 4 to 9, inclusive, secs. 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29, and secs. 32 to 35, inclusive, unsurveyed.  
T. 14 N., R. 32 E.,  
Secs. 19, 20, 21, and secs. 28 to 33, inclusive unsurveyed.  
T. 9 N., R. 33 E.,  
Sec. 1, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, and 11;  
Sec. 12, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 13 to 16, inclusive, and secs. 22, 23, and 24.  
T. 10 N., R. 33 E.,  
Secs. 5 to 8, inclusive;  
Sec. 9, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive;  
Sec. 27, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 28, 33, and 34;  
Sec. 35, S $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 8 N., R. 34 E.,  
Secs. 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 14, 15, 22, and 23;  
Sec. 24, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 25, 26, 27, 35, and 36.  
T. 9 N., R. 34 E.,  
Sec. 7, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 17 to 21, secs. 24 to 29, inclusive, and secs. 33, 34, and 35.  
T. 17 N., R. 34 E.,  
Secs. 25 to 36, inclusive, unsurveyed.  
T. 7 N., R. 35 E.,  
Secs. 3 to 6, and secs. 8 to 16, inclusive;  
Sec. 23, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 24.  
T. 8 N., R. 35 E.,  
Sec. 29, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 30 and 31;  
Sec. 32, W $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 9 N., R. 35 E.,  
Sec. 4, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 5 and 8;  
Sec. 9, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 17;  
Sec. 18, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 19;  
Sec. 20, W $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 10 N., R. 35 E.,  
Sec. 1, lots 3 to 7, lots 10 to 20, inclusive, and S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 10, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 11 to 16, inclusive, and sec. 21;  
Sec. 22, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 28;  
Sec. 29, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 32;  
Sec. 33, W $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 11 N., R. 35 E.,  
Sec. 34, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 16 N., R. 35 E.,  
Secs. 2 to 11, inclusive, secs. 13, 14, 15, 23, and 24, unsurveyed.  
T. 17 N., R. 35 E.,  
Secs. 29 to 32, inclusive.  
T. 5 N., R. 36 E.,  
Secs. 2 and 3, secs. 10 to 15, inclusive, and secs. 23 and 24, unsurveyed.  
T. 6 N., R. 36 E.,  
Secs. 5 to 9, secs. 15 to 18, secs. 20 to 23, inclusive, and secs. 26, 27, 28, 34, and 35, unsurveyed.

T. 7 N., R. 36 E.  
Secs. 7 and 8, secs. 17 to 20, and secs. 29 to 32, inclusive;  
T. 10 N., R. 36 E.  
Sec. 16, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 17, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ , and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 18, unsurveyed.  
T. 15 N., R. 36 E.  
Secs. 1, 2, 3, 11, and 12, unsurveyed.  
T. 16 N., R. 36 E.  
Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive, secs. 26, 27, 28, 34, 35 and 36, unsurveyed.  
T. 5 N., R. 37 E.  
Sec. 17, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 18, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , unsurveyed;  
Sec. 19, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , unsurveyed.  
T. 14 N., R. 37 E.  
Secs. 4 and 5;  
Sec. 9, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and N $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 10, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 11, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 15 N., R. 37 E.  
Secs. 7, 18, 19, 20, 29, and 32, unsurveyed.  
T. 16 N., R. 37 E.  
Secs. 5, 8, 17, 20, 29, 30, and 31, unsurveyed.  
T. 17 N., R. 37 E.  
Secs. 5, 8, 17, 20, 29, and 32, unsurveyed.  
T. 18 N., R. 37 E.  
Secs. 2, 11, 14, 15, 22, 27, 28, 29, and 32.  
T. 19 N., R. 37 E.  
Secs. 24, 25, 26, and 35.  
T. 19 N., R. 38 E.  
Secs. 4, 9, 16, 17, 19, and 20.  
T. 20 N., R. 38 E.  
Secs. 25, 26, 27, 33, and 34.  
T. 20 N., R. 39 E.  
Secs. 3, 10, and 15;  
Sec. 20, S $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 21 and 22;  
Sec. 28, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 29 and 30.  
T. 21 N., R. 39 E.,  
Sec. 10, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 11 and 12;  
Sec. 14, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Secs. 15, 22, 27, and 34.  
T. 20 N., R. 40 E.,  
Sec. 4, E $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 21 N., R. 40 E.,  
Sec. 4, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Secs. 7 and 8;  
Sec. 9, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 22, W $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 27, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 28, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 33, E $\frac{1}{2}$ ;  
Sec. 34, W $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
T. 22 N., R. 40 E.,  
Sec. 33, W $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
The areas described, including both public and nonpublic lands, aggregate approximately 580,900 acres.

## CALIFORNIA

## MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN

T. 8 N., R. 23 E.,  
Sec. 30, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  
Sec. 31, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$  and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 5 N., R. 25 E.,  
Sec. 1, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;  
Secs. 10 and 11;  
Sec. 12, N $\frac{1}{2}$  and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
The areas described aggregate 2093.74 acres.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,  
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.  
MARCH 23, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4767; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:09 a. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

## Wage and Hour Division.

[A. O. 334]

## VOCATIONAL AND ACTING VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION OFFICERS OF VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

## DESIGNATION TO ACT AS AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES OF ADMINISTRATOR

Designating the vocational rehabilitation officers and the acting vocational rehabilitation officers of the Veterans' Administration as authorized representatives to sign and issue temporary certificates for the employment of disabled veterans at subminimum wage rates pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and section 4 of the Public Contracts Act of June 30, 1936.

By virtue of, and pursuant to, the authority vested in me by sections 4 and 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1060), and Article 1102, as amended, of Regulations No. 504 and the administrative order, dated March 25, 1944, issued by the Secretary of Labor under section 4 of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (49 Stat. 2036), I, L. Metcalfe Walling, Administrator of the Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions, do hereby designate and appoint the Vocational Rehabilitation Officers and the Acting Vocational Rehabilitation Officers of the Veterans' Administration as my authorized representatives with full power and authority to sign and issue temporary certificates authorizing the employment of veterans handicapped by a service incurred disability (as determined by the Veterans' Administration) under any vocational rehabilitation program administered by the Veterans' Administration, at subminimum wage rates pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and § 524.14 of Part 524, as amended, of the regulations issued thereunder, and Article 1102, as amended, of Regulations No. 504 issued under the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 25th day of March 1944.

L. METCALFE WALLING,  
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4734; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
2:57 p. m.]

## FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION.

[Docket No. G-534]

## KANSAS POWER AND LIGHT CO.

## NOTICE OF APPLICATION

APRIL 3, 1944.

Notice is hereby given that on March 27, 1944, The Kansas Power and Light Company, a Kansas corporation, with principal place of business located at 808 Kansas Avenue, Topeka, Kansas, filed with the Federal Power Commission an

application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity under section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, to authorize the construction and operation of the following described facilities:

An 8-inch Dresser coupled pipe line approximately 38,000 feet in length, beginning in the Cities Service Field at the Northeast corner of Section 8, in Township 25 South, Range 16 West, Edwards County, Kansas, and running in a Southwesterly direction through Sections 8, 17, 18, 19, and 30 in said Township 25 South, Range 16 West. Sections 25 and 36 in Township 25 South, Range 17 West, and Sections 2 and 3 in Township 26 South, Range 17 West, and connecting to The Kansas Power and Light Company's present 8-inch line in the Southeast corner of Section 3, Township 26 South, Range 17 West, including well connections and necessary measuring stations to connect the English No. 1 well in Section 8, and the Breitenbach No. 1 well in Section 5, Township 25 South, Range 16 West, all in Edwards County, Kansas.

The Kansas Power and Light Company proposes to purchase natural gas in the field and transport the same into its existing pipe lines at the point above described. The pipe line will be operated under the natural pressure of the wells, without use of compressors at the present time, the application states.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with respect to said application should, on or before the 19th day of April 1944, file with the Federal Power Commission a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and regulations.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4755; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
10:02 a. m.]

## FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

[Docket No. 5143]

## PURE CARBONIC, INC., ET AL.

## NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of Pure Carbonic, Inc., a corporation; Air Reduction Company, Inc., a corporation; Liquid Carbonic Corporation, a corporation; Mathieson Alkali Works, Inc., a corporation, and Michigan Alkali Company, a corporation.

Notice. Notice is hereby given you, Pure Carbonic, Inc., a corporation, Air Reduction Company, Inc., a corporation, Liquid Carbonic Corporation, a corporation, Mathieson Alkali Works, Inc., a corporation, and Michigan Alkali Company, a corporation, respondents herein, that the 5th day of May, A. D. 1944, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, is hereby fixed as the time, and the offices of the Federal Trade Commission in the City of Washington, D. C., as the place, when and where a hearing will be had on the charges set forth in this complaint,<sup>1</sup> at which time and place you will have the right, under said Act, to appear and show

<sup>1</sup> Filed as part of the original document.

cause why an order should not be entered by said Commission requiring you to cease and desist from the violations of the law charged in the complaint.

Your are notified and required, on or before the twentieth day after service upon you of this complaint, to file with the Commission an answer to the complaint. If answer is filed and if your appearance at the place and on the date above stated be not required, due notice to that effect will be given you. The rules of practice adopted by the Commission with respect to answers or failure to appear or answer (Rule IX) provide as follows:

In case of desire to contest the proceeding the respondent shall, within twenty (20) days from his service of the complaint, file with the Commission an answer to the complaint. Such answer shall contain a concise statement of the facts which constitute the ground of defense. Respondent shall specifically admit or deny or explain each of the facts alleged in the complaint, unless respondent is without knowledge, in which case respondent shall so state.

\* \* \* \* \*

Failure of the respondent to file answer within the time above provided and failure to appear at the time and place fixed for hearing shall be deemed to authorize the Commission, without further notice to respondent, to proceed in regular course on the charges set forth in the complaint.

If respondent desires to waive hearing on the allegations of fact set forth in the complaint and not to contest the facts, the answer may consist of a statement that respondent admits all the material allegations of fact charged in the complaint to be true. Respondent by such answer shall be deemed to have waived a hearing on the allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and to have authorized the Commission, without further evidence, or other intervening procedure, to find such facts to be true.

Contemporaneously with the filing of such answer the respondent may give notice in writing that he desires to be heard on the question as to whether the admitted facts constitute the violation of law charged in the complaint. Pursuant to such notice, the respondent may file a brief, directed solely to that question, in accordance with Rule XXIII.

In witness whereof, the Federal Trade Commission has caused this, its complaint, to be signed by its Secretary, and its official seal to be hereto affixed, at Washington, D. C., this 29th day of March, A. D. 1944.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4759; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
10:39 a. m.]

#### INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

[S. O. 70-A, Special Permit 154].

#### RECONSIGNMENT OF POTATOES AT KANSAS CITY, MO.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (f) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.35, 8 F.R. 14624) of Service Order No. 70-A of October 22, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard entirely the provisions of Service Order No. 70-A insofar as it applies to the reconsignment at Kansas City, Missouri, March 29, 1944, by S. Friedman Sons, of car WFE 63508, potatoes, now on the CB&Q Railroad, to Southern Illinois Wholesale Grocery Company at Herrin, Illinois. (Mo. Pac.-I. C.)

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 29th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,  
Director,  
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4686; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:14 a. m.]

[S. O. 164, 5th Amended General Permit 9]

#### REICING OF CITRUS FRUITS FROM ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA AND TEXAS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.323, 8 F.R. 15491) of Service Order No. 164 of November 10, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To reice once in transit to full bunker capacity at any point in the States of Arizona, Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, Missouri or Nebraska, or at East St. Louis, Illinois, Council Bluffs, Iowa, Memphis, Tennessee, or Jackson, Mississippi, refrigerator cars loaded with citrus fruits originating in Arizona, California and Texas. This reicing shall be in addition to the replenishing service at the first regular icing station, provided in Amended General Permit No. 8 Under Service Order No. 164.

The waybills shall show reference to this general permit.

This permit shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., April 1, 1944, and shall expire at 12:01 a. m., June 1, 1944.

A copy of this permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 30th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,  
Director,  
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4687; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:14 a. m.]

[S. O. 178, Special Permit 98]

#### LOADING OF LARD AT CHICAGO, ILL.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (e) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.329, 9 F.R. 542) of Service Order No. 178 of January 11, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 178 insofar as it applies to the loading of three refrigerator cars with lard and one refrigerator car with lard and dry salt meat by Hateley Brothers at Chicago, Illinois, and the movement under refrigeration of the four cars so loaded from that point not later than April 5, 1944, to Pensacola, Florida, for export to Cuba. (C. & E. I.-Frisco)

The waybills shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 29th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,  
Director,  
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4688; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:14 a. m.]

[S. O. 178, Special Permit 99]

#### LOADING OF SHORTENING AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (e) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.328, 9 F.R. 542) of Service Order No. 178 of January 11, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 178 insofar as it applies to the loading of one refrigerator car with shortening by The Humko Company at Memphis, Tennessee, and the movement of the one refrigerator car so loaded from that point March 30, 1944, to Cincinnati, Ohio. (I. C.)

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 29th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,  
Director,  
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4689; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:15 a. m.]

[S. O. 187, 2d Amended General Permit 2]  
**TRANSPORTATION OF POTATOES FROM DESIGNATED WESTERN STATES**

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.335, 9 F.R. 2949) of Service Order No. 187 of March 16, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 187 insofar as it applies to the acceptance for transportation and movement of any refrigerator car loaded with potatoes, other than sweet, of any grade, from origins in the States of California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, or Wyoming, consigned to dehydrating plants located at Bakersfield, Campbell, Healdsburg, Modesto, Salinas, San Jose, or Visalia, California; Burley, Caldwell, Emmett, Idaho Falls, Jerome, Ney Plymouth, or Payette, Idaho; Sioux City, Iowa; Mitchell or Scottsbluff, Nebraska; Dallas, Milton, Free-water, or Salem, Oregon; or Olympia, or Yakima, Washington; for dehydration purposes only, provided the bill of lading carries a certification by the shipper that the shipment is intended for dehydration purposes only.

The waybills shall show reference to this general permit.

A copy of this general permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 31st day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,  
*Director,*  
*Bureau of Service.*

[F. R. Doc. 44-4690; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:15 a. m.]

[S. O. 187, Special Permit 6]

**TRANSPORTATION OF SEED POTATOES FROM PRESQUE ISLE, MAINE**

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.335, 9 F.R. 2949) of Service Order No. 187 of March 16, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 187 insofar as it applies to the acceptance for transportation or movement of one refrigerator car loaded with a mixed shipment of certified seed potatoes and smaller size seed potatoes from the same stock grading U. S. 1 except for size, shipped by Ben Marks Company, Presque Isle, Maine, consigned to Frank Barney, Girard, Pennsylvania.

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice

of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 29th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,  
*Director,*  
*Bureau of Service.*

[F. R. Doc. 44-4691; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:15 a. m.]

[S. O. 187, Special Permit 7]

**TRANSPORTATION OF POTATOES FROM SOUTH MITCHELL, NEBR.**

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.335, 9 F.R. 2949) of Service Order No. 187 of March 16, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 187 insofar as it applies to the acceptance for transportation or movement of two refrigerator cars loaded with throw-out Triumph potatoes which grade below U. S. 2 by Ledingham and Simpson at South Mitchell, Nebraska, and the movement March 28 or 29, 1944, of car PFE 25937, so loaded, from South Mitchell to Pratt Grocery Company, Ardmore, Oklahoma, (U. P.-A. T. & S. F.) and car PFE 13782, so loaded from South Mitchell to Palmer Wholesale Grocery, Eufaula, Oklahoma. (U. P.-M. K. T.)

The waybills shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,  
*Director,*  
*Bureau of Service.*

[F. R. Doc. 44-4692; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
11:15 a. m.]

[S. O. 193]

**REROUTING OF FREIGHT TRAFFIC BETWEEN YORK AND REFORM, ALA.**

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1944.

It appearing that due to high water on the Tombigbee River the Alabama, Tennessee & Northern Railroad Corporation (John T. Cochrane, Jr., Trustee) is unable to transport freight traffic over its line between York and Reform, Alabama; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action to best promote the service

in the interest of the public and the commerce of the people. It is ordered, that:

(a) *High water on Tombigbee River; rerouting of freight traffic.* The Alabama, Tennessee & Northern Railroad Corporation (John T. Cochrane, Jr., Trustee) is hereby directed to forward freight traffic routed over its line between York and Reform, Alabama, by routes most available to expedite its movement and prevent congestion without regard to the routing thereof made by shippers and by carriers from which the traffic is received, or to the ownership of cars, and that all rules, regulations, and practices of said carriers with respect to car service are hereby suspended and superseded only as conflicting with the directions hereby made; provided that the billing covering all cars rerouted shall carry a reference to this order as authority for the rerouting.

(b) *Rates to be applied.* Inasmuch as the routing of traffic pursuant to this order is deemed to be due to carrier's disability, the rates applicable to traffic routed pursuant to this order shall be the same as would have applied had the shipments moved as originally routed.

(c) *Divisions of rates.* In executing the orders and directions of the Commission provided for in this order, common carriers affected shall proceed, even though no division agreements are in effect, over the routes authorized; divisions shall be, during the time this order remains in force, voluntarily agreed upon by and between said carriers; and upon failure of said carriers to so agree, the divisions shall be hereinafter fixed by the Commission in accordance with pertinent authority conferred upon it by the Interstate Commerce Act. If division agreements now exist on the traffic affected, over the routes herein authorized, they shall not be changed or affected by this order.

(40 Stat. 101, secs. 402, 418, 41 Stat. 476, 485, secs. 4, 10, 54 Stat. 901, 912; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)-(17), 15 (4))

*It is further ordered,* That this order shall become effective immediately; that copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the Alabama, Tennessee & Northern Railroad Corporation (John T. Cochrane, Jr., Trustee) and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,  
*Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 44-4768; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:46 a. m.]

[S. O. 194]

**UNLOADING OF COAL AT OAK POINT, N. Y., AND CLEARFIELD, PA.**

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at

its office in Washington, D. C., on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1944.

It appearing that four (4) cars containing coal billed to the Castle Coal Company, Oak Point, New York, on The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company (Howard S. Palmer, James Lee Loomis and Henry B. Sawyer, Trustees) and five (5) cars containing coal billed to Louis Gullotta, Clearfield, Pennsylvania, on The New York Central Railroad Company have been on hand for an unreasonable length of time and that the delay in unloading said cars is impeding their use; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action. It is ordered, that:

*Coal at Oak Point, New York, and Clearfield, Pennsylvania, to be unloaded.*  
(a) The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company (Howard S. Palmer, James Lee Loomis and Henry B. Sawyer, Trustees) and The New York Central Railroad Company, common carriers by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act, their agents or employees, shall unload forthwith four (4) cars containing coal billed to the Castle Coal Company, Oak Point, New York, on The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company (Howard S. Palmer, James Lee Loomis and Henry B. Sawyer, Trustees) and five (5) cars containing coal billed to Louis Gullotta, Clearfield, Pennsylvania, on The New York Central Railroad Company.

(b) Said carriers shall notify the Director of the Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., when such carloads of coal have been completely unloaded. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4, 54 Stat. 901; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)-(17))

*It is further ordered.* That this order shall become effective immediately, and that a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company (Howard S. Palmer, James Lee Loomis and Henry B. Sawyer, Trustees) and The New York Central Railroad Company and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4769; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
11:46 a. m.]

#### OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Vesting Order 3058]

I. B. ULRICH BUDAPEST

In re: A negotiable delivery receipt for 224,000 pounds of pig lead owned by I. B. Ulrich Budapest.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That I. B. Ulrich Budapest, sometimes referred to as I. B. Ulrich and J. B. Ulrich, is a business enterprise operated by Richard Minkus and Imre Minkus, with its principal place of business at VI Vilmos esasxarut 31, Budapest, Hungary, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Hungary);

2. That I. B. Ulrich Budapest, sometimes referred to as I. B. Ulrich and J. B. Ulrich, is the owner of the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof;

3. That the property described as follows: Certificate number 615 issued by American Smelting and Refining Company to Mineralia, Metal and Ore Corporation, or order dated June 4, 1940, entitling the holder to the delivery of 224,000 pounds of pig lead in bond on or after June 4, 1940, upon the surrender of this certificate, F. A. S. Galveston, Texas.

is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of a designated enemy country (Hungary);

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Hungary);

And having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by law, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account, or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall this order be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order, may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity, or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on February 4, 1944.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4668; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
10:38 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3266]

SIEMENS & HALSKE, A. G., ET AL.

In re: Patents and interests of Siemens & Halske Aktiengesellschaft and others in an agreement dated June 7, 1929 between Siemens & Halske Aktiengesellschaft, Associated Telephone and Telegraph Company, The International Automatic Telephone Company Limited and Siemens Brothers & Co. Limited.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That each of the business organizations identified in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof is organized under the laws of and has its principal place of business in the country set forth in the column headed "Nat" after its respective name, and is a national of such foreign country;

2. That Companhia Brasileira de Electricidade, Siemens-Schuckert, S. A.; Siemens-Schuckert Ltda., Cia de Electricidad; Siemens Companhia de Electricidade; Siemens Industria Electrica, S. A.; Elektriska Aktiebolaget Siemens-Svagstromsafdelningen; Siemens Elektrizitäts-Erzeugnisse A. G., Abteilung Siemens & Halske; and Albinwerk Zurich Aktiengesellschaft are controlled by or are acting for or on behalf of nationals of Germany and are nationals of a foreign country (Germany);

3. That the property described in subparagraph 7a hereof is property of Siemens & Halske Aktiengesellschaft;

4. That the property described in subparagraph 7b hereof is property of Telephon-Apparatus-Fabrik E. Zwietusch & Co. G. m. b. H;

5. That the property described in subparagraph 7c hereof is property of Albinwerk Zurich Aktiengesellschaft;

6. That the property described in subparagraph 7d hereof is property of the business organizations set forth in Exhibit A;

7. That the property described as follows:

(a) All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following United States Letters Patent:

Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title

Re. 17,703; 6-17-30; Adolf Waschnack; Telephone system.

1,865,188; 6-28-32; Ernst Horn; Telephone system.

(b) All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following United States Letters Patent:

Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title

2,093,988; 9-28-37; Fritz Appelius & Heinrich Langer; Measured service telephone system.

2,163,002; 6-20-39; Heinrich Langer; Telephone pay station.

2,221,665; 11-12-40; Karl Schiffmann & Emil Walter; Party line telephone system.

(c) All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following United States Letters Patent:

Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title

2,250,769; 7-29-41; Max Kieser; Signaling circuit.

(d) All interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in the business organizations identified in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof, and in each of them, by virtue of an agreement dated June 7, 1929 (including all modifications thereof and supplements thereto, if any) by and between Siemens & Halske Aktiengesellschaft, Associated Telephone and Telegraph Company, The International Automatic Telephone Company Limited and Siemens Brothers & Co. Limited, which agreement relates, among other things, to certain United States Letters Patent, including Patent No. 2,289,562.

is property of, or is property payable or held with respect to patents or rights related thereto in which interests are held by, and such property itself constitutes interests held therein by, nationals of foreign countries;

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

## EXHIBIT A

## Name of Company, Address and Nationality

Compania Platense de Electricidad, Siemens-Schuckert S. A., Seccion Siemens & Halske A. G., Buenos Aires, Argentina, Argentina.

Societe Anonyme Siemens, Departement Siemens & Halske, Brussels, Belgium, Belgium.

Automatic Electric Sales Company, S. A., Antwerp, Belgium, Belgium.

The New Antwerp Telephone and Electrical Works, Societe Anonyme, now known as Automatique Electrique, S. A., Antwerp, Belgium, Belgium.

Companhia Brasileira de Electricidade, Siemens-Schuckert, S. A., Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, Brazil.

Bulgarische Elektrizitäts A. G. Siemens, Sektion Siemens & Halske, Sofia, Bulgaria, Bulgaria.

Siemens-Schuckert Ltda., Cia de Electricidad, Santiago, Chile, Chile.

Siemens Elektrizitäts A. G., Schwachstromabteilung, Prague, Czechoslovakia, Czechoslovakia.

Elektrotechna A. G. fur Schwachstromtechnik, Prague, Karlin, Czechoslovakia, Czechoslovakia.

Technische Industrie A. G., Prague, Czechoslovakia, Czechoslovakia.

Siemens-Gesellschaft m. b. H., Schwachstromabteilung, Danzig, Danzig, Danzig.

Siemens Elektricitets Aktielskab, Svagstromsafdelingen, Copenhagen, Denmark, Denmark.

Eesti Handels-Aktiengesellschaft Siemens, Tallinn, Estonia, Estonia.

Siemens-France Societe Anonyme, Departement Siemens & Halske, Paris, France, France.

Cie. Generale de Telegraphie et de Telephonie, Paris, France, France.

Siemens & Halske Aktiengesellschaft, Berlin-Siemensstadt, Germany, Germany.

Telephon-Apparat-Fabrik E. Zwietusch & Co. G. m. b. H., Berlin, Germany, Germany.

Vereinigte Bayerische Telefonwerke A. G., München, Germany, Germany.

Siemens Apparate und Maschinen G. m. b. H., Berlin, Germany, Germany.

Fides-Gesellschaft für die Verwaltung und Verwertung von Gewerblichen Schutzrechten m. b. H., Berlin, Germany, Germany.

Neue Telefongesellschaft m. b. H., Berlin, Germany, Germany.

Nederlandsche Siemens Maatschappij N. V., Afdeeling Zwakstroom, 's-Gravenhage, The Netherlands, The Netherlands.

Ungarische Siemens-Schuckert Werke, Elektrizitäts A. G., Budapest, Hungary, Hungary.

Siemens Societa Anonima, Sezione Apparecchi, Milan, Italy, Italy.

Officine Lombarde Apparecchi di Precisione S. A., Milan, Italy, Italy.

Autelco Mediterranea S. A. T. A. P., Milan, Italy, Italy.

Siemens-Schuckert Denki Kabushiki Kaisha, Tokyo, Japan, Japan.

Fusi Denki Seizo Kabushiki Kaisha, Tokyo, Japan, Japan.

Fusi Tsushinki Seizo Kabushiki Kaisha, Kawasaki, Japan, Japan.

Jugoslavische Siemens A. G., Schwachstromabteilung, Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Yugoslavia.

Latvijas Akciju Sabiedriba Siemens, Riga, Latvia, Latvia.

Siemens Norsk Aktieselskap, Svakstromavdelingen, Oslo, Norway, Norway.

Automatic Sales & Installation Company, Warsaw, Poland, Poland.

Siemens Companhia de Electricidade, Lisbon, Portugal, Portugal.

Societatea Romana de Electricitate Siemens-Schuckert, S. A., Bucharest, Rumania, Rumania.

Siemens Industria Electrica, S. A., Madrid, Spain, Spain.

Elektriska Aktiebolaget Siemens-Svagstromsafdelningen, Stockholm, Sweden, Sweden.

Siemens Elektrizitäts-Erzeugnisse A. G., Abteilung Siemens & Halske, Zurich, Switzerland, Switzerland.

Albiswerk Zurich Aktiengesellschaft, Zurich-Albisrieden, Switzerland, Switzerland.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4671; Filed, April 3, 1944, 10:38 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3267]

HOLZWARTH GASTURBINEN G. M. B. H. ET AL.

In re: Interests of Holzwarth Gasturbinen G. m. b. H. and Holzwarth Gasturbinen Aktiengesellschaft in an agreement with Holzwarth Gas Turbine Co.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

1. That Holzwarth Gasturbinen G. m. b. H. is a company organized under the laws of Germany and is a national of a foreign country (Germany);

2. That Holzwarth Gasturbinen Aktiengesellschaft is a company organized under the laws of Switzerland and is owned and controlled by Holzwarth Gasturbinen G. m. b. H. and is a national of foreign countries (Germany and Switzerland);

3. That the property identified in subparagraph 4 hereof is property of Holzwarth Gasturbinen G. m. b. H. and/or Holzwarth Gasturbinen Aktiengesellschaft;

4. That the property described as follows:

All interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in Holzwarth Gasturbinen G. m. b. H. and Holzwarth Gasturbinen Aktiengesellschaft, and each of them, by virtue of an agreement dated April 5, 1929 (including all modifications thereof and supplements thereto, if any) by and between Holzwarth Gasturbinen G. m. b. H., Holzwarth Gasturbinen Aktiengesellschaft and Holzwarth Gas Turbine Co., which agreement relates, among other things, to Patent No. 2,207,762.

is property payable or held with respect to patents or rights related thereto in which interests are held by, and such property itself constitutes interests held therein by, nationals of foreign countries (Germany and Switzerland);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an

admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4672; Filed, April 3, 1944,  
10:39 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3268]

**NATIONALS OF GERMANY**

In re: Patents of Nationals of Germany.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

1. That each of the persons to whom reference is made in the column headed "Owner" in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof, if an individual, is a resident of, or, if a corporation, has its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a foreign country (Germany);

2. That the patents and other property related thereto identified in subparagraph 3 hereof are property of the persons whose names appear opposite the respective numbers thereof in said Exhibit A;

3. That the property described as follows:

All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the patents identified in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof,

is property of a national of a foreign country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an

admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The term "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in Section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

**EXHIBIT A**

**Patent Number, Date, Inventor, Owner and Title**

Re. 19,675; 8-20-35; Adolf Rambold; R. Seelig & Hille Maschinen G. m. b. H.; Conveying and flattening device for small bags filled with tea, etc.

1,825,812; 10-6-31; Wilhelm Neumann; Schering A. G.; Remedy and process of making same.

1,889,550; 11-29-32; Albert Hirth; Albert Koch, Executor of Albert Hirth; Magazine pencil.

1,919,861; 7-25-33; Olof Rodhe; H. Maihak A. G.; Method and apparatus for analyzing the gaseous content in liquids.

1,923,078; 8-22-33; Ralph C. Coxhead & C. W. Norton; Brunsvig Maschinenwerke Grimme Natalis & Co., A. G.; Adding machine ribbon mechanism.

2,087,236; 7-20-37; Ernest R. Anders; R. Seelig & Hille Maschinen G. m. b. H.; Individually wrapped bag package.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4673; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
10:39 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3269]

**SOCIETE NOBEL FRANCAISE**

In re: Patent and interest of Societe Nobel Francaise in an agreement with E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Societe Nobel Francaise is a corporation organized under the laws of France and is a national of a foreign country (France);

2. That the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof is property of Societe Nobel Francaise;

3. That the property described as follows:

Property identified in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof,

is property of, or is property payable or held with respect to patents or rights related thereto in which interests are held by, and such property itself constitutes interests held therein by, a national of a foreign country (France);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Prop-

erty Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

**EXHIBIT A**

(a) All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following patent:

**Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title**

2,035,939; 3-31-36; Maurice Belloc; Process for the preparation of artificial fibers.

(b) All interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in Societe Nobel Francaise by virtue of an agreement dated September 12, 1939 (including all modifications thereof and supplements thereto, if any) by and between Societe Nobel Francaise and E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, which agreement relates, among other things, to United States Letters Patent No. 2,035,939.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4674; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
10:40 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3270]

**LEO KLUITMANN**

In re: Patent of Leo Kluitmann.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

1. That Leo Kluitmann is a resident of Germany and is a national of a foreign country (Germany);

2. That the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof is property of Leo Kluitmann;

3. That the property described as follows:

All right, title, and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following patent:

## Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title

2,175,665; 10-10-39; Leo Kluitmann; Method and machine for continuously reprinting, is property of a national of a foreign country (Germany):

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4675; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
10:40 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3271]

## HEINRICH FRINGS AND KARL MEYNEN

In re: Interests of Heinrich Frings and Karl Meynen in an agreement with Standard Brands Incorporated.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Heinrich Frings and Karl Meynen are citizens and residents of Germany and are nationals of a foreign country (Germany);

2. That the property identified in subparagraph 3 hereof is property of Heinrich Frings and Karl Meynen;

3. That the property described as follows:

All interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in Heinrich Frings and Karl Meynen, and each of them, indi-

vidually and as members of the firm of Heinrich Frings, by virtue of an agreement dated December 12, 1933 (including all modifications thereof and supplements thereto, if any) by and between Heinrich Frings and Karl Meynen, individually and as members of the firm of Heinrich Frings, and Standard Brands Incorporated, relating, among other things, to United States Letters Patent No. 1,880,381,

is property payable or held with respect to patents or rights related thereto in which interests are held by, and such property itself constitutes interests held therein by, nationals of a foreign country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States: *Provided, however,* That the property herein vested shall not include any right, title or interest of Josef Lowy or Mrs. Olga Szamek in and to the aforesaid agreement, nor shall such vesting disturb in any way the rights of said Josef Lowy or Mrs. Olga Szamek or affect adversely in any way any right, title, interest or privilege which either of them may have.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4676; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
10:40 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3272]

## HEINRICH NEUHAUSS

In re: Interests of Heinrich Neuhauss in a patent and an agreement with Guilliam H. Clamer.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and

Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Heinrich Neuhauss is a citizen and resident of Germany and is a national of a foreign country (Germany);

2. That the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof is property of Heinrich Neuhauss;

3. That the property described as follows:

Property described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof,

is property of, or is property payable or held with respect to patents or rights related thereto in which interests are held by, and such property itself constitutes interests held therein by, a national of a foreign country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

## EXHIBIT A

(a) An undivided one-half (50%) interest, which stands of record in the United States Patent Office in the name of Heinrich Neuhauss, in and to the following patent:

Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title

1,876,732; 9-13-32; Heinrich Neuhauss; Metallurgical apparatus.

including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof to which the owner of such interest is entitled,

(b) All interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and

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all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in Heinrich Neuhauss by virtue of a verbal agreement (including all modifications thereof and supplements thereto, if any) by and between Heinrich Neuhauss and Guilliam H. Clamer, relating, among other things, to United States Letters Patent No. 1,876,732.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4677; Filed, April 3, 1944; 10:40 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3273]

SOCIETE ANONYME DES MANUFACTURES DES GLACES & PRODUITS CHIMIQUES DE SAINT-GOBAIN, CHAUNY & CIREY

In re: Patent of Societe Anonyme des Manufactures des Glaces & Produits Chimiques de Saint-Gobain, Chauny & Cirey.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

1. That Societe Anonyme des Manufactures des Glaces & Produits Chimiques de Saint-Gobain, Chauny & Cirey is a corporation organized under the laws of and having its principal place of business in France and is a national of a foreign country (France);

2. That the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof is property of Societe Anonyme des Manufactures des Glaces & Produits Chimiques de Saint-Gobain, Chauny & Cirey;

3. That the property described as follows:

All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following patent;

Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title

1,633,534; 6-21-27; Bernard Long; Glass and process of making the same.

is property of a national of a foreign country (France);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice

of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4678; Filed, April 3, 1944; 10:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3274]

SIEMENS-SCHUCKERTWERKE A. G.

In re: Patent and interest of Siemens-Schuckertwerke A. G. in an agreement with The Hoover Company.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

1. That Siemens-Schuckertwerke A. G. is a corporation organized under the laws of Germany and is a national of a foreign country (Germany);

2. That the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof is property of Siemens-Schuckertwerke A. G.;

3. That the property described as follows:

Property identified in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof,

is property of, or is property payable or held with respect to patents or rights related thereto in which interests are held by, and such property itself constitutes interests held therein by, a national of a foreign country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

(a) All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following patent:

Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title

Re. 20,921; 11-15-38; Paul Scholl and Carl Kuhnel; Absorption refrigerating apparatus.

(b) All interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in Siemens-Schuckertwerke A. G. by virtue of an agreement (including all modifications thereof and supplements thereto, if any) by and between Siemens-Schuckertwerke A. G. and The Hoover Company executed by Siemens-Schuckertwerke A. G., on December 22, 1934 and by The Hoover Company on August 2, 1933, which agreement relates, among other things, to United States Patents.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4679; Filed, April 3, 1944; 10:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3275]

MAGNESITAL G. M. B. H.

In re: Interest of Magnesital G. m. b. H. in an agreement with A. P. Green Fire Brick Company.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

1. That Magnesital G. m. b. H. is a corporation organized under the laws of Germany and is a national of a foreign country (Germany);

2. That the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof is property of Magnesital G. m. b. H.;

3. That the property described as follows:

All interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in Magnesital G. m. b. H. by virtue of an agreement executed by A. P. Green Fire Brick Company on June 16, 1939, and by Magnesital G. m. b. H. on November 1, 1939 (including all modifications of and supplements to such agreement, including, but not by way of limitation, an amendment thereto evidenced in part by a letter dated June 17, 1939, from Silika-und Schamotte-Fabriken Martin & Pagenstecher, A. G. to A. P. Green Fire Brick Company and a cable dated July 10, 1939, from A. P. Green Fire Brick Company to Silag, Kiln-Mulheim, Germany) by and between A. P. Green Fire Brick Company and Magnesital G. m. b. H., relating, among other things, to United States Letters Patent No. 2,079,066,

is property payable or held with respect to patents or rights related thereto in which interests are held by, and such property it-

self constitutes interests held therein by a national of a foreign country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 7, 1944.

[SEAL] **LEO T. CROWLEY,**  
*Alien Property Custodian.*

[F. R. Doc. 44-4680; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
10:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3302]

**MARCELLO PIACENTINI**

In re: Patent of Marcello Piacentini. Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

1. That Marcello Piacentini is a resident of Italy and is a national of a foreign country (Italy);

2. That the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof is property of Marcello Piacentini;

3. That the property described as follows:

All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following patent:

*Patent Number, Date of Issue, Inventor and Title*

2,221,606, 11-12-40; Marcello Piacentini; Signaling System for night landing of air craft.

Is property of a national of a foreign country (Italy);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 10, 1944.

[SEAL] **LEO T. CROWLEY,**  
*Alien Property Custodian.*

[F. R. Doc. 44-4681; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
10:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3319]

**FRIEDRICH FUCHS, WILLEM JOHANN BERNARD JANSEN**

In re: Interests of Friedrich Fuchs and Willem Johann Bernard Jansen in patents and in an agreement between Franz Georg Bloch, Karl Fuchs, Friedrich Fuchs and Weston Electrical Instrument Corporation.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Friedrich Fuchs and Willem Johann Bernard Jansen are residents of Czechoslovakia and The Netherlands, respectively, and are nationals of foreign countries (Czechoslovakia and The Netherlands);

2. That the property identified in subparagraphs 4a and 4b hereof is property of Friedrich Fuchs and Willem Johann Bernard Jansen;

3. That the property identified in subparagraph 4c hereof is property of Willem Johann Bernard Jansen;

4. That the property described as follows:

(a) An undivided 50% interest in and to the patents identified in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof, including all accrued royalties and all damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following patent:

infringement thereof to which the owner of such interest is entitled;

(b) All interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in Friedrich Fuchs by virtue of an agreement dated April 29, 1935 (including all modifications thereof or supplements thereto, including, but without limitation, supplements dated April 29, 1935, June 29, 1942 and March 29, 1943) by and between Franz Georg Bloch, Karl Fuchs, Friedrich Fuchs and Weston Electrical Instrument Corporation, relating, among others, to patent number 1,970,219;

(c) One-fourth of the interests and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in Franz Georg Bloch and Karl Fuchs, and each of them, by virtue of an agreement dated April 29, 1935 (including all modifications thereof or supplements thereto, including, but without limitation, supplements dated April 29, 1935, June 29, 1942 and March 29, 1943) by and between Franz Georg Bloch, Karl Fuchs, Friedrich Fuchs and Weston Electrical Instrument Corporation, relating, among others, to patent number 1,970,219;

is property of, or is property payable or held with respect to patents or rights related thereto in which interests are held by, and such property itself constitutes interests held therein by, nationals of foreign countries (Czechoslovakia and The Netherlands);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 14, 1944.

[SEAL] **LEO T. CROWLEY,**  
*Alien Property Custodian.*

## EXHIBIT A

Patents identified as follows:

## Patent Number, Date, Inventor and Title

1,970,219; 8-14-34; Franz Georg Bloch; device for indicating temperature.

2,006,434; 7-2-35; Franz Georg Bloch; Electric fire alarm.

2,112,555; 3-29-38; Franz Georg Bloch; Thermometer.

2,117,287; 5-17-38; Franz Georg Bloch; Measuring device.

2,133,888; 10-18-38; Franz Georg Bloch; Electric circuit arrangement for contact-pointer thermostats and like instruments.

2,177,799; 10-31-39; Franz Georg Bloch; Motion transmitting apparatus.

2,284,082; 5-26-42; Franz Georg Bloch; Bimetallic element.

2,316,391; 4-13-43; Franz Georg Bloch; Measuring device.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4682; Filed, April 3, 1944; 10:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3363]

TOSHIO NAKAMURA, ET AL.

In re: Guardianship of the Estate of Toshio Nakamura, Ruth Nakamura, John Nakamura and May Nakamura, minors; File D-66-1509; E. T. sec. 9604.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests described in sub-paragraph (a) are property which is in the process of administration by Ralph Keeley, Guardian, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Tulare;

(2) Such property and interests described in sub-paragraph (a) are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Japan, namely,

## Nationals and Last Known Address

May Nakamura, Japan.  
Ruth Nakamura, Japan.

(3) The property and interest described in subparagraph (b) are property within the United States owned by nationals of a designated enemy country, Japan, namely,

## Nationals and Last Known Address

May Nakamura, Japan.  
Ruth Nakamura, Japan.

And determining that—

(4) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Japan; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

(a) All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of May Nakamura and Ruth Nakamura, and each of them, in and to the Guardianship Estate of Toshio Nakamura, Ruth Nakamura, John Nakamura and May Nakamura, minors, in the possession of Ralph Keeley, Guardian.

(b) All that undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  interest in the real property, together with all fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such property, subject to recorded liens and encumbrances and other rights of record, situated in Tulare County, State of California, and particularly described as follows:

"The west half of Lot Fifteen of Fairview Colony, in the County of Tulare, State of California, as per map recorded in Book 7, page 41 of Maps in the office of the County Recorder."

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: March 24, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,  
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4669; Filed, April 3, 1944; 10:38 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3368]

SUSANNE LUDWIG

In re: Estate of Susanne Ludwig, deceased; File D-28-3585; E. T. sec. 5833.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests herein described are property which is in the process of administration by The German Society of the City of New York, as executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

## Nationals and Last Known Address

Adolf Ludwig, Germany.  
Johann Ludwig, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Adolf Ludwig and Johann Ludwig, and each of them, in and to the estate of Susanne Ludwig, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: March 29, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,  
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4670; Filed, April 3, 1944; 10:38 a. m.]

## OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION.

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 213]

## COMMON CARRIERS

## COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN POINTS IN WYOMING

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357),

a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,<sup>1</sup> and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered, That:*

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the pro-

visions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

7. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the Supplementary Order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Division of Motor Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington, D. C.

This order shall become effective April 7, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of April 1944.

C. D. YOUNG,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

1. George Fedor, doing business as Star Transportation Company, Salt Lake City, Utah.

2. F. L. Francis and J. A. Macy, doing business as Francis & Macy, Jackson, Wyoming.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4695; Filed, April 3, 1944; 11:20 a. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 214]

COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN POINTS  
IN NEW JERSEY

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,<sup>1</sup> and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered, That:*

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies hav-

ing jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

7. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the Supplementary Order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Division of Motor Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington, D. C.

This order shall become effective April 7, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the

<sup>1</sup> Filed as part of the original document.

Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of April 1944.

C. D. YOUNG,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

1. Charles Burnett Trucking Co., Newark, N. J.

2. August PraSisto, Florian PraSisto, Albert Marchini and Walter Marchini, doing business as Moon Carrier, Clifton, N. J.

3. Joseph Shallcross, Sr., doing business as Shallcross Express, Newark, N. J.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4694; Filed, April 3, 1944; 11:19 a.m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 215]

COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN POINTS IN RHODE ISLAND AND MASSACHUSETTS

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,<sup>1</sup> and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of serv-

ice by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

7. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the Supplementary Order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Division of Motor Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington, D. C.

This order shall become effective April 7, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of April 1944.

C. D. YOUNG,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

1. Henry F. Lyons, doing business as Cape Cod Overland Express, Brockton, Mass.

2. Kirby's Express, Inc., New Bedford, Mass.

3. James Walter Enos, doing business as Peter's Express, Provincetown, Mass.

4. Fish Transport Co., Inc., New Bedford, Mass.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4693; Filed, April 3, 1944; 11:19 a.m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 6A-25]

COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS WITHIN AN AREA COMPRISING OF THE CITY OF ROCHESTER, N. Y., AND ITS METROPOLITAN AREA

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 6A (8 F.R. 8757, 14582; 9 F.R. 2794), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,<sup>1</sup> and

It appearing that the proposed coordination is necessary in order to conserve and providently utilize vital transportation equipment, materials and supplies; and to provide for the continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or schedules, or supplements to filed tariffs or schedules, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or schedules, or supplements, to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier

<sup>1</sup> Filed as part of the original document.

forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

7. Communications concerning this order should refer to "Supplementary Order ODT 6A-25" and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Division of Motor Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington, D. C.

This order shall become effective April 7, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of April 1944.

C. D. YOUNG,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

1. Sam Gottry Carting Co. (a corporation), Rochester, N. Y.

2. Rochester Carting Co. (a corporation), Rochester, N. Y.

3. Blanchard Storage Company, Inc., Rochester, N. Y.

4. E. T. Clark Carting Co. (a corporation), Rochester, N. Y.

5. Wm. B. Duffy (an individual), doing business as Wm. B. Duffy Carting Co., Rochester, N. Y.

6. Lewis Ness Carting Co., Inc., Rochester, N. Y.

7. J. P. Rush (an individual), doing business as J. P. Rush Carting Co., Rochester, N. Y.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4696; Filed, April 3, 1944; 11:21 a. m.]

[Supp. A. O. ODT 1-6A]

DESIGNATED MEMBERS OF STAFF OF DIVISION OF RAILWAY TRANSPORT

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

Pursuant to § 503.4, paragraph (a), subparagraph (5) of Administrative Order ODT 1, as amended (8 F.R. 6001 and this issue), Supplementary Administrative Order ODT 1-6 is superseded, and it is hereby authorized that:

1. The Western Director, Eastern Director, and Southern Director of the Division of Railway Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, within their respective regions, and the Deputy Western Director, Pacific Coast District, Western Region, within said Pacific Coast Dis-

trict, may issue, subject to the conditions named herein, the directions contemplated by § 502.25 of General Order ODT 12A (9 F.R. 222), or as such order may be hereafter amended, revised, or re-issued:

(a) No direction shall be issued directing the removal of any freight from a storage facility which is operated by, or is under the exclusive control of, an agency or department of the United States unless such freight is loaded in or on a railway car.

(b) When freight consigned to or shipped for account of the War Department, Navy Department, or War Shipping Administration is being held at a port area in or on a railway car and such car is needed for other service, or when freight is being held in storage for account of the War Department, Navy Department, or War Shipping Administration, in a storage facility which is not operated by or under the exclusive control of, an agency or department of the United States, and such storage space is needed for other purposes, the appropriate field representative of the War Department, Navy Department, or War Shipping Administration, as the case may be, shall be consulted before the unloading of such car is directed, or before such freight is ordered removed from such storage facility. In the event objection is made by such representative to the unloading of such car, or to the removal of such freight from such storage facility, the matter shall be referred to the Director, Division of Railway Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, for determination.

2. The exercise of the powers and authority conferred by this order shall be subject to the general control and supervision of the Director of the Office of Defense Transportation and the Director, Division of Railway Transport, Office of Defense Transportation.

This Supplementary Administrative Order ODT 1-6A shall become effective April 5, 1944.

Supplementary Administrative Order ODT 1-6 (9 F.R. 231), is hereby revoked as of the effective date of this Supplementary Administrative Order ODT 1-6A.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of April 1944.

J. H. AYDELOTT,  
Acting Director,  
Division of Railway Transport,  
Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4758; Filed, April 4, 1944; 10:35 a. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 20A-93]

CERTAIN TAXICAB OPERATORS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN BEND, OREG., AREA

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof (hereinafter called "operators") pursuant to General Order ODT 20A (8 F.R. 9231), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Filed as part of the original document.

and it appearing that the operators propose, by the plan, to coordinate their taxicab operations within the area of Bend, Oregon, so as to assure maximum utilization of their facilities, services and equipment, and to conserve and prudently utilize vital equipment, materials and supplies, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered, That:*

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved, and the operators are directed to place the plan into operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the operators shall forthwith file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order.

3. The provisions of this order shall not be construed or applied as to permit any operator named herein to alter his legal liability to any passenger. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing operating authority of any operator named herein, such operator forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the operators possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

4. All records of the operators pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination with inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

5. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the operators to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

6. Any operator duly authorized or permitted to operate taxicabs within the area herein described, and having suitable equipment and facilities therefor, may make application in writing to the Division of Motor Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, Portland, Oregon, for authorization to participate in the plan. A copy of each such application shall be served upon each of the operators named in this order. Upon receiving authorization to participate in the plan, each such operator shall become subject to this order and shall thereupon be entitled and required to participate in the plan in accordance with all of the provisions and conditions of this order, in the same manner and degree as the operators named herein.

7. Communications concerning this order should refer to "Supplementary

Order ODT 20A-93" and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Division of Motor Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, Portland, Oregon.

8. This order shall become effective April 11, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of April 1944.

C. D. YOUNG,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Defense Transportation.

BLAKELEY COAL COMPANY, J. E. MORRIS, 306 27TH ST., CHARLESTON, W. VA., BLAKELEY NO. 1 MINE, NO. 5 BLOCK SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 7034, SUB DISTRICT 4, KANAWHA COUNTY, W. VA., DRIFT MINE

APPENDIX 1

R. L. Hirlette, Bend, Oreg.  
G. W. Fassete, Bend, Oreg.  
Albert E. Saye, Bend, Oreg.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4756; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
10:35 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[MPR 120, Order 666]

BLAKELEY COAL CO., ET AL.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 666 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120. Bituminous coal

delivered from mine or preparation plant. Order establishing maximum prices and price classification.

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, and in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, *It is ordered:*

Producers identified herein operate named mines assigned the mine index numbers, the price classifications and the maximum prices, for the indicated uses and shipments as set forth herein. All are in District No. 8. The location of each mine is given by county and state. Each producer is subject to all provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120.

|                            | Size group Nos. |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                            | 1               | 2      | 3      | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8      | 9      | 10     | 15-17  | 18     | 19     | 20-21  |
| Price classification       | Q               | Q      | Q      | Q      | P      | P      | O      | M      | K      | M      | F      | M      | M      | M      |
| Rail shipments             | \$3.30          | \$3.25 | \$3.20 | \$3.20 | \$3.05 | \$3.00 | \$2.95 | \$2.95 | \$2.90 | \$3.40 | \$2.95 | \$2.65 | \$2.60 | \$2.55 |
| Railroad fuel for all uses | 3.30            | 3.25   | 3.20   | 3.20   | 3.10   | 3.10   | 3.10   | 3.10   | 3.10   | 3.40   | 2.95   | 2.65   | 2.60   | 2.55   |
| Truck shipments            | 3.50            | 3.30   | 3.15   | 3.00   | 2.85   | 2.80   | 2.25   | 2.20   |        |        |        |        |        |        |

RAMEY COAL COMPANY, J. R. RAMEY, WILLIAMSBURG, KY., RAMEY MINE, BLUE GEM SEAM, MINE INDEX 7015, SUBDISTRICT 6, WHITLEY COUNTY, KY.

|   | Size group Nos. |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|---|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|   | 1               | 2      | 3      | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8      | 9      | 10     | 15-17  | 18     | 19     | 20-21  |
| Price classification                            | A               | A      | A      | A      | A      | A      | A      | A      | A      | C      | A      | K      | K      | K      |
| Rail shipments including railroad fuel all uses | \$4.50          | \$4.50 | \$4.50 | \$4.30 | \$4.10 | \$3.85 | \$3.65 | \$3.50 | \$3.40 | \$3.85 | \$3.20 | \$3.00 | \$2.95 | \$2.95 |
| Truck shipments                                 | 4.40            | 4.20   | 3.40   | 3.65   | 3.30   | 3.05   | 2.25   | 2.20   |        |        |        |        |        |        |

S. AND S. COAL COMPANY, P. O. BOX 103 MIDDLESBORO, KY., S. AND S. COAL CO. MINE, HIGNITE SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 7011, SUB DISTRICT 6, BELL COUNTY, KY., DRIFT MINE

|                 | Size group Nos. |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                 | 1               | 2      | 3      | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8      |
| Truck shipments | \$3.90          | \$3.70 | \$3.25 | \$3.45 | \$3.20 | \$2.90 | \$2.35 | \$2.30 |

ALLEN AND CODELL COMPANY, WINCHESTER, KY., WILLIAMS COAL MINE, MINE INDEX 7012, SUB DISTRICT 6, PULASKI COUNTY, KY., STRIP MINE

|                 | Size group Nos. |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                 | 1               | 2      | 3      | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8      |
| Truck shipments | \$3.70          | \$3.50 | \$3.25 | \$3.25 | \$3.10 | \$2.90 | \$2.35 | \$2.30 |

This order shall become effective April 1, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9326, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 31st day of March 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4638; Filed, April 1, 1944;  
11:49 a. m.]

Regional and District Office Orders.

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the

Division of the Federal Register on March 31, 1944.

REGION I

Providence Order No. 6, filed 4:36 p. m.

REGION IV

Jacksonville Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 11, filed 4:37 p. m.

Nashville Order No. 9-F, Amendment No. 2, filed 4:35 p. m.

REGION V

Dallas Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 8, filed 4:33 p. m.

Dallas Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 9, filed 4:35 p. m.

Fort Worth Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 10, filed 4:33 p. m.

Fort Worth Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 10, filed 4:34 p. m.

Boise Order No. 1-W, Amendment No. 1, filed 4:45 p. m.

Fort Worth Order No. 3-F, Amendment No. 10, filed 4:34 p. m.

Fort Worth Order No. 4-F, Amendment No. 10, filed 4:34 p. m.

Fort Worth Order No. 5-F, Amendment No. 10, filed 4:33 p. m.

REGION VI

Chicago Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 7, filed 4:35 p. m.

La Crosse Order No. 8, Amendment No. 5, filed 4:37 p. m.

REGION VII

Boise Order No. 1-W, Amendment No. 1, filed 4:45 p. m.

Boise Order No. 5-W, filed 4:37 p. m.

Boise Order No. 11, Amendment No. 2, filed 4:40 p. m.

Boise Order No. 12, Amendment No. 2, filed 4:40 p. m.  
 Boise Order No. 13, Amendment No. 2, filed 4:43 p. m.  
 Boise Order No. 14, Amendment No. 2, filed 4:43 p. m.  
 Boise Order No. 15, Amendment No. 2, filed 4:41 p. m.  
 Boise Order No. 16, Amendment No. 2, filed 4:38 p. m.  
 Utah Order No. 1-W, filed 4:38 p. m.

## REGION VIII

Fresno Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 10, filed 4:45 p. m.  
 San Francisco Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 7, filed 4:45 p. m.

Copies of these orders may be obtained from the issuing offices.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,  
 Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4710; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
 11:36 a. m.]

[Region II Order G-19 Under 18 (c)]

## RAW MILK IN CERTAIN PENNSYLVANIA COUNTIES

Order No. G-19 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Raw milk hauled by contract carriers for farmers and other producers in Armstrong, Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Clarion, Crawford, Erie, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer, Somerset, Venango, Washington and Westmoreland Counties, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, *It is ordered:*

(a) On and after April 1, 1944, the maximum prices for contract carriers hauling raw milk from farmers or other producers to milk depots, dairies, cooling stations, manufacturing plants or any other receiving point in Armstrong, Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Clarion, Crawford, Erie, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer, Somerset, Venango, Washington and Westmoreland Counties, located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania may be increased by an amount not exceeding 5¢ per cwt over their present established maximum prices.

(b) The adjusted maximum prices are subject to carriers' customary allowances, discounts and other price differentials, and the carriers making deliveries hereunder shall not change those allowances, discounts and other price differentials unless said change results in a lower price.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Regional Administrator or the Price Administrator through the issuance at any time hereafter of any order, price regulation, or amendment, or supplement thereto.

This Order No. G-19 shall become effective April 1, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 31st day of March 1944.

DANIEL P. WOOLLEY,  
 Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4709; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
 11:39 a. m.]

## LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on April 1, 1944.

## REGION I

Connecticut Order No. 2-F, filed 10:47 a. m.  
 Connecticut Order No. 3-F, filed 10:47 a. m.

## REGION II

Harrisburg Order No. P-1, Amendment No. 1, filed 10:47 a. m.

## REGION IV

Memphis Order No. 4-F, Amendment No. 27, filed 10:42 a. m.

Roanoke Order No. 11, filed 10:42 a. m.

## REGION V

Kansas City Order No. 15, filed 10:48 a. m.  
 Kansas City Order No. 16, filed 10:48 a. m.

New Orleans Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 10, filed 10:42 a. m.

## REGION VI

Fargo-Moorhead Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 2, filed 10:39 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 2, filed 10:39 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Order No. 3-F, Amendment No. 2, filed 10:40 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Order No. 15 (Rev.), Amendment No. 1, filed 10:44 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order No. 16, Amendment No. 1, filed 10:38 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order 17, Amendment No. 1, filed 10:44 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order 18, Amendment No. 1, filed 10:44 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order 19, Amendment No. 1, filed 10:38 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order 20, Amendment No. 1, filed 10:39 a. m.

Moline Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 7, filed 10:44 a. m.

Sioux City Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 8, filed 10:43 a. m.

Twin Cities Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 7, filed 10:43 a. m.

## REGION VII

Boise Order No. 1-W, filed 10:52 a. m.

Boise Order No. 2-W, filed 10:53 a. m.

Boise Order No. 3-W, filed 10:52 a. m.

Boise Order No. 4-W, filed 10:50 a. m.

Boise Order No. 17, filed 10:50 a. m.

Montana Order No. 37, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:40 a. m.

Montana Order No. 13 (Rev.), Amendment No. 3, filed 10:44 a. m.

Montana Rev. Order 15, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:41 a. m.

Montana Order No. 22, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:37 a. m.

Montana Rev. Order 14, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:37 a. m.

Montana Rev. Order 16, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:41 a. m.

Montana Rev. Order 17, Amendment No. 2, filed 10:38 a. m.

Montana Rev. Order 18, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:46 a. m.

Montana Rev. Order 20, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:40 a. m.

Montana Rev. Order 21, Amendment No. 4, filed 10:46 a. m.

Montana Order No. 27, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:46 a. m.

Montana Order No. 28, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:46 a. m.

Montana Order No. 32, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:37 a. m.

Montana Order No. 36, Amendment No. 3, filed 10:38 a. m.

## REGION VIII

San Francisco Order No. 2-F, filed 10:40 a. m.

Copies of these orders may be obtained from the issuing offices.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,  
 Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4745; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
 3:39 p. m.]

## WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION.

## DIRECTOR OF LABOR

## DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO APPROVAL OF CLAIMS OF WORKERS RECRUITED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

The Director of Labor is hereby authorized to exercise the authority vested in the War Food Administrator by section 3 (a) 4, Title 1, Public Law 229, 78th Congress, with respect to the determination and payment of claims of workers recruited in foreign countries. The Director of Labor is further authorized to redelegate the authority hereby conferred upon him to such persons as he may, in his discretion, deem necessary.

Issued this 4th day of April 1944.

WILSON COWEN,  
 Assistant War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4761; Filed, April 4, 1944;  
 11:21 a. m.]

## WAR PRODUCTION BOARD.

## GRANITE FURNITURE COMPANY

## CONSENT ORDER

Granite Furniture Company is a corporation engaged in the retail distribution of consumers' goods with its place of business located at 1015 East 21st South, Salt Lake City, Utah.

The company is charged by the War Production Board with violating Limitation Order L-219 in that during the second, third, and fourth quarters of 1943 it purchased and received delivery of consumers' goods for sale at retail in excess of its allowable receipts as provided for in paragraph (d) of that order. In the second quarter of 1943 the excess receipts by the company of consumers' goods amount to \$34,000.47, which was 155% in excess of the limitation of the company's allowable receipts. During the third quarter of 1943, the company's excess receipts amounted to \$18,147.45, which was 62% in excess of its allowable

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receipts. In October, 1943, the excess receipts of the company amounted to \$11,158.13, which was 288% in excess of its allowable receipts. In November, 1943, the excess receipts of the company amounted to \$11,510.41 which was 297% in excess of its allowable receipts.

The company admits the excessive receipts as charged and consents to the issuance of the following order:

Wherefore, upon the agreement and consent of Granite Furniture Company, the Regional Compliance Chief and the Regional Attorney and upon the approval of the Compliance Commissioner, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

(a) Granite Furniture Company, its successors or assigns, during the second quarterly period of 1944 (April 1 to July 1) shall compute its allowable receipts of consumers' goods in accordance with paragraph (d) (1) of Consumers' Goods Inventory Limitation Order L-219 as a controlled merchant whose mercantile inventory is greater than its inventory limit at the beginning of any quarterly period under and shall conform to paragraph (d) (1), (d) (2) and (e) of Consumers' Goods Inventory Limitation Order L-219; it shall not during the second quarter of 1944 receive consumers' goods in excess of 75% of the amount thus computed under paragraph (d) (1) of Consumers' Goods Inventory Limitation Order L-219 unless hereafter specifically authorized by the War Production Board.

(b) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Granite Furniture Company, its successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(c) This order shall take effect on April 1, 1944, and shall expire on July 1, 1944.

Issued this 27th day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4656; Filed, April 1, 1944;  
4:53 p. m.]

STEPHEN KUBIK  
CONSENT ORDER

Stephen Kubik, residing at 540 Girard Avenue, York, Pennsylvania, on or about December 18, 1943, began construction of a residence at 648 South Wheatfield Street, York, Pennsylvania, the estimated cost of which was in excess of the \$200 limit permitted by Conservation

Order L-41. Stephen Kubik admits this violation but denies that it was wilful, and does not care to contest the issue of wilfulness, and has consented to the issuance of this order.

Wherefore, upon the agreement and consent of Stephen Kubik, the Regional Compliance Chief and the Regional Attorney, and upon the approval of the Compliance Commissioner, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

(a) Stephen Kubik, his agents or contractors, shall not engage in further construction on the premises at 648 South Wheatfield Street, York, Pennsylvania, unless and until authorized by the War Production Board.

(b) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Stephen Kubik, his agents or contractors, from any restriction, prohibition, or provisions contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(c) This order shall take effect on the 3d day of April 1944.

Issued this 27th day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4754; Filed, April 3, 1944;  
4:45 p. m.]